

Mastering New Testament Greek Workbook

Ted Hildebrandt

Baker Academic

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Verses from the New Testament selected for reading and translation are from *The Greek New Testament*, edited by Kurt Aland, Matthew Black, Carlo M. Martini, Bruce M. Metzger, and Allen Wikgren, 4th revised edition, © 1966, 1968, 1975 by United Bible Societies, 1983, 1994 by the Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft, Stuttgart. Used by permission.

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Note to Instructors

This workbook has been designed to accompany the *Mastering New Testament Greek* interactive program, the printable textbook, and the vocabulary builder frequency list. One of my motivations for creating it was to keep the cost of first-year Greek materials to a minimum by leveraging the electronic medium. The program provides an interactive learning environment, the textbook provides hardcopy that coordinates with the interactive program, and this workbook gives specific assignments to reinforce what students are learning. The vocabulary builder frequency list contains all the words down to nine times, ready for vocabulary builder exercises.

There are about seven pages of exercises for each lesson. In general, each workbook lesson begins with a parsing or declension section, followed by two translation sections (one of short portions, the other of longer ones) with usually fifteen exercises in each. The translation portions are taken directly from the Greek New Testament. Each lesson also usually includes a vocabulary review and a word puzzle to reinforce the new vocabulary for that lesson. There is also a “Think Greek” section, with five phrases enabling students to practice writing Greek for themselves. Instructors may wish to assign selected translations for homework and then use the others for paired classroom exercises.

The translation exercises often draw from the writings of John. This makes for a natural transition into the interactive Easy Readers John 1–5 and 1 John that are included on the CD-ROM.

My thanks to Laura Bullock who helped in the preparation of this workbook. An answer key is available for those schools that have adopted this as their main text for first year Greek.

In Christ's Χαρις,
Ted Hildebrandt

Name _____

Chapter 1: The Alphabet

1. Write out each letter five times + a capital letter at the end (26 pts)— write out the sound that each letter makes (e.g., “v as in vet”):

a

a as in father

b

b as in Bible

d

d as in dog

e

e as in met

z

z as in daze

n

e as in obey

o

th as in think

i

i as in sit

k

k as in kitchen

l

l as in law

m

m as in mother

v

n as in new

ξ

x as in axe

ο

o as in not

π

p as in peach

ρ

r as in rod

σ

s as in set

τ

t as in talk

υ

u as in universe

φ

ph as in phone

χ

ch as in chemical

ψ

ps as in lips

ω

o as in tone

2. Write out the alphabet in order 3 times, saying the name of each letter
(9 pts)

1.

3. Give the name in English for each of the following (e.g., α = “alpha”) (10 pts)

ζ _____

η _____

θ _____

ξ _____

ρ _____

σ _____

φ _____

χ _____

Ψ _____

ω _____

4. Identify which vowels are always short (put a square around them) and which are always long (put a circle around them). The others can be either short or long. (7 pts)

α ε η ι \circ υ ω

5. Diphthongs: What are diphthongs? (16 pts)

What sound does each of the following make? (a = “a” as in father)

$\alpha\iota$ $\varepsilon\iota$

$\sigma\iota$ $\alpha\upsilon$

$\sigma\upsilon$ $\upsilon\iota$

$\varepsilon\upsilon$ $\eta\upsilon$

6. Write out the three iota subscripted letters: (6 pts)

How does the iota subscript change the pronunciation?

7. Transcribe the following Uncial text into lower case letters:

HN TO ΦΩΣ ΤΟ ΑΛΗΘΙΝΟΝ Ο ΦΩΤΙΖΕΙ ΠΑΝΤΑ^A
ΑΝΘΡΩΠΟΝ, ΕΡΧΟΜΕΝΟΝ ΕΙΣ ΤΟΝ ΚΟΣΜΟΝ (Jn. 1:9)

8. Write out and pronounce these 10 vocabulary words: (What does each mean?) (20 pts [+ 6 pts free extra credit to make 100])

1. _____ angel, messenger

2. _____ truly, verily

3. _____ man, human

4. _____ I

5. _____ God

6. _____ and, also, even

7. _____ heart

8. _____ I say
9. _____ prophet
10. _____ Christ, Messiah

9. Just for fun match up the following: Do you recognize the following Greek words that have English derivatives. See how many Greek words you already know! 23 freebies:

_____	1. ἀγωνία	(agony)	A. therapy
_____	2. ἀμήν	(amen)	B. philosophy
_____	3. ἀπολογία	(apology)	C. agony
_____	4. ἀπόστολος	(apostle)	D. Sabbath
_____	5. δαίμων	(demon)	E. icon
_____	6. διάκονος	(deacon)	F. martyr
_____	7. εἰκών	(icon)	G. amen
_____	8. ἐπιστολῇ	(epistle)	H. hosanna
_____	9. θεραπεία	(therapy)	I. schism
_____	10. θρόνος	(throne)	J. apostle
_____	11. κόσμος	(cosmos, world)	K. rabbi
_____	12. λεπρός	(leper)	L. deacon
_____	13. μάρτυς	(martyr)	M hubris, pride
_____	14. παραβολῇ	(parable)	N. demon
_____	15. πρεσβύτης	(presbyter, elder)	O. hypocrite
_____	16. ῥαββί	(rabbi)	P. fantasy—Disney
_____	17. σάββατον	(Sabbath)	Q. epistle
_____	18. σχίσμα	(schism)	R. presbyter, elder
_____	19. ὕβρις	(hubris, pride)	S. throne
_____	20. ὑποκριτής	(hypocrite)	T. parable
_____	21. φαντασία	(fantasy—Disney)	U. apology
_____	22. φιλοσοφία	(philosophy)	V. leper
_____	23. ώσαννά	(hosanna)	W. cosmos, world

Name _____

Chapter 2: Accents, Syllables, and English Grammar

1. Greek Wisdom: Sound out and “translate” the following proverbs (20)

1. μηκ νοτ ἵορ σηλ τοῦ βιγ φορ θε βαλλαστ
2. α γοοδ ἀρτ κονκερς ιλλ φορτυν
3. α μαν μει λουζ μορ ιν αν ουρ θαν ι καν γετ ιν ειτ
4. αλλ γοοδ θινγζ μυστ κομ του αν ενδ
5. αλλ φινγζ ρεκυιρ σκιλλ βυτ αν αππετιτ
6. θε σεκονδ μανς γετς θε χιζ
7. α κομμον σειγν σελδομ λιζ
8. θε πεν ιζ μιτιερ θαν θε σορδ
9. λερνινγ ιζ θε αι οφ θε μινδ
10. τρυ πρειζ ρουτς ανδ σπρεδς

2. Indicate where you would divide the syllables using a “/”; identify the rule (1–4) below the line; identify the accents and breathings (s = smooth, r = rough) above the line (a = acute, g = grave, c = circumflex). Circle 4 words you recognize. (20) 1= 1/3

Kρα / τοῦν / τος δὲ αὐ / τοῦ τὸν Πέ / τρον καὶ etc.
 1 4 1 1 1

Mat. 6:1 Προ ἐ χε τε [δὲ] τὴν δι και ο σύ νην

ν μῶν μὴ ποι εῖν ἔ προσ θεν τὸν

ἀν θρώ πων πρὸς τὸ θε α θῆ ναι

αὐ τοῖς εἰ δὲ μὴ γε, μι σθὸν

οὐκ ἔ χε τε πα βὰ τῷ πα τρὶ

ν μῶν τῷ ἐν τοῖς οὐ βα νοῖς.

Mat. 6:2 Ὁ ταν οῦ ποι ἦ ἐ λε η μο σύ νην,

μὴ σαλ πί σῃς ἔμ προσ θέν σου, ὕσ περ

οἱ ν πο κρι ταὶ ποι οῦ σιν ἐν ταῖς

συν α γω γαῖς καὶ ἐν ταῖς ρύ μαις,

Ὥ πως δο ξα σθῶ σιν ύ πὸ τῶν

ἀν θρώ πων· ἀ μὴν λέ γω ύ μῆν,

ἀπ ἔ χον σιν τὸν μι σθὸν αὐ τῶν.

3. Name the syllable with the accent (antepenult, penult, ultima) (20).

_____ 1. ἔχω (I have)

_____ 2. ἄγγελος (angel)

_____ 3. καρδία (heart)

_____ 4. ἄνθρωπος (man, human)

_____ 5. θεός (God)

_____ 6. λέγω (I say)

_____ 7. ἀδελφός (brother)

_____ 8. ἐγώ (I)

_____ 9. κύριος (Lord, sir)

_____ 10. Χριστός (Christ)

4. Identify the parts of speech for each of the following words: (10)
[V=Verb, N=Noun, A=Adjective, P=Pronoun, and
Prep=Preposition]

Greek is great fun. This good book I purchased at Amazon.

5. Identify the case or role of book/tree in the sentence (Nominative,
accusative, genitive, dative, vocative) (20)

_____ 1. The book was put in the drawer.

_____ 2. He put the book in the drawer.

_____ 3. The page of the book was torn.

_____ 4. He went to the book for answers.

_____ 5. O Book! Why are you so expensive?

_____ 6. He climbed the tree.

_____ 7. He looked to the tree for shade.

_____ 8. The branch of the tree was breaking.

_____ 9. O tree, why is a heart carved in you.

_____ 10. The tree swayed in the breeze.

6. Current Vocabulary Crossword Puzzle (10)

A handwriting practice sheet featuring ten rows of horizontal lines. Each row contains a number from 1 to 10, followed by a short vertical line, and then three sets of horizontal lines for tracing. The rows are arranged vertically, with each row's starting point aligned with the previous row's ending point.

1 _____
2 _____
3 _____
4 _____
5 _____
6 _____
7 _____
8 _____
9 _____
10 _____

Across

1. Pharisee
 8. I have
 9. word
 10. brother

Down

- 2. I hear
 - 3. Lord, sir
 - 4. world
 - 5. glory
 - 6. son
 - 7. Peter

Chapter 3: PAI Parsing Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

**PAI = Present Active Indicative
[Tense, Voice, Mood]**

Parse using this format:

λύω 1st Sg PAI (Present Active Indicative)
from λύω meaning "I loose"

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| 1. ἀκούομεν | 1 st Pl. PAI from ἀκούω
meaning "we hear" |
| 2. λαμβάνουσι | 3 rd Pl. PAI from λαμβάνω
meaning "they take" |
| 3. ἔχεις | 2 nd Sg. PAI from ἔχω
meaning "you have" |
| 4. βλέπετε | 2 nd Pl. PAI from βλέπω
meaning "you see" |
| 5. πιστεύει | 3 rd Sg. PAI from πιστεύω
meaning "s/he/it believes" |
| 6. λέγω | 1 st Sg. PAI from λέγω
meaning "I say" |
| 7. ἔχετε | 2 nd Pl. PAI from ἔχω
meaning "you have" |
| 8. ἀκούει | 3 rd Sg. PAI from ἀκούω
meaning "s/he/it hears" |
| 9. πιστεύετε | 2 nd Pl. PAI from πιστεύω
meaning "you believe" |
| 10. λαμβάνεις | 2 nd Sg. PAI from λαμβάνω
meaning "you receive" |

11. λέγομεν 1st Pl. PAI from λέγω
meaning "we say"
12. βλέπουσιν 3rd Pl. PAI from βλέπω
meaning "they see"
13. λύει 3rd SG. PAI from λύω
meaning "s/he/it looses"
14. λέγετε 2nd Pl. PAI from λέγω
meaning "you say"
15. λαμβάνω 1st SG. PAI from λαμβάνω
meaning "I take"
16. ἔχομεν 1st Pl. PAI from ἔχω
meaning "we have"
17. βλέπεις 2nd SG. PAI from βλέπω
meaning "you see"
18. πιστεύεις 2nd SG. PAI from πιστεύω
meaning "you believe"
19. ᾁκούομεν 1st Pl. PAI from ᾁκούω
meaning "we hear"
20. λύουσιν 3rd Pl. PAI from λύω
meaning "they loose"

Name _____

Chapter 3: Present Active Verbs***Getting Verbal Presently (5% automatic)***

1. Translate the following: (10)

1. λέγετε _____

2. λέγομεν _____

3. λύει _____

4. λύεις _____

5. ἔχουσιν _____

6. ἔχω _____

7. βλέπει _____

8. βλέπομεν _____

9. λαμβάνετε _____

10. λαμβάνουσι _____

2. Write out the following in Greek using the Present Paradigm: (10)

1. You (sg) know _____

2. They know _____

3. We know _____

4. She knows _____

5. You (pl) know _____

6. I know _____
7. He believes _____
8. You (pl) believe _____
9. They hear _____
10. He hears _____

3. Parsing: (40; 4 each)

1. ἀκούεις 2 Sg. PAI from ἀκούω you hear
2. πιστεύω
3. ἀκούομεν
4. πιστεύετε
5. ἀκούουσι
6. πιστεύεις
7. πιστεύει
8. ἀκούω
9. πιστεύομεν
10. πιστεύουσι(ν)
11. ἀκούετε
12. πιστεύω
13. ἀκούει

14. πιστεύετε

15. ἀκούουσι(v)

4. Vocabulary Review: Translate the following (10)

1. προφήτης _____

2. κόσμος _____

3. δόξα _____

4. ἄνθρωπος _____

5. νιός _____

6. brother _____

7. sir _____

8. angel _____

9. and _____

10. word _____

5. 15 Short Verbal Readings: Translate the following (15)

1. καθὼς (as) ἀκούω (Jn. 5:30)

2. δὲ (but) λέγετε ὅτι (that) Βλέπομεν (Jn. 9:41)

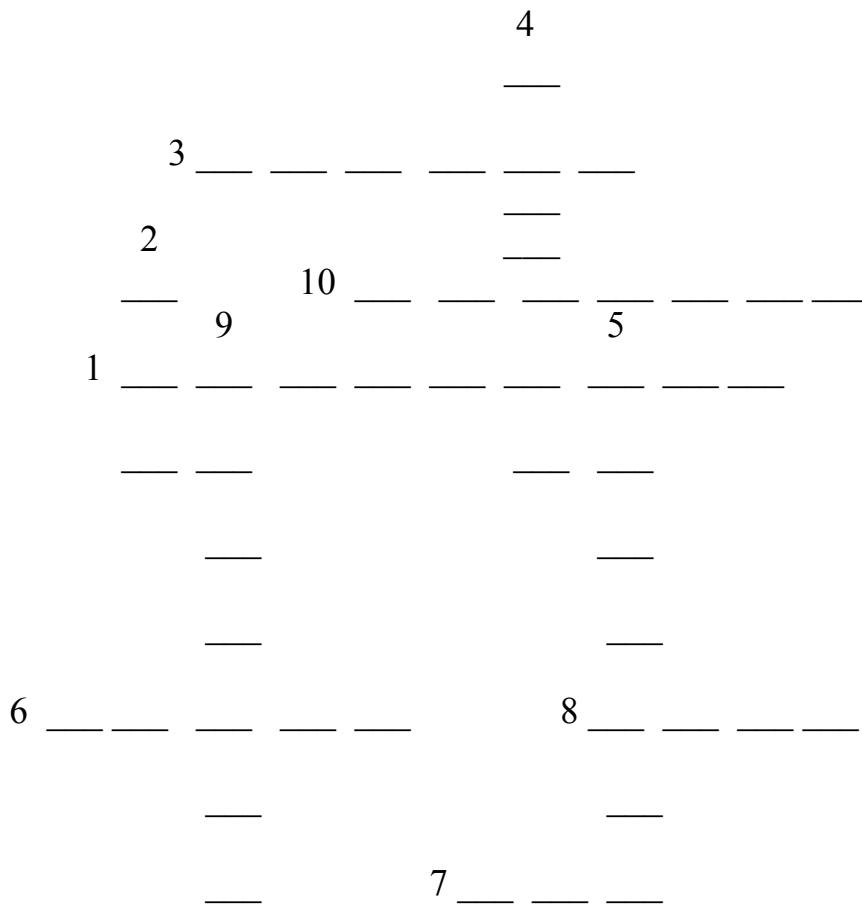
3. λέγομεν ἡμεῖς (we) ὅτι (that) Σαμαρίτης εἶ σύ (you are) (Jn. 8:48)
4. τὰ ρήματα (words) τοῦ θεοῦ (of God) ἀκούει (Jn. 8:47)
5. ἕνα (one) πατέρα (father) ἔχομεν τὸν θεόν (God) (Jn. 8:41)
6. πιστεύω, κύριε (Lord) (Jn. 9:38)
7. βλέπει τὸν Ἰησοῦν (Jesus: object of the sentence) (Jn. 1:29)
8. τί (what) λέγεις περὶ σεαυτοῦ (concerning yourself); (Jn. 1:22)
9. οὐκ (not) ἔχω ἄνδρα (husband) (Jn. 4:17)
10. τὴν φωνὴν (voice) αὐτοῦ (his) ἀκούεις (Jn. 3:8)
11. πιστεύετε εἰς (in) τὸν θεόν (Jn. 14:1)
12. καὶ οὐ (not) πιστεύετε (Jn. 6:36)

13. ἔχει ζωὴν (life) αἰώνιον (eternal) (Jn. 3:36)

14. λέγει κύριος ὁ θεός (subject of sentence) (Rev. 1:8)

15. ὁ δὲ (but) θεὸς γινώσκει τὰς καρδίας (hearts; object of sentence) (Lk. 16:15)

6. Current Vocabulary Crossword Puzzle (10)

**Across**

1. apostle
3. Jesus
6. I see
7. I loose, destroy
8. but, yet
10. I know

Down

2. for, then
4. heaven
5. I take, receive
9. I believe

Chapter 4: Second Declension Noun Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

1. Decline these nouns using the following form:

λόγου	Gen. Sg. Masc.
from λόγος	"of a word"
1. ἀγγέλῳ	Dat. Sg. Masc. from ἄγγελος "to an angel"
2. ἀνθρώπῳ	Gen. Sg. Masc. from ἄνθρωπος "of man"
3. ἀδελφοῖ	Nom. Pl. Masc. from ἀδελφός "brothers"
4. κόσμῳ	Acc. Sg. Masc. from κόσμος "world"
5. ἀποστόλοις	Acc. Pl. Masc. from ἀπόστολος "apostles"
6. δούλοις	Gen. Pl. Masc. from δοῦλος "of slaves"
7. νόμοις	Dat. Pl. Masc. from νόμος "to/for laws"
8. οἴκῳ	Gen. Sg. Masc. from οἶκος "of a house"
9. λαόν	Acc. Sg. Masc. from λαός "people"
10. Χριστῷ	Gen. Sg. Masc. from Χριστός "of Christ"

2. Translate the following:

1. τῷ κόσμῳ καὶ ἀγγέλοις καὶ ἀνθρώποις (1 Cor 4:9)	To the world and to angels and to men
2. ἄγγελος τοῦ θεοῦ (Gen. 21:17)	An angel of God
3. κύριον, τὸν θεὸν τοῦ οὐρανοῦ (Gen. 24:3)	Lord, the God of heaven
4. υἱοῖς καὶ ἀδελφοῖς (1 Mac. 2:17)	To sons and brothers

- | | |
|--|---|
| 5. ἀδελφῶν τῶν υἱῶν Ἰσραὴλ
(Ex. 2:11) | Of brothers of the sons of Israel |
| 6. δὲ οἱ ἀδελφοὶ Ἰωσήφ
(Gen. 42:6) | But the brothers of Joseph |
| 7. τὸν κόσμον τοῦ οὐρανοῦ
(Deut. 4:19) | The world of the heaven |
| 8. εἰς (to) τὸν οὐρανόν καὶ οἱ
ἄγγελοι τοῦ Θεοῦ
(Gen. 28:12) | To the heaven and the angels of God |
| 9. ἔστιν (is) θεὸς ἐν (in)
τῷ οὐρανῷ (Deut. 3:24) | God is in the heaven |
| 10. ἀνήνεγκεν (he brought) δὲ
Μωϋσῆς (Moses) τοὺς
λόγους τοῦ λαοῦ πρὸς (to)
τὸν Θεόν (Ex. 19:8) | But Moses brought the words of the
people to God |

Name _____

Chapter 4: Second Declension Nouns

Be able to decline the case, number, gender of the nouns.

1. Decline: (25)

- | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|-----|-------|---------|-------------|
| 1. ἀγγέλων | Gen. | Pl. | Masc. | ἄγγελος | “of angels” |
| 2. λόγου | | | | | |
| 3. νόμοις | | | | | |
| 4. λαόν | | | | | |
| 5. ἱερά | | | | | |
| 6. ἄγγελοι | | | | | |
| 7. ἀνθρώπους | | | | | |
| 8. λόγον | | | | | |
| 9. κυρίου | | | | | |
| 10. λόγῳ | | | | | |
| 11. ἱερῷ | | | | | |
| 12. νιός | | | | | |
| 13. δοῦλοι | | | | | |
| 14. κόσμων | | | | | |
| 15. οὐρανούς | | | | | |

2. Translation Shorts: (20)

1. τοῦ λόγου

2. τοῖς ἀγγέλοις

3. θεὸς ἦν (was) ὁ λόγος

4. τῷ κυρίῳ

5. οἱ ἄγγελοι

6. Ἰησοῦς ἐστιν (is) ὁ χριστός

7. ὁ νιὸς τοῦ θεοῦ

8. ὁ λόγος τοῦ λαοῦ

9. ὁ δὲ κύριος τοῦ δούλου

10. ὡς οἱ οἰκοι

3. Write out in Greek: (skip the words in parentheses) (5)

1. to a son

2. of the men

3. to the brothers

4. (met) the apostles

5. angels (heard)

4. Translation Longs: (20)

1. ἐν (in) τῇ χειρὶ (hand [what case? guess]) τοῦ ἀγγέλου (Rev. 10:8)
2. ἡτοιμασμένον (being prepared) τῷ διαβόλῳ καὶ τοῖς ἀγγέλοις (dative = “to” or “for”) αὐτοῦ (his) (Mat. 25:41)
3. ἀποστελεῖ (he will send) ὁ νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου τοὺς ἀγγέλους αὐτοῦ (his) (Mat. 13:41)
4. ὁ νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἔρχεσθαι (is to come) ἐν (in) τῇ δόξῃ τοῦ πατρὸς (father) αὐτοῦ μετὰ (with) τῶν ἀγγέλων αὐτοῦ (Mat. 16:27)
5. οἱ ἑπτὰ (7) ἀστέρες (stars) ἀγγέλοι τῶν ἑπτὰ ἐκκλησιῶν εἰσιν (are) (Rev. 1:20)
6. Ἰάκωβος (James) καὶ Ἰωάννης οἱ νιοὶ Ζεβεδαίου (sound it out) (Mk. 10:35)
7. οὐχ (not) ἡ μήτηρ αὐτοῦ λέγεται (is called) Μαριὰμ καὶ οἱ ἀδελφοὶ αὐτοῦ Ἰάκωβος καὶ Ἰωσὴφ καὶ Σίμων καὶ Ἰούδας; (Mat. 13:55)
8. σύνδουλός (fellow servant) σου (your) εἰμι (I am) καὶ τῶν ἀδελφῶν σου τῶν προφητῶν καὶ τῶν τηρούντων (ones keeping) τοὺς λόγους τοῦ βιβλίου (book) (Rev. 22:9)

9. κύριον τὸν θεόν σου (your) προσκυνήσεις (you shall worship) (Mat. 4:10)

10. γὰρ ἠγάπησεν (he loved) ὁ θεὸς τὸν κόσμον (Jn. 3:16)

5. Vocabulary Review: Translate the following (20)

1. βλέπω _____

2. ἀκούω _____

3. δόξα _____

4. οὐρανός _____

5. καρδία _____

6. brother _____

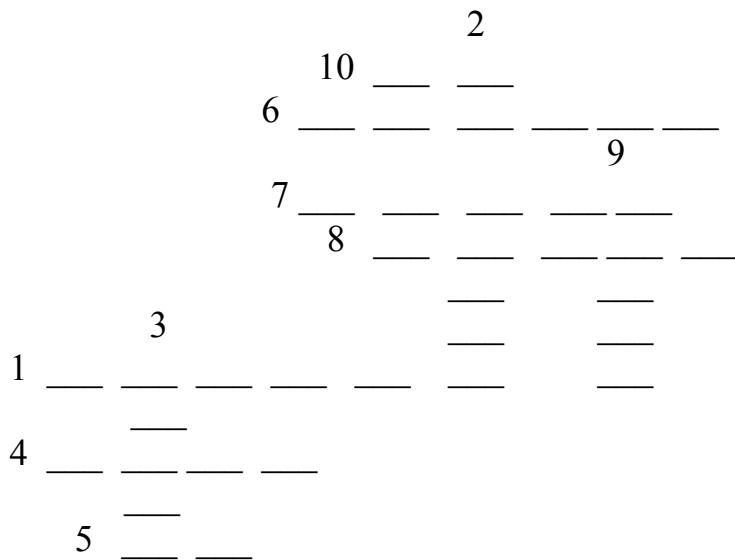
7. I know _____

8. I have _____

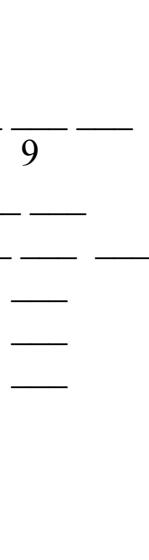
9. I believe _____

10. I say _____

6. Current Vocabulary Crossword Puzzle: (10)

**Across**

1. I love
2. I find
4. people
3. I write
5. as, about, how
9. law
6. servant
7. temple
8. house
10. but, and

Down

Ch. 5: First Declension Nouns Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

1. Decline these nouns using the following form:

λόγου Gen. Sg. Masc.
 from λόγος "of a word"

1. καρδίᾳ	Dat. Sg. Fem. from καρδία "to/for a heart"
2. δόξῃ	Dat. Sg. Fem. from δόξα "to/for glory"
3. προφήτας	Acc. Pl. Masc. from προφήτης "prophets"
4. ἀληθείᾳ	Dat. Sg. Fem. from ἀλήθεια "to/for truth"
5. καρδιῶν	Gen. Pl. Fem. from καρδία "of hearts"
6. προφῆται	Nom. Pl. Masc. from προφήτης "prophets"
7. ἀληθείας	Acc. Pl. Fem. from ἀλήθεια "truths"
8. καρδίαι	Nom. Pl. Fem. from καρδία "hearts"
9. προφήτην	Acc. Sg. Masc. from προφήτης "prophet"
10. δόξας	Acc. Pl. Fem. from δόξα "glories"
11. προφητῶν	Gen. Pl. Masc. from προφήτης "of prophets"
12. καρδίαις	Dat. Pl. Fem. from καρδία "to/for hearts"
13. προφήτου	Gen. Sg. Masc. from προφήτης "of a prophet"
14. καρδίας	Acc. Pl. Fem. from καρδία "hearts" or Gen. Sg. Fem.
15. προφήτῃ	Dat. Sg. Masc. from προφήτης "to/for a prophet"
16. δόξης	Gen. Sg. Fem. from δόξα "of glory"
17. ἀληθειῶν	Acc. Sg. Fem. from ἀλήθεια "truth"

Translations:

1. ἡ καρδία τοῦ λαοῦ
(Josh. 7:5) The heart of the people
2. προφήτης τοῦ κυρίου
(1 Kgs 18:22) A prophet of the Lord
3. τῇ ἀμαρτίᾳ Ἰεροβοαμ υἱοῦ Ναβατ
(2 Kgs. 3:3) For the sin of Jeroboam, son of Nabat
4. γραφὴ θεοῦ
(Ex. 32:16) A writing of God
5. ἡ ἀμαρτία οἴκου Ἰουδα
(Mic. 1:5) The sin of the house of Judah
6. ἡ βασιλεία εἰς (to) οἶκον Δαυιδ
(1 Kgs. 12:26) The kingdom to the house of David
7. Ἡσαίας υἱὸς Ἀμως, ὁ προφήτης
(Isa. 38:1) Isaiah the son of Amos, the prophet
8. ἐσται (will be) τῷ κυρίῳ
ἡ βασιλεία Obad. 1:21 The kingdom will be the Lord's
9. ἡ καρδία τοῦ κυρίου
(1 Sam. 17:32) The heart of the Lord
10. ἐν [in] γραφῇ οἴκου Ἰσραὴλ
(Ezk. 13:9) In a writing of the house of Israel

Name _____

Chapter 5: First Declension Nouns

Be able to parse the case, number, gender of the nouns.

1. Decline: (30)

1. καρδίᾳ Dat. Sg. Fem. καρδία “to a heart”

2. ἀλήθειαν

3. ἐκκλησίαις

4. ἀγάπης

5. βασιλείας

6. καρδιῶν

7. καρδίας

8. ἐκκλησίαι

9. ἐκκλησίαν

10. ἀγάπαις

11. ἀγάπην

12. βασιλείᾳ

13. ἀληθείας

14. καρδίαι

15. ἐκκλησιῶν

2. Translate the following: (20)

- 1.** ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ
- 2.** τῆς ὥρας
- 3.** ἡ βασιλεία σου (your)
- 4.** τῶν γραφῶν
- 5.** τὰς ἀμαρτίας ἡμῶν (our)
6. τὸν προφήτην Ἡσαΐαν
7. οἱ δὲ μαθηταί
8. καὶ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ
9. γὰρ ἡ βασιλεία τῶν οὐρανῶν
10. τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ

3. Translate the following: (20)

1. οἱ ἑπτα (seven) ἀστέρες (stars) ἄγγελοι τῶν ἑπτὰ ἐκκλησιῶν εἰσιν (are) (Rev. 1:20)
2. εἰς (into) τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ νιοῦ τῆς ἀγάπης αὐτοῦ (his) (Col. 1:13)
3. οὐκ (not) ἔστιν (it is) ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ πατρὸς (father) ἐν (in) αὐτῷ (him) (1 Jn. 2:15)

4. πάντες (all) γὰρ ὡς προφήτην ἔχουσιν τὸν Ἰωάννην (Mat. 21:26)

5. καὶ ὁ Ἰησοῦς μετὰ (with) τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ (his) (Mk. 3:7)

6. τὰ μυστήρια (the mysteries) τῆς βασιλείας τῶν οὐρανῶν (Mat. 13:11)

7. τὸ πνεῦμα (Spirit) λέγει ταῖς ἐκκλησίαις (Rev. 2:7)

8. ἔτι (still) ἐστὲ (you are) ἐν (in) ταῖς ἀμαρτίαις ὑμῶν (your)
(1 Cor. 15:17)

9. ἀνθρώπων αἱ ἀμαρτίαι (1 Tim. 5:24)

10. λέγει γὰρ ἡ γραφὴ τῷ Φαραὼ (Pharaoh) ὅτι (that) (Rom. 9:17)

4. Write out in Greek (skip the words in parentheses): (10)
 1. of sins
 2. to hearts
 3. (enter) the kingdom
 4. to the church
 5. the truth (is)

5. Vocabulary Review: (10)

1. ἀγαπάω _____

2. ἔγω _____

3. κόσμος _____

4. ἔχω _____

5. ἀλλά _____

6. I receive _____

7. I believe _____

8. servant _____

9. house _____

10. I find _____

6. Current Vocabulary Story: (10) Fill in the Greek vocabulary items from this chapter to complete the story. Use only the vocab from this chapter.

Once upon a time in a _____ far away, there were a king and a queen who fell in _____. The queen set out on a journey to _____ support so the king and she could purchase an ancient copy of the _____. The _____ was late and their many faithful _____ encouraged them to pursue the ideal of the _____ for the benefit of the great cathedrals and _____ that they were about to build. The evil jester, however, incited the people to _____ against the king and queen and to oppose their _____ by not paying their taxes. The king decided to cut taxes, and they all lived happily ever after.

Name _____

Review of Chapters 3–5

1. Parse (verbs) or decline (nouns) the following forms: (15)

καρδίᾳ Dat. Sg. Fem. from καρδία "to/for a heart"
ἔχεις 2nd Sg. PAI from ἔχω meaning "you have"

1. ιεροῖς
2. ἀποστόλων
3. λαμβάνετε
4. οὐρανοῖς
5. μαθητοῦ
6. ἐγείρει
7. ἀμαρτίας
8. εὑρίσκομεν
9. ἀδελφούς
10. ἀλήθειαν
11. πιστεύεις
12. ἐκκλησίᾳ
13. νόμῳ
14. ἀγάπαις
15. γράφουσιν

2. Shorts: translate the following (20)

1. καὶ . . . ὁ ἄγγελος κυρίου (Gen. 16:8)
2. διὰ (because of) τὰ ἔργα τῶν ἀνθρώπων (Gen. 8:21)
3. ἀκούει ὁ δοῦλός (1 Sam. 3:9)
4. καὶ ἀκούοντιν οἱ νιοὶ Ἰσραὴλ (1 Sam. 7:7)
5. ὁ κύριος γινώσκει (Gen. 33:13)
6. ἐπὶ (upon) τὴν βασιλείαν ἀμαρτίαν μεγάλην (great) (Gen. 20:9)
7. ταῖς ἀμαρτίαις τοῦ λαοῦ σου (your) Ἰσραὴλ (1 Kgs. 8:34)
8. ὁ νόμος τῆς ἀμαρτίας (Lev. 6:25)
9. τοὺς λόγους τοῦ νόμου (Deut. 27:3)
10. νόμον τοῦ θεοῦ (Josh. 24:26)
11. τοῦ οἴκου τοῦ δούλου (2 Sam. 7:19)
12. ὁ κύριος βλέπει (2 Kgs. 2:19)

13. τὸν οἶκον κυρίου τοῦ θεοῦ (Exod. 23:19)

14. δούλων τῷ οἴκῳ Φαραώ (1 Sam. 2:27)

15. Ἰησοῦς υἱὸς Νανη (Nun) δοῦλος κυρίου (Judg. 2:8)

3. Longs: translate the following

1. καὶ εἶπεν (he said) αὐτῇ (to her) ὁ ἄγγελος κυρίου οἶδον (behold) σὺ (you) ἐν (in) γαστρὶ (womb) ἔχεις (Gen. 16:11)

2. καὶ ἔλαβεν (he took) κῦριος ὁ θεὸς τὸν ἄνρωπον (Gen. 2:15)

3. ἐγὼ ἀκούω ἐκ (from) στόματος (mouth) παντὸς (every) τοῦ λαοῦ κυρίου (1 Sam. 2:23)

4. καὶ λόγον οὐκ (not) ἔχουσιν πρὸς (with) ἄνθρωπον (Judg. 18:7)

5. γινώσκεις τὴν καρδίαν υἱῶν ἀνθρώπων (2 Chr. 6:30)

6. κύριε ἡμάρτηκεν (he sinned) ὁ λαὸς οὗτος (this) ἀμαρτίαν μεγάλην (great) (Ex. 32:31)

7. οὗτος (this is) δὲ ὁ νόμος τοῦ ἀνθρώπου κύριε μου (my) κύριε (2 Sam. 7:19)

8. ἔχουσιν ὀφθαλμοὺς (eyes) τοῦ βλέπειν (to see) καὶ οὐ (not) βλέπουσιν καὶ ὡτα (ears) ἔχουσιν τοῦ ἀκούειν (to hear) καὶ οὐκ (not) ἀκούουσιν (Ezek. 12:2)
9. εἰς (into) οἶκον τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ τοῦ κυρίου μου (Gen. 24:27)
10. περιελεῖν (to take away) τὴν βασιλείαν ἀπὸ (from) τοῦ οἴκου Σαούλ (2 Sam. 3:10)

4. Write in Greek:

1. To the angel of the Lord
2. But they have the word of the brothers
3. The prophets of God know the heart of Christ
4. The world looks to the Lord of the apostles
5. Brother, you say the hour of the churches

5. Vocabulary Review:

1. human _____
2. I say _____
3. δόξα _____
4. world _____
5. sir _____
6. λαμβάνω _____
7. heaven _____
8. εὑρίσκω _____
9. ἐγείρω _____
10. work _____

Ch. 6: Prepositions Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. ἀπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ (Gen. 8:2) | From the heaven |
| 2. ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ αὐτοῦ
[his or “of him”] (Gen. 13:11) | From his brother |
| 3. καὶ ἀνέβη (he went up) ὁ θεὸς
ἀπὸ Αβραὰμ (Gen. 17:22) | And God went up from Abram |
| 4. εἰς τὸν οἶκον Φαραὼ (Gen. 12:15) | Into the house of Pharaoh |
| 5. ἥλθον [they came] δὲ οἱ δύο
ἄγγελοι εἰς Σοδομα (Gen. 19:1) | But the two angels came to Sodom |
| 6. εἰς τὸν οἶκον καὶ τὴν
θύραν [door] τοῦ οἴκου (Gen. 19:10) | Into the house and the door of the
house |
| 7. εἰς ὤτα [ears] τῶν νιῶν Χετ
(Gen. 23:16) | In the ears of the sons of Chet |
| 8. καὶ ἐκ χειρὸς [hand] ἀνθρώπου
ἀδελφοῦ (Gen. 9:5) | And from a hand of a brother of a
man |
| 9. ἐκ τοῦ οἴκου τοῦ πατρός σου (your)
εἰς τὴν γῆν [land] (Gen. 12:1) | Out of the house of your father
into the land |
| 10. διὰ τὰ ἔργα τῶν ἀνθρώπων
(Gen. 8:21) | Because of the works of men |
| 11. διὰ Αβραὰμ τὸν πατέρα
σου (Gen. 26:24) | On account of your father Abram |
| 12. καὶ ηὐλόγησεν [he blessed]
κύριος τὸν οἶκον τοῦ
Αἴγυπτίου [Egyptian] διὰ
Ἰωσηφ (Gen. 39:5) | And the Lord blessed the house
of the Egyptian on account of
Joseph |

Name _____

Chapter 6: Prepositions

Prepping for Prepositions

1. Casing Prepositions: translate the following. Noting the prepositions, give the case(s) they use (10)

1. ἀπό

2. διά

3. ἐκ

4. μετά

5. πρός

6. εἰς

7. περί

8. ἐν

9. κατά

10. σύν

11. ἐπί

2. Translate the following short phrases: Underline the object of the preposition in your translation: (10)

1. ἀπὸ Βηθσαϊδά (Bethsaida) (Jn. 1:44)
2. ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ (Jn. 1:10)
3. διὰ τῆς Σαμαρείας (Jn. 4:4)
4. τὴν οἰκίαν ἐπὶ τὴν ἄμμον (sand) (Mat. 7:26)
5. διὰ τοῦ λόγου αὐτῶν (their) (Jn. 17:20)
6. ἐπὶ τὸν νιὸν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου (Jn. 1:51)
7. ἐρχόμενον (coming) εἰς τὸν κόσμον (Jn. 1:9)
8. ἐκ θεοῦ ἐγεννήθησαν (they were born) (Jn. 1:13)
9. ὁ θεὸς μετ' αὐτοῦ (him) (Jn. 3:2)
10. καὶ κατὰ τὸν νόμον (Jn. 18:31)

3. Translate the following (15)

1. λέγει ἡ μήτηρ (mother) τοῦ Ἰησοῦ πρὸς αὐτόν (him) (Jn. 2:3)
2. ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ ἦν (he was), καὶ ὁ κόσμος δι' αὐτοῦ (him) ἐγένετο (was made) (Jn. 1:10)
3. καὶ ὅτι (that) ἀπὸ θεοῦ ἐξῆλθεν (he came) καὶ πρὸς τὸν θεὸν ὑπάγει (he was going) (Jn. 13:3)
4. ἦν (there was) δὲ ἄνθρωπος ἐκ τῶν φαρισαίων, Νικόδημος (Jn. 3:1)
5. οὗτος (this one) ἦν (was) ἐν ἀρχῇ (beginning) πρὸς τὸν θεόν (Jn. 1:2; πρός may sometimes mean “with”)
6. ἡμεῖς (we) νόμον ἔχομεν καὶ κατὰ τὸν νόμον (Jn. 19:7)
7. ἀλλὰ ἔχω (supply “something”) κατὰ σοῦ (you) ὅτι (because) τὴν ἀγάπην σου (your) (Rev. 2:4)

8. ὅτι (because) ὁ νόμος διὰ Μωϋσέως ἐδόθη (was given), ἡ χάρις (grace) καὶ ἡ ἀλήθεια διὰ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ ἐγένετο (came) (Jn. 1:17)

9. καὶ λεγουσίν μοι (to me). Δεῖ (it is necessary for) σε (you) πάλιν (again) προφητεύσαι (to prophesy) ἐπὶ λαοῖς (Rev. 10:11)

10. καταβαίνει (it came down) ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ ἐπὶ τοὺς ἀνθρώπους (Rev. 16:21)

11. μετὰ ταῦτα (these things) εὑρίσκει αὐτὸν (him) ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἐν τῷ ιερῷ (Jn. 5:14)

12. μετὰ τοῦτο (this) λέγει τοῖς μαθηταῖς. Ἀγωμεν (let us go) εἰς τὴν Ἰουδαίαν πάλιν (again) (Jn. 11:7)

13. οὐδεὶς (no one) . . . ἐλάλει (spoke) περὶ αὐτοῦ (him) διὰ τὸν φόβον (phobia?) τῶν Ἰουδαίων (Jn. 7:13)

14. νῦν (now) δὲ πρόφασιν (excuse) οὐκ (not) ἔχουσιν περὶ τῆς ἀμαρτίας αὐτῶν (their) (Jn. 15:22)

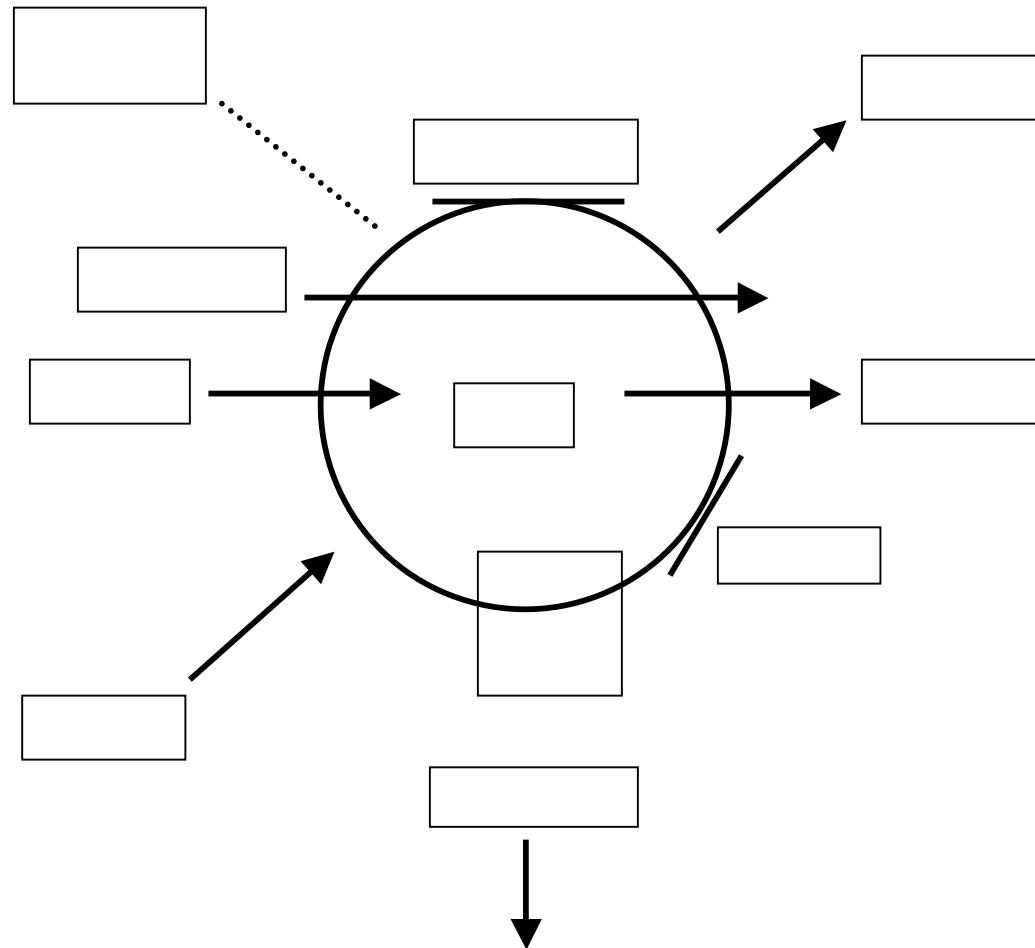
15. Ἰησοῦν νίὸν τοῦ Ἰωζὴφ τὸν ἀπὸ Ναζαρέτ (Jn. 1:45)

4. Think Greek: (10)

1. from hearts
2. according to the prophets
3. on account of sin
4. after the apostles
5. out of the world

5. Placing the Prepositions: put the following prepositions in the space where they belong: περί, διά, ἀπό, κατά, μετά, εἰς, πρός, ἐκ, ἐν, ἐπί (10)

Chart of Prepositions



6. Vocabulary Review (10)

1. ἀμήν _____

2. νιός _____

3. γάρ _____

4. εὑρίσκω _____

5. μαθητής _____

6. and _____

7. I hear _____

8. I believe _____

9. temple _____

10. sin _____

**Ch 7: Agitating the Adjectives + εἰμί Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

1. ὅτι (that) Ἀγαθός ἐστιν (Jn 7:12) That "he is a good man" (subst.)
2. δοῦλε ἀγαθὲ (Mat 25:21) Good servant
3. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν (he said) αὐτῷ·
(to him) Τί (why) με λέγεις
ἀγαθόν; (Mk 10:18) And Jesus said to him,
"Why do you call me good?"
4. ὅτι (that) εἰσὶν δίκαιοι (Lk. 18:9) That they are righteous
5. [καὶ] ἀνὴρ (man) ἀγαθὸς καὶ δίκαιος
(Lk. 23:50) And a good and righteous man
6. Ό δὲ δίκαιος ἐκ πίστεως (faith)
ζήσεται (he will live) (Rom. 1:17) But the righteous (subst.)
by faith will live
7. ὅτι Οὐκ ᾔστιν δίκαιος οὐδὲ εἷς (one)
(Rom. 3:10) That "there is no none
righteous, not even one"
8. ὅτι δίκαιος ἐστιν (1 Jn. 2:29) That he is righteous
9. Δίκαιος εἶ (Rev. 16:5) You are righteous
10. ἄνδρα (man) δίκαιον καὶ ἅγιον
(Mk. 6:20) A righteous and holy man

11. ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν (to you) ὅτι
ἔρχεται (it comes) ὥρα καὶ νῦν
(now) ἔστιν ὅτε (when) οἱ νεκροὶ
ἀκούσουσιν (future) τῆς φωνῆς
τοῦ νιοῦ τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 5:25)
Truly, truly I say to you, that the
hour comes and now is when
the dead will hear the voice
of the Son of God
12. εἰς τὴν ἀγίαν πόλιν (city) (Mat. 4:5)
Into the holy city
13. καὶ τὴν πόλιν (city) τὴν ἀγίαν
Ἰερουσαλήν (Rev. 21:2)
And the holy city Jerusalem
14. ἐπὶ τὸν ἄγιον παῖδά (child) σου
Ἰησοῦν (Acts 4:27)
Against your holy child, Jesus
15. εἰς ναὸν (temple) ἄγιον ἐν κυρίῳ
(Eph. 2:21)
Into the holy temple in the Lord
16. τὸ πνεῦμα (spirit) τὸ ἄγιον τοῦ
θεοῦ (Eph. 4:30)
The holy spirit of God
17. διὰ τῶν προφητῶν αὐτοῦ (his)
ἐν γραφαῖς ἀγίαις (Rom. 1:2)
Through his prophets in the
holy scriptures
18. ἐν τῷ ἀγίῳ ὅρει (mountain)
(2 Pet. 1:18)
On the holy mountain
19. κατὰ τοῦ πνεύματος (spirit) τοῦ
ἄγιον (Mat. 12:32)
Against the Holy Spirit
20. εἰς τὸ ὄνομα (name) τοῦ πατρός καὶ
τοῦ νιοῦ καὶ τοῦ ἄγιον
πνεύματος (Mat. 28:19)
In the name of the Father and
of the Son and of the Holy Spirit

21. Εἰ (if) νιὸς εἶ τού θεοῦ (Mat. 4:3)
If you are the son of God
(note the two ei's)
22. γάρ ἐστιν Ἰωάηλην προφήτην
(Lk. 20:6)
For John was (historical present)
a prophet
23. δὲ ὑμεῖς ἀδελφοί ἐστε (Mat. 23:8)
But you are brothers
24. μαθηταί μού (my) ἐστε (Jn. 8:31)
You are my disciples
25. θεοῦ νιὸς εἶ (Mat. 14:33)
You are the son of God
26. ἀλλ' ως ἄγγελοι ἐν τῷ οὐρανῷ
εἰσιν (Mat. 22:30)
But they are as the angels in heaven
27. ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ εἰσίν (Jn. 17:11)
They are in the world
28. ἔστιν δὲ ἐν τοῖς Ἱεροσολύμοις
(Jn. 5:2)
But there is in Jerusalem
29. ὅτι (because) νιὸς ἀνθρώπου ἐστίν
(Jn. 5:27)
Because he is the Son of Man
30. δὲ τοῦ Μωϋσέως ἐσμὲν μαθηταί
(Jn. 9:28)
But we are disciples of Moses
31. ὅτι ἐκ τῆς ἀληθείας ἐσμέν
(1 Jn. 3:19)
That we are of the truth

Name _____

Chapter 7: Adjectives***Agitating Adjectives***

1. Do Declensions: (30)

ἀγαθός Nom. Sg. Masc. from ἀγαθός “good”

1. ἀγαθῆ

2. ἀγαθόν

3. δικαίων

4. ἀγαθοῖς

5. ἀγαθή

6. δικαίαις

7. ἀγαθοί

8. ἀγαθάς

9. ἀγαθήν

10. ἀγαθοῦ

2. Translate the following short lines: (20)

1. ἀγαθός ἐστιν (Jn. 7:12)
2. τὴν πόλιν (city) τὴν ἀγίαν (Rev. 11:2)
3. λάβετε (receive) πνεῦμα (Spirit) ἄγιον (Jn. 20:22)
4. Ἰησοῦν Χριστὸν δίκαιον (1 Jn. 2:1)
5. ἦγέρθη (he was raised) ἐκ νεκρῶν (Jn. 2:22)
6. εἰς τὴν γῆν (land) τὴν ἀγαθήν (Lk. 8:8)
7. ἐν Χριστῷ Ἰησοῦ ἐπὶ (for) ἔργοις ἀγαθοῖς (Eph 2:10)
8. εἰς πᾶν (every) ἔργον ἀγαθόν (2 Cor. 9:8)
9. φαίνεσθε (you appear) τοῖς ἀνθρώποις δίκαιοι (Mat. 23:28)
10. ὅτι (because) εἰσὶν δίκαιοι (Lk. 18:9)
11. τὸν ἄγιον καὶ δίκαιον (Acts 3:14)
12. τοῦτο (this) γάρ ἐστιν δίκαιον (Eph 6:1)

13. καὶ ὁ ἄνθρωπος οὗτος (this) δίκαιος (Lk. 2:25)

14. καὶ ἀνὴρ (man) ἀγαθὸς καὶ δίκαιος (Lk. 23:50)

15. οὐκ ἔστιν δίκαιος (Rom. 3:10)

3. Translate the following longer lines: (20)

1. ὥστε (so that) ὁ . . . νόμος ἄγιος καὶ ἡ ἐντολὴ (commandment) ἀγία καὶ δικία καὶ ἀγαθή (Rom. 7:12)

2. ἔφη (he said) αὐτῷ (to him) ὁ κύριος αὐτοῦ (his). Εὖ (Well done), δοῦλε ἀγαθέ (Mat. 25:21)

3. ἀμὴν γὰρ λέγω ὑμῖν (to you) ὅτι (that) πολλοὶ (many) προφῆται καὶ δίκαιοι (Mat. 13:17)

4. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Τι (why) με (me) λέγεις ἀγαθόν; οὐδεὶς (no one) ἀγαθὸς εἰ μὴ (except) εἷς (one) ὁ θεός (Mk. 10:18)

5. ὁ ἀγαθὸς ἄνθρωπος ἐκ τοῦ ἀγαθοῦ θησαυροῦ (treasure) τῆς καρδίας προφέρει (brings out) τὸ ἀγαθόν (Lk. 6:45)

6. ὅτι (because) ὁ ἀδελφός σου (your) . . . νεκρὸς ἦν (was) καὶ ἐζήσεν (he has come to life) (Lk. 15:32)

7. ὅτι (because) τὰ ἔργα αὐτοῦ (his) πονηρὰ (evil) ἦν (were) τὰ δὲ τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ αὐτοῦ (those) δίκαια (1 Jn. 3:12)
8. τὸ μυστήριον (mystery) τοῦτο (this) μέγα ἐστίν· ἐγὼ δὲ λέγω εἰς Χριστὸν καὶ εἰς τὴν ἐκκλησίαν (Eph 5:32)
9. καὶ σημεῖον (sign) μέγα ὤφθη (was seen) ἐν τῷ οὐρανῷ (Rev. 12:1)
10. καὶ ἱερέα (priest) μέγαν ἐπὶ τὸν οἶκον τοῦ θεοῦ (Heb. 10:21)
11. καὶ κράξας (after crying out) φωνῇ μεγάλῃ λέγει· . . . Ἰησοῦ νίè τοῦ θεοῦ (Mk. 5:7)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. I am good
2. the man is righteous
3. the Lord is dead
4. of the holy heavens
5. to the first voice

5. Vocabulary Review: translate the following (10)

1. ἐπί (dat.) _____

2. δόξα _____

3. βλέπω _____

4. ιερόν _____

5. δία (gen.) _____

6. into _____

7. from _____

8. law _____

9. heaven _____

10. I have _____

6. Current Vocabulary Story: fill in the vocabulary words from chapter 7 (10)

Once upon a time there was a _____ princess. She lived in a _____ palace beside a _____ temple. One day she traveled to another country and said with a loud _____ I _____ by race. I am _____ the _____ to cross this river. A _____ priest told me this was the land of the _____ but I would rather learn Greek in the land of the living.

Name _____

Review of Chapters 3–7

1. Parse (verbs) or decline (nouns) the following forms: (15)

καρδίᾳ Noun Dat. Sg. F. from καρδία "to/for a heart"
 ἔχεις Verb 2nd Sg. PAI from ἔχω meaning "you have"

1. προφήτῃ						
2. ἀγαθά						
3.						
4. εἰσίν						
5. ἀγίᾳ						
6. γράφομεν						
7. κόσμους						
8. ἀμαρτίαις						
9. δοῦλουν						
10. εἴ						
11. ἀγίαν						
12.						
13. δικαίους						
14. νόμοι						
15. ἀλήθειαν						

2. Short Translations 1-5

1. καὶ οἱ νεκροὶ ἐν Χριστῷ ἀναστήσονται (they will rise) πρῶτον
 (1 Thess. 4:16)

2. ὁ πατὴρ ἐγείρει τοὺς νεκρούς (Jn. 5:21)

3. ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐκ νεκρῶν ἐγεθῆ (he was raised) (Mat. 17:9)

4. τοῖς ἀγίοις ἀποστόλοις αὐτοῦ (his) καὶ προφήταις (Eph. 3:5)

5. λέγει τὸ πνεῦμα τὸ ἅγιον· (Acts 21:11)

3. Long Translations 1-10

1. δίκαιος εἶ κύριε καὶ πάντα τὰ ἔργα σου (your) δίκαια (Tobit 3:2)
2. ἀγὴν γὰρ λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι πολλοὶ προφῆται καὶ δίκαιοι (Mat 13:17)
3. ἄγιοι ἔσεσθε (you shall be) ὅτι ἄγιός εἰμι ἐγὼ κύριος ὁ θεὸς
(Lev. 11:44)
4. καὶ εἶπεν (he said) ὁ θεὸς πρὸς Καὶν ποῦ (where) ἔστιν Αβελ ὁ
ἀδελφός σου (Gen. 4:9)
5. καὶ γὰρ ἀληθῶς (truly) ἀδελφή μού (my) ἔστιν ἐκ πατρός ἀλλ' οὐκ
ἐκ μητρός ἐγενήθη (she was born) (Gen. 20:12)
6. εἶπεν (he said) δὲ Ισραὴλ μέγα μοί (for me) ἔστιν εἰ (if) Ιωσηφ ὁ
νιός μου ζῇ (he lives)(Gen. 45:28)

**Ch. 8: Getting Personal Pronouns Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Pronoun Exercise

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| 1. αὐτοῦ | 3 rd SG. GEN. MASC./NEUT. from αὐτός meaning "of him" (Mat. 1:20) |
| 2. αὐτῇ | 3 rd SG. DAT. FEM. from αὐτή meaning "to her" (Mat. 1:20) |
| 3. σου | 2 nd SG. GEN. from σύ meaning "of you/your" (Mat. 1:20) |
| 4. ἡμῶν | 1 st PL. GEN. from ἡγώ meaning "of us/our" (Mat. 1:23) |
| 5. μου | 1 st SG. GEN. from ἡγώ meaning "of me/my" (Mat. 2:6) |
| 6. αὐτῷ | 3 rd SG. DAT. MASC./NEUT. from αὐτός meaning "to him" (Mat. 1:20) |
| 7. ὑμῖν | 2 nd PL. DAT. from σύ meaning "to you" (Mat. 3:7) |
| 8. αὐτούς | 3 rd PL. ACC. MASC. from αὐτός meaning "them" (Mat. 1:20) |
| 9. ὑμᾶς | 2 nd PL. ACC. from σύ meaning "you" (Mat. 3:11) |
| 10. αὐτῶν | 3 rd PL. GEN. MASC./FEM./NEUT. from αὐτός meaning "of them/their"
(Mat. 1:21) |

Translations

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Ἐγὼ βαπτίζω ἐν ὕδατι (water)
(Jn. 1:26) | I baptize with water |
| 2. ὑμεῖς μοι μαρτθρεῖτε (you testify) ὅτι
εἶπον (I said) [ὅτι] Οὐκ εἰμὶ ἐγὼ ὁ
Χριστός (Jn. 3:28) | You testify concerning me
that I said that "I am not the
Christ" |
| 3. ἐγὼ δὲ οὐ παρὰ ἀνθρώπου τὴν
μαρτθρίαν (witness) λαμβάνω,
ἀλλὰ ταῦτα (these things) λέγω
ἵνα (in order that) ὑμεῖς σωθῆτε
(may be saved). (Jn. 5:34) | But I do not receive witness from
men, but these things I said in
order that you may be saved |

4. τὰ ῥήματα (words) ἃ (which) ἐγὼ λελάληκα (I have spoken) ὑμῖν (Jn. 6:63) The words that I have spoken to you
5. καὶ ἐξ ὑμῶν εἷς (one) διάβολός ἐστιν (Jn. 6:70) And one of you is a devil
6. οὐ δύναται (it is able) ὁ κόσμος μισεῖν (to hate) ὑμᾶς, ἐμὲ δὲ μισεῖ (it hates), ὅτι ἐγὼ παρτυρῶ (I testify) περὶ αὐτοῦ ὅτι τὰ ἔργα αὐτοῦ πονηρά (evil) ἐστιν (Jn. 7:7) The world is not able to hate you, but it hates me, because I testify concerning it that its works are evil
7. καὶ ἔλεγεν (he was saying) αὐτοῖς· ‘Ὑμεῖς ἐκ τῶν κάτω (below) ἐστέ, ἐγὼ ἐκ τῶν ἄνω (above) εἰμί· ὑμεῖς ἐκ τούτου (this) τοῦ κόσμου ἐστέ, ἐγὼ οὐκ εἰμὶ ἐκ του κόσμου τούτου. (Jn. 8:23) And he was saying to them, “You are from below, I am from above; you are of this world, I am not of this world”
8. ἐγὼ καὶ ὁ πατὴρ ἐν (one) ἐσμεν (Jn. 10:30) I and the father, we are one
9. ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν (Jn. 5:25) Truly, truly, I say to you
10. ὑμεῖς ποιεῖτε (do) τὰ ἔργα τοῦ Πατρὸς ὑμῶν. εἶπαν (they said) [οὖν] αὐτῷ, Ἡμεῖς ἐκ πορνείας (evil) οὐ γεγεννήμεθα (we have been born). ἔνα (one) πατέρα ἔχομεν τὸν θεόν. 42 εἶπεν (he said) αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς, Εἰ (if) ὁ θεός πατὴρ ὑμῶν ἦν ἡγαπᾶτε (you would love) ἂν ἐμὲ, ἐγὼ γὰρ ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐξῆλθον (I came) (Jn. 8:41-42) “You do the works of your father.” Then they said to him, “We were not born of evil; we have one father, God.” Jesus said to them, “If God were your father you would love me, for I came from God”

11. αὐτὸς γὰρ σώσει (he will save) τὸν λαὸν αὐτοῦ ἀπὸ τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν αὐτῶν (Mat. 1:21)
 For he will save his people from their sins
12. καὶ αὐτὸς εἶπεν (he said) πρὸς αὐτούς (Lk. 24:25)
 And he said to them
13. αὐτὸς γὰρ ὁ πατὴρ φιλεῖ (he loves) ὑμᾶς, δότι ὑμεῖς ἔμετε πεφιλήκατε (you have loved) (Jn. 16:27)
 For the father himself loves you, because you have loved me
14. Μετὰ τούτο (this) κατέβη (he went down) εἰς Καφαρναοὺμ αὐτὸς καὶ ἡ μήτηρ αὐτοῦ καὶ οἱ ἀδελφοὶ [αὐτοῦ] καὶ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ (Jn. 2:12)
 After this he went down into Capernaum, he and his mother and his brothers and his disciples

Name _____

Chapter 8: Personal Pronouns***Propagating Personal Pronouns***

1. Declining Declensions: (40)

αὐτό

σύ

1. αὐτῷ

2. αὐτῶν

3. αὐτήν

4. αὐτούς

5. αὐτοί

6. αὐτοῖς

7. αὐτάς

8. αὐτοῦ

9. αὐτά

10. αὐτῆς

11. αὐτόν

12. ἡμεῖς

13. μοι

14. ἡμῖν

15. σου

16. ὑμᾶς

17. σε

18. ἡμῶν

19. με

20. σοι

2. Translate the following shorts lines:

1. οἱ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν (said) πρὸς αὐτόν (Mat. 3:15)
2. καὶ ἔθαψαν (they buried) αὐτόν (Mat. 14:12)
3. τῆς μητρὸς (mother) αὐτοῦ (Mat. 1:18)
4. καὶ ἰδοὺ (behold) Ἰησοῦς ὑπήντησεν (he met) αὐταῖς (Mat. 28:9)
5. καὶ τοὺς ἀδελφοὺς αὐτοῦ (Mat. 1:2)
6. τὰς βασιλείας (kingdoms) τοῦ κόσμου καὶ τὴν δόξαν αὐτῶν (Mat. 4:8)
7. καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς (Mat. 21:13)
8. καὶ λέγει αὐτῇ οἱ Ἰησοῦς (Jn. 2:4)

9. ἐδόθη (it was given) αὐταῖς (Rev. 9:3)
10. αὐτὸς γὰρ σώσει (he will save) τὸν λαὸν (people) αὐτοῦ ἀπὸ τῶν ἄμαρτιῶν αὐτῶν (Mat. 1:21)
11. τὸν λαόν μου τὸν Ἰσραήλ (Mat. 2:6)
12. οὐκ εἰμὶ ἐγὼ ὁ Χριστός (Jn. 3:28)
13. λέγει αὐτῇ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Πίστευέ (believe) μοι (Jn. 4:21)
14. ἐγὼ μὲν (indeed) ὑμᾶς βαπτίζω ἐν ὕδατι (water) (Mat. 3:11)
15. εἶπεν (he said) οὗν αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Άμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν (Jn. 6:53)

3. Translate the following longer lines:

1. ἐγὼ ἐβάπτισα (baptized) ύμᾶς ὅδατι (with water), αὐτὸς δὲ βαπτίσει (he will baptize) ύμᾶς ἐν πνεύματι (Spirit) ἀγίῳ (Mk. 1:8)
2. αὐτὸς Δανὶδ εἶπεν (he said) ἐν τῷ πνεύματι (Spirit) τῷ ἀγίῳ· Εἶπεν κύριος τῷ κυρίῳ μου, . . . αὐτὸς Δανὶδ λέγει αὐτὸν κύριον, καὶ πόθεν (how) αὐτὸς ἔστιν νιός; (Mk. 12:36–37)
3. καὶ αὐτὸς ἐδίδασκεν (he taught) ἐν ταῖς συναγωγαῖς (synagogues) αὐτῶν (Lk. 4:15)
4. αὐτὸς δὲ Ἰησοῦς οὐκ ἐπίστευεν (he trusted) αὐτὸν αὐτοῖς διὰ τὸ αὐτὸν γινώσκειν (he knew) πάντας (all) (Jn. 2:24)
5. Ἰησοῦς αὐτὸς οὐκ ἐβάπτιζεν (he baptized) ἀλλ' οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ (Jn. 4:2)
6. αὐτὸς γὰρ ὁ πατὴρ φιλεῖ (he loves) ύμᾶς, ὅτι ύμεῖς ἐμὲ πεφιλήκατε (you have loved) (Jn. 16:27)
7. καὶ ἐφαέρωσεν (he manifested) τὴν δόξαν αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐπίστευσαν (they believed) εἰς αὐτὸν οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ. (Jn. 2:11)
8. λέγει (he said) αὐτῷ εἷς (one [Nom.]) ἐκ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ, Ἄνδεας ὁ ἀδελφὸς Σίμωνος Πέτρου (Jn. 6:8)

9. εἶδεν (saw) ὁ ὄχλος ὅτι Ἰησοῦς οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκεῖ (there) οὐδὲ (nor) οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ (Jn. 6:24)
10. λέγει αὐτῷ Ναθαηνᾶ· Πόθεν (from where) με γινέσκεις; (Jn. 1:48)
11. μὴ (no) ὁ νόμος ἡμῶν κρίνει (judge) τὸν ἄνθρωπον (Jn. 7:51)
12. ἐν ἀμαρτίαις σὺ ἐγεννήθης (you were born) . . . καὶ σὺ διδάσκεις (teach) ἡμᾶς; (Jn. 9:34)
13. καὶ οἱ μαθηταί σου θεωρήσουσιν (they will see) σοῦ τὰ ἔργα (Jn. 7:3)
14. καὶ ὑμεῖς λέγετε ὅτι ἐν Ἱεροσολύμοις ἔστιν ὁ τόπος (place) (Jn. 4:20)
15. ἀπεκρίθη (he answered) αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Οὐκ ἐγὼ ὑμᾶς τοὺς δώδεκα (twelve) ἐξελεξάμην (I have chosen); καὶ ἐξ ὑμῶν εἷς (one) διάβολός ἔστιν (Jn. 6:70)

4. Think Greek: (use the nominative pronouns whenever you can) (10)

1. I myself see you (pl.).
2. she herself writes the truth
3. you (pl.) yourselves receive our law
4. he himself is your (pl.) brother
5. the crowd is in your (pl.) church

5. Vocabulary Review (10)

1. ἀπόστολος _____
2. γράφω _____
3. βασιλεία _____
4. ἔργον _____
5. κατά (gen.) _____
6. good _____
7. voice _____
8. kingdom _____
9. but, and _____
10. dead _____

6. Current Vocabulary Word Search: circle your vocab words from chapter 8

ι	τ	ο	η	σ	ο	υ	π
β	ζ	α	χ	μ	χ	υ	γ
ν	η	υ	ω	λ	ε	λ	ν
γ	ξ	τ	τ	θ	ο	ρ	ο
υ	π	ο	υ	α	ε	σ	α
ο	δ	ς	υ	π	ω	ι	ν
π	α	ρ	α	ν	ο	π	ρ
σ	η	μ	ε	ι	ς	τ	η

Vocab words: find and circle in the puzzle

- | | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| he | crowd |
| land | from (οὐ ἀπό) |
| we | that, so that, because |
| day | you |
| so, therefore | by |

**Ch. 9: Couch-potato Present Passives Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise: PPI = Present Passive Indicative;
PDI = Pres. Deponent Indicative

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| 1. βάλλεται | 3 rd SG. PPI from βάλλω meaning "he/she/it is cast" (Mat. 3:10) |
| 2. ἐγείρονται | 3 rd PL. PPI from ἐγείρω meaning "they are raised" (Mat. 11:5) |
| 3. ἔρχῃ | 2 nd SG. PDI from ἔρχομαι meaning "you come" (Mat. 3:14) |
| 4. γίνεται | 3 rd SG. PDI from γίνομαι meaning "he/she/it becomes" (Mat. 13:32) |
| 5. ἐξέρχονται | 3 rd PL. PDI from ἐξέρχομαι meaning "they come out" (Mat. 15:19) |
| 6. ἐγείρομαι | 1 st SG. PPI from ἐγείρω meaning "I am raised" (Mat. 27:63) |
| 7. εἰσέρχεσθε | 2 nd PL. PDI from εισέρχομαι meaning "you enter" (Mat. 23:13) |
| 8. ἀποκρίνῃ | 2 nd SG. PDI from ἀποκρίνομαι meaning "you answer" (Mat. 26:62) |
| 9. γινώσκεται | 3 rd SG. PPI from γινώσκω meaning "he/she/it is known"
(Mat. 12:33) |

Present Passive Translations:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. ὅτι ἐκ τῆς Γαλιλαίας προφήτης
οὐκ ἐγείρεται (Jn. 7:52) | Because a prophet is not
raised from Galilee |
| 2. καὶ εἰς πῦρ βάλλεται (Mat. 3:10) | And it is thrown into a fire |
| 3. καὶ νεκροὶ ἐγείρονται καὶ πτωχοὶ
(poor) εὐαγγελίζονται (Mat. 11:5) | And the dead are raised
and the poor have the gospel
proclaimed |
| 4. ἐκ γὰρ τοῦ καρποῦ (fruit) τὸ
δένδρον (tree) γινώσκεται (Mat. 12:33) | For from the fruit, the tree
is known |
| 5. οὐχ ἡ μήτηρ αὐτοῦ λέγεται
Μαριὰμ; (Mat. 13:55) | Is not his mother called
Mariam? (yes) |

6. Μετὰ τρεῖς ἡμέρας ἐγείρομαι
(Mat. 27:63) [futuristic present] After 3 days, I will be raised
7. ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ θεοῦ εὐαγγελίζεται
(Lk. 16:16) The kingdom of God is being announced
8. ὅτι αἱρεται ἀπὸ τῆς γῆς ἡ ζωὴ
αὐτού (Acts 8:33) Because his life is being taken from the earth
9. τὸ γὰρ ὄνομα (name) τοῦ θεοῦ δι'
ἡμᾶς βλασφημεῖται ἐν τοῖς
ἔθνεσιν (nations) (Rom. 2:24) The name of God, on account of you, is being blasphemed among the nations
10. τί (why) ἔτι (still, yet) κἀγὼ ὡς
ἀμαρτωλὸς κρίνομαι; (Rom. 3:7) Why am I still being judged as a sinner?
11. ἀκούεται ἐν ὑμῖν πορνεία (1 Cor. 5:1) It is heard [there is] evil among you
12. καὶ εἰ (if) ἐν ὑμῖν κρίνεται
ὁ κόσμος (1 Cor. 6:2) And if by you the world is being judged
13. ἀλλὰ ἀδελφός μετὰ ἀδελφοῦ
κρίνεται (1 Cor. 6:6) But a brother is being judged against a brother
14. εὑρισκόμεθα δὲ καὶ ψεθδομάρτθρες
τοῦ θεοῦ (1 Cor. 15:15) But we also be found false witnesses of God
15. εἰ ὅλως (at all) νεκροὶ οὐκ ἐγείρονται,
τί (why) καὶ βαπτίζονται ὑπὲρ
αὐτῶν; (1 Cor. 15:29) If the dead are not being raised at all, why also are they baptized concerning them?
16. εἰ (if) δὲ πνεύματι (Spirit) ἄγεσθε,
οὐκ ἔστε ὑπὸ νόμου (Gal. 5:18) But if you are being lead by the Spirit, you are not under law

Name _____

Chapter 9: Present Middle/Passive Verbs***The Pleasures of the Passive***

1. Parsing Party: (30)

λέγω 1 SG. PAI from λέγω I say

other options: PDI (deponent) or PPI (Present Passive Indicative)
PM/PI (middle/passive)

1. γίνεσθε

2. γίνομαι

3. γίνεται

4. βάλλεται

5. ἐρχόμεθα

6. πορεύεται

7. γινώσκεται

8. ἔρχεσθε

9. πορεύονται

10. ἔρχεται

11. ἀποκρίνῃ

12. ἔρχῃ

13. εἰσερχόμεθα

14. εἰσέρχεσθε

15. ἔξερχομαι

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ὥρᾳ ὁ νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἔρχεται (Mat. 24:44)
2. εἰς πῦρ (fire) βάλλεται (Mat. 3:10)
3. ἔρχομαι πρὸς ὑμᾶς (Jn. 14:18)
4. καὶ ἔρχεται εἰς οἶκον (Mk. 3:20)
5. οὗτος ἀποκρίνῃ τῷ ἀρχιερεῖ (high priest); (Jn. 18:22)
6. οὐκ ἔρχεται ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ θεοῦ (Lk. 17:20)
7. καὶ σὺ ἔρχῃ πρός με; (Mat. 3:14)
8. κἀγὼ πρὸς σὲ ἔρχομαι (Jn. 17:11)
9. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἀποκρίνεται αὐτοῖς (Jn. 12:23)
10. νῦν (now) δὲ πρὸς σὲ ἔρχομαι (Jn. 17:13)
11. ὑμεῖς γὰρ οὐκ εἰσέρχεσθε (Mat. 23:13)
12. ὁ ἀρχιερεὺς (high priest) εἰσέρχεται εἰς τὰ ἅγια (Heb. 9:25)

13. ἐκ τῆς καρδίας ἔξερχεται (Mat. 15:18)
14. ἔμπροσθεν (before) αὐτῶν πορεύεται (Jn. 10:4)
15. ἐγὼ πρὸς τὸν πατέρα (father) πορεύομαι (Jn. 14:12)
3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)
1. καρδίᾳ γὰρ πιστεύεται εἰς δικαιοσύνην (righteousness) (Rom. 10:10)
 2. προσέχετε (you beware) ἀπὸ τῶν ψευδοπροφητῶν, οἵτινες (who) ἔρχονται πρὸς ὑμᾶς (Mat. 7:15)
 3. οἴδατε (you know) ὅτι μετὰ δύο (two) ἡμέρας τὸ πάσχα (passover) γίνεται, καὶ ὁ νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου (Mat. 26:2)
 4. οὕτως, λέγω ὑμῖν, γίνεται χαρὰ (joy) ἐνώπιον (before) τῶν ἀγγέλων τοῦ θεοῦ (Lk. 15:10)
 5. Ιδοὺ (behold) ὁ βασιλεὺς (king) σου ἔρχεται σοι (Mat. 21:5)
 6. ὅτι οὐκ οἴδατε (you know) ποίᾳ (what) ἡμέρᾳ ὁ κύριος ὑμῶν ἔρχεται (Mat. 24:42)
 7. ἔρχεται ὁ κύριος τῶν δούλων (Mat. 25:19)

8. τότε (then) ἔρχεται μετ' αὐτῶν ὁ Ἰησοῦς (Mat. 26:36)

9. καὶ ἔρχεται πρὸς τοὺς μαθητὰς καὶ εύρισκει αὐτοὺς καθεύδοντας (sleeping), καὶ λέγει τῷ Πέτρῳ (Mat. 26:40)

10. τότε (then) ἔρχεται πρὸς τοὺς μαθητὰς καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς (Mat. 26:45)

11. καὶ ἐρχονται καὶ λέγουσιν αὐτῷ· Διὰ τί (why) οἱ μαθηταὶ Ἰωάννου καὶ οἱ μαθηταὶ τῶν Φαρισαίων νηστεύουσιν (fast), οἱ δὲ σοὶ μαθηταὶ οὐ νηστεύουσιν; (Mk. 2:18)

12. λέγετε ὅτι ὄμβρος (rain) ἔρχεται, καὶ γίνεται οὕτως (Lk. 12:54)

13. εἰς τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ εἰσπορεύονται (Lk. 18:24)

14. ἔρχεται γυνὴ (woman) ἐκ τῆς Σαμαρείας ἀντλῆσαι (to draw) ὕδωρ (water). Λέγει αὐτῇ ὁ Ἰησοῦς (Jn. 4:7)

15. ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι ἔρχεται ὥρα καὶ νῦν (now) ἔστιν ὅτε (when) οἱ νεκροὶ ἀκούσουσιν (will hear) τῆς φωνῆς τοῦ νιοῦ τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 5:25)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. my voice is cast
2. they come to your house
3. he enters into the kingdom of God
4. the disciples become servants
5. the crowd goes to the temple

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. παρά (acc.) _____
2. γῆ _____
3. ἄγιος _____
4. ἐγείρω _____
5. λαός _____
6. truth _____
7. church _____
8. out of _____
9. day _____
10. righteous _____

6. Current Vocabulary Word Search: circle your vocab words from chapter 9 (10)

ε	ε	δ	θ	γ	ι	ν	ο	μ	α	ι
α	ω	ι	ι	ν	ο	τ	α	ψ	α	α
π	ρ	λ	σ	ι	ν	ο	ρ	μ	ι	μ
ο	ε	β	ε	ε	γ	ν	ο	ζ	ε	ο
σ	β	θ	κ	θ	ρ	ν	τ	μ	ρ	ν
τ	σ	α	ρ	π	ι	χ	λ	θ	χ	ε
ε	ζ	ε	λ	ρ	γ	ο	ο	ω	ο	ρ
λ	δ	ψ	κ	λ	ε	λ	ν	μ	μ	ο
λ	σ	ο	ν	τ	ω	ζ	ξ	α	α	π
ω	π	ι	φ	λ	ν	α	λ	ν	ι	ι
α	π	ε	ξ	ε	ρ	χ	ο	μ	α	ι

Vocab words: find and circle in the puzzle

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| I answer | I go out, leave |
| I send | I come, go |
| I throw | I wish |
| I become | thus, so |
| I come in, enter | I go |

Name _____

Review of Chapters 3–9

1. Parse (verbs) or decline (nouns) the following forms: (15)

καρδίᾳ Dat. Sg. Fem. from καρδία “to/for a heart”

ἔχεις 2nd Sg. PAI from ἔχω meaning “you have”

σου 2nd Sg. Gen. from σύ meaning “of you/your”

1. δόξαν

2. νεκροῖς

3. ἐστέ

4. ἔρχῃ

5. λόγε

6. αὐτά

7. ἡμέρας

8. γῆν

9. ἐγείρεται

10. δόξης

11. δίκαια

12. πορευόμεθα

13. ύμᾶς

14. ἡμεῖς

15. ἀγίου

2. Shorts: translate the following (20)

1. ὅτι ἄνθρωποι ἀδελφοὶ ἡμεῖς ἐσμεν (Gen. 13:8)
2. ὅτι προφήτης ἐστὶν (Gen. 20:7)
3. ἐγὼ πορεύομαι ἐπ’ αὐτήν (e.g. my way/journey) (Gen 24:42)
4. εἶπεν (he said) δὲ αὐτῷ Ιακωβ σὺ γινώσκεις (Gen. 30:29)
5. εἶπεν (he said) δὲ αὐτῷ ὁ κύριός μου γινώσκει ὅτι (Gen. 33:13)
6. καὶ οἱ ἄνθρωποι οἱ ἐκ τοῦ τόπου (place [topography]) λέγουσιν (Gen. 38:22)
7. ἔχει πνεῦμα (spirit) θεοῦ ἐν αὐτῷ (Gen. 41:38)
8. αὐτοὶ δὲ οὐκ ἤδεισαν (they knew) ὅτι ἀκούει Ιωσηφ (Gen. 42:23)
9. δώδεκα (12) ἀδελφοί ἐσμεν νιοὶ τοῦ πατρὸς ἡμῶν (Gen. 42:32)
10. εἰ (if) μὲν (indeed) οὖν ἀποστέλλεις τὸν ἀδελφὸν ἡμῶν (Gen. 43:4)
11. ὑμεῖς γινώσκετε ὅτι (Gen. 44:27)

12. λέγει ὁ νιός σου Ιωσηφ ἐποίησέν (he made) με ὁ θεὸς κύριον πάσης (all) γῆς Αἰγύπτου (Egypt) (Gen. 45:9)
13. ἰδοὺ (behold) οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ (eyes) ὑμῶν βλέπουσιν καὶ οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ Βενιαμιν τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ μου (Gen. 45:12)
14. εἶπεν (he said) δὲ Ισραὴλ μέγα μοί ἔστιν εἰ (if) ἔτι (yet) Ιωσηφ ὁ νιός μου ζῇ (he lives) (Gen. 45:28)
15. τί (what?) τὸ ἔργον ὑμῶν ἔστιν; (Gen. 46:33)

3. Longs: translate the following

1. εἰ (if) ἐκβάλλεις με σήμερον (today) ἀπὸ προσώπου (face) τῆς γῆς καὶ ἀπὸ τοῦ προσώπου σου (Gen. 4:14)
2. εἰπὼν (You say) οὖν ὅτι ἀδελφὴ αὐτοῦ εἰμι (Gen. 12:13)
3. καὶ εἶπεν (he said) αὐτῷ ἐγώ ὁ θεός σου (Gen. 17:1)
4. ὁ πατὴρ (father) ἡμῶν πρεσβύτερος (old) καὶ οὐδείς (no one) ἔστιν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς (Gen. 19:31)
5. αὐτός μοι εἶπεν ἀδελφή μού ἔστιν καὶ αὐτή μοι εἶπεν ἀδελφός μού ἔστιν (Gen. 20:5)
6. βασιλεὺς παρὰ θεοῦ εἴ σὺ ἐν ἡμῖν (Gen. 23:6)

7. καὶ εἶπεν (he said) γεγήρακα (I have grown old) καὶ οὐ γινώσκω τὴν ἡμέραν τῆς τελευτῆς (death) μου (Gen. 27:2)
8. εἶπεν (he said) δὲ αὐτοῖς γινώσκετε Λαβαν τὸν υἱὸν Ναχωρ οἱ δὲ εἶπαν γινώσκομεν (Gen. 29:5)
9. εἰ (if) ὁ κύριός μου οὐ γινώσκει δι᾽έμε οὐδὲν (nothing) ἐν τῷ οἴκῳ αὐτοῦ (Gen. 39:8)
10. καὶ εἶπεν (he said) ἕκαστος (each) πρὸς τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ναί (yes) ἐν ἀμαρτίᾳ γάρ ἐσμεν περὶ τοῦ ἀδεφλοῦ ἡμῶν (Gen. 42:21)

4. Think Greek:

1. A Jewish crowd sent my people
2. We ourselves were taken by his servant
3. Our sins were written in your kingdom
4. His voice speaks the law of our God
5. His disciples entered our good land

5. Vocabulary Review:

1. house _____
2. righteous _____
3. θέλω _____
4. work _____
5. I see _____
6. ἔχω _____
7. heaven _____
8. ὑπό (gen.) _____
9. διά (acc.) _____
10. so, then _____

**Ch. 10 --Future Shock Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise:

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| 1. ἔσεσθε | 2 Pl. FMI from εἰμί meaning “you will be” (Gen. 3:5) |
| 2. λήμψονται | 3 Pl. FDI from λαμβάνω meaning “they will receive” (Gen. 14:24) |
| 3. γενήσεται | 3 SG. FDI from γίνομαι meaning “he/she/it will become” (Gen. 17:17) |
| 4. ἔξει | 3 SG. FAI from ἔχω meaning “he/she/it will have” (Gen. 18:10) |
| 5. εἰσελεύσεται | 3 SG. FDI from εἰσέρχομαι meaning “he/she/it will enter” (Gen. 19:31) |
| 6. γνώσομαι | 1 SG. FDI from γνώσκω meaning “I will know” (Gen. 24:14) |
| 7. πορεύσῃ | 2 SG. FDI from πορεύομαι meaning “you will go” (Gen. 24:38) |
| 8. εὑρήσουσιν | 3 Pl. FAI from εὑρίσκω meaning “they will find” (Prov. 8:17) |
| 9. ἐρῶ | 1 SG. FAI from λέγω meaning “I will say” (Prov. 8:6) |
| 10. εὑρήσεις | 2 SG. FAI from εὑρίσκω meaning “you will find” (Prov. 14:6) |

Translations:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. ὅτε οἱ νεκροὶ ἀκούσουσιν τῆς φωνῆς τοῦ νιοῦ τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 5:25) | When the dead will hear the voice of the son of God |
| 2. εἰ (if) τὰ ἐπίγεια (earthly things) εἴπον ὑμῖν καὶ οὐ πιστεύετε πῶς (how) ἐὰν (if) εἴπω (I may say) ὑμῖν τὰ ἐπουράνια (heavenly) πιστεύσετε; (Jn. 3:12) | If I said earthly things to you and you are not believing, how will you believe if I say to you heavenly things |
| 3. πῶς (how) τοῖς ἐμοῖς ρήμασιν (words) πιστεύσετε; (Jn. 5:47) | How will you believe my words? |
| 4. ἀλλ' ἔξει τὸ φῶς τῆς ζωῆς (Jn. 8:12) | But he will have the light of life |

5. ζητήσετέ (you will seek) με καὶ οὐχ εύρησετέ [με] (Jn. 7:34)
You will seek me and will not find me
6. Εἶπεν οὖν [αὐτοῖς] ὁ Ἰησοῦς . . . τότε (then) γνώσεσθε ὅτι ἐγώ εἰμι (Jn. 8:28)
Therefore Jesus said to them then you shall know that I am
7. καὶ γνώσεσθε τὴν ἀλήθειαν (Jn. 8:32)
And you will know the truth
8. καὶ τῆς φωνῆς μου ἀκούσουσιν, καὶ γενήσονται μία (one) ποίμνη (flock) (Jn. 10:16)
And they will hear my voice and they shall be one flock
9. καὶ ὅπου (where) εἰμὶ ἐγὼ ἔκει (there) καὶ ὁ διάκονος ὁ ἐμὸς ἔσται (Jn. 12:26)
And where I am, there also my servant will be
10. ἔκεινος (that one) κρινεῖ αὐτὸν ἐν τῇ ἐσχάτῃ (last) ἡμέρᾳ (Jn. 12:48)
That will judge him in the last day
11. ὅτι παρ' ὑμῖν μένει καὶ ἐν ὑμῖν ἔσται (Jn. 14:17)
Because he remains with you and will be in you
12. ἐν ἐκείνῃ (that) τῇ ἡμέρᾳ γνώσεσθε ὑμεῖς ὅτι ἐγὼ ἐν τῷ πατρί μου καὶ ὑμεῖς ἐν ἐμοὶ κάγῳ ἐν ὑμῖν (Jn. 14:20)
In that day you will know that I am in my father and you in me and I in you
13. καὶ ὑμεῖς ἐν τῷ νἱῷ καὶ ἐν τῷ πατρὶ μενεῖτε (1 Jn. 2:24)
And you will remain in the Son and in the Father
14. [Καὶ] ἐν τούτῳ γνωσόμεθα ὅτι ἐκ τῆς ἀληθείας ἔσμεν (1 Jn. 3:19)
And by this we will know that we are of the truth
15. καὶ γράψω ἐπ' αὐτὸν τὸ ὄνομα (name) τοῦ θεοῦ μου (Rev. 3:12)
And I will write on him the name of my God
16. καὶ αὐτοὶ λαοὶ αὐτοῦ ἔσονται, καὶ αὐτὸς ὁ θεὸς μετ' αὐτῶν ἔσται (Rev 21:3)
And they will be his people, and God himself will be with them

Name _____

Chapter 10: Future Verbs

Liquid Future

- ### 1. Parsing Party: (15)—middles translated active for this exercise

ἀποστελῶ 1 Sg. FAI from I will send
ἀποστέλλω

- ## 1. ἀποστελεῖς

- ## 2. κρινούμεθα

- ### 3. κρίνεται

- #### 4. ἀποστελεῖσθε

- ## 5. κρινοῦμαι

- ## 6. ἀποστελοῦσι(ν)

- ## 7. κρινῶ

- ## 8. μενεῖτε

- ## 9. ἀποστελῆ

10. κρινεῖται

- ## 11. ἀποστελεῖτε

- ## 12. ἀποστελοῦμεν

13. κρινεῖσθε

14. ἀποστελοῦνται

15. κρίνετε

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. καὶ ἐν τρισὶν (three) ἡμέραις ἐγερῶ αὐτόν (Jn. 2:19)
2. καὶ ὑμεῖς ἐν τῷ νίῳ καὶ ἐν τῷ πατρὶ (father) μενεῖτε (1 Jn. 2:24)
3. καὶ ἀποστελεῖ τοὺς ἀγγέλους αὐτοῦ (Mat. 24:31)
4. τότε γνώσεσθε ὅτι ἐγώ εἰμι (Jn. 8:28)
5. ἐλεύσονται δὲ ἡμέραι (Lk. 5:35)
6. μενεῖτε ἐν τῇ ἀγάπῃ μου (Jn. 15:10)
7. κρινεῖ αὐτὸν ἐν τῇ ἐσχάτῃ (last) ἡμέρᾳ (Jn. 12:48)
8. μεθ' ὑμῶν ἔσομαι (Mat. 17:17)
9. καὶ βαλοῦσιν αὐτοὺς εἰς (Mat. 13:42)
10. καὶ ἔξεις θησαυρὸν (treasure) ἐν οὐρανοῖς (Mat. 19:21)
11. ἐξ οὐρανοῦ, ἐρεῖ ἡμῖν (Mat. 21:25)
12. ὅτι ὑμεῖς οὐχ εὑρήσομεν αὐτόν (Jn. 7:35)

13. ἀλλ’ ἔξει τὸ φῶς (light) τῆς ζωῆς (Jn. 8:12)

14. καὶ ἐσται τῇ Σάρρᾳ (Sarah) υἱός (Rom. 9:9)

15. ὅτι παρ’ ὑμῖν μένει καὶ ἐν ὑμῖν ἐσται (Jn. 14:17)

3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)

1. ὁ λόγος. . . ἐλάλησα (I spoke) . . . κρινεῖ αὐτὸν ἐν τῇ ἐσχάτῃ (last)
ἡμέρᾳ (Jn. 12:48)
2. καὶ γράψω ἐπ’ αὐτὸν τὸ ὄνομα (name) τοῦ θεοῦ μου καὶ τὸ ὄνομα τῆς
πόλεως (city) τού θεοῦ μου (Rev. 3:12)
3. καὶ εἶπεν (he said) Ζαχαρίας πρὸς τὸν ἄγγελον· Κατὰ τί (how)
γνώσομαι τοῦτο (this); (Lk. 1:18)
4. καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς· Οὐκ οἴδατε (you know) τὴν παραβολὴν ταύτην
(this), καὶ πῶς (how) πάσας (all) τὰς παραβολὰς γνώσεσθε; (Mk.
4:13)
5. ἐν ἐκείνῃ (that) τῇ ἡμέρᾳ γνώσεσθε ὑμεῖς ὅτι ἐγὼ ἐν τῷ πατρί (father)
μου καὶ ὑμεῖς ἐν ἐμοὶ κάγὼ ἐν ὑμῖν (Jn. 14:20)

6. κύριε, κύριε, εἰσελεύσεται εἰς τὴν βασιλείαν τῶν οὐρανῶν (Mat. 7:21)

7. αὐτὸς γὰρ σώσει τὸν λαὸν αὐτοῦ ἀπὸ τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν αὐτῶν (Mat. 1:21)

8. ἀποστελεῖ ὁ νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου τοὺς ἀγγέλους αὐτοῦ (Mat. 13:41)

9. ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι ἔρχεται ὡρα καὶ νῦν ἐστιν ὅτε (when) οἱ νεκροὶ ἀκούσουσιν τῆς φωνῆς τοῦ νιοῦ τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 5:25)

10. ἐν τούτῳ (this) γνώσονται πάντες (all: Nom.) ὅτι ἔμοὶ μαθηταί ἐστε (Jn. 13:35)

11. πάντες (all) πιστεύσουσιν εἰς αὐτόν, καὶ ἐλεύσονται οἱ Ῥωμαῖοι (Romans) (Jn. 11:48)

12. οὗτος ἔσται ὁ νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐν τῇ καρδίᾳ τῆς γῆς τρεῖς (three) ἡμέρας (Mat. 12:40)

13. οὐχ οὗτος ἔσται ἐν ὑμῖν (Mat. 20:26)

14. τότε γνώσεσθε ὅτι ἐγώ εἰμι (Jn. 8:28)

15. καὶ γνώσεσθε τὴν ἀλήθειαν, καὶ ἡ ἀλήθειαν ἐλευθερώσει (it will free)
ὑμᾶς (Jn. 8:32)

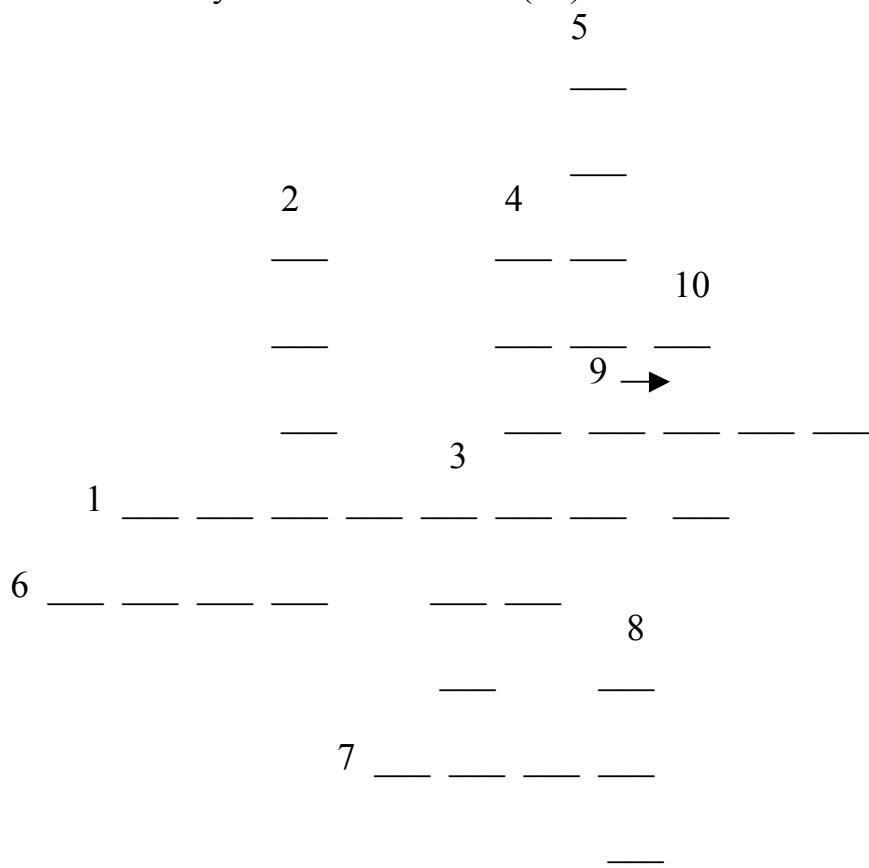
4. Think Greek (10)

1. they will believe _____
2. you (pl.) will have _____
3. we will write _____
4. you (sg.) will remain _____
5. he will come/go _____

5. Vocabulary Review: Translate the following (10)

1. πρῶτος _____
2. ὑπό (Acc.) _____
3. γραφή _____
4. ἀποκρίνομαι _____
5. ἔξέρχομαι _____
6. I become _____
7. so, thus _____
8. that, because _____
9. with _____
10. hour _____

6. Vocabulary Crossword Puzzle (10)

**Across**

1. death
2. I judge
6. I save
7. I remain
9. and not, nor
10. now

Down

2. then
3. only, alone
5. Paul
8. life
10. now

Ch. 11: This and That Pronoun Sale Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

A Relative Demonstrative Pronoun Exercise:

- | | |
|------------|---|
| 1. ταύτας | Acc. Pl. Fem. from οὗτος meaning "these" (Mat. 13:53) |
| 2. τούτους | Acc. Pl. Masc. from οὗτος meaning "these" (Mat. 7:24) |
| 3. ἐκεῖνα | Nom./Acc. Pl. Neut. from ἐκεῖνος meaning "those"
(Acts 20:2) |
| 4. αἵς | Dat. Pl. Fem. from ὅς meaning "to whom" (Mat. 11:20) |
| 5. ταῦτα | Nom./Acc. Pl. Neut. from οὗτος meaning "these" (Mat. 1:20) |
| 6. ἐκείνας | Acc. Pl. Fem. from ἐκεῖνος meaning "those" (Heb. 8:10) |
| 7. ω̄ | Dat. Sg. Masc./Neut. from ὅς meaning "to whom/to which"
(Mat. 3:17) |
| 8. ἐκείνῃ | Dat. Sg. Fem. from οὗτος meaning "to that" (Mat. 13:1) |
| 9. τούτων | Gen. Pl. Fem./Masc./Neut. from οὗτος meaning "of these"
(Mat. 5:19) |
| 10. οὐ̄ | Gen. Sg. Masc./Neut. from ὅς meaning "of whom/of which "
(Mat. 1:25) |

Translations:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. ἐκεῖνός μοι εἶπεν (he said) (Jn. 1:33) | That one said to me |
| 2. Ἐκ δὲ τῆς πόλεως (city) ἐκείνης πολλοὶ ἐπίστευσαν (they believed) εἰς αὐτὸν τῶν Σαμαριτῶν διὰ τὸν λόγον (Jn. 4:39) | But from that city many of the Samaritans believed in him because of the word |
| 3. Ὡν (it was) δὲ σάββατον ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ (Jn. 5:9) | But it was the sabbath on that day |
| 4. ἐκεῖνον λήμψεσθε (Jn. 5:43) | You will receive that one |
| 5. Ποῦ (where) ἔστιν ἐκεῖνος; (Jn. 7:11) | Where is that one? |

6. εἶπον (they said)· Σὺ μαθητὴς εἰ
έκείνου, ἡμεῖς δὲ τοῦ Μωϋσέως
ἐσμὲν μαθηταί (Jn. 9:28)
They said "You are that
one's disciple, but we are
Moses' disciples"
7. ὑμεῖς ἐκ τούτου τοῦ κόσμου ἐστέ,
ἐγὼ οὐκ εἰμὶ ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου
τούτου (Jn. 8:23)
You are of this world,
I am not of this world
8. ὅτι τὸ φῶς τοῦ κόσμου τούτου
βλέπει (Jn. 11:9)
Because he sees the light
of this world
9. λύσατε (destroy) τὸν ναὸν (temple)
τοῦτον καὶ ἐν τρισὶν (three)
ἡμέραις ἐγερῶ αὐτὸν (Jn. 2:19)
Destroy this temple and
in three days I will raise it
10. ἡμεῖς οἴδαμεν (we know) ὅτι Μωϋσεῖ
λελάληκεν (he has spoken) ὁ θεός,
τοῦτον δὲ οὐκ οἴδαμεν πόθεν
(from where) ἐστίν (Jn. 9:29)
We know that God has spoken
to Moses but this man we do not
know from where he is
11. τούτῳ ὑμεῖς οὐ πιστεύετε (Jn. 5:38)
You do not believe in this one
12. ἐν τούτῳ πιστεύομεν (Jn. 16:30)
By this we believe
13. ὃν ὑμεῖς οὐκ οἴδατε (you know)
(Jn. 7:28)
Whom you do not know
14. ὃν ὑμεῖς λέγετε ὅτι θεὸς
ἡμῶν ἐστιν (Jn. 8:54)
Whom you say that, "He is
our God"
15. τοὺς πτωχοῦς (poor) γὰρ πάντοτε
(always) ἔχετε μεθ' ἑαυτῶν, ἐμὲ
δὲ οὐ πάντοτε ἔχετε (Jn. 12:8)
For the poor you have with you
always, but you do not always
have me
16. ὅτι τὴν ἀγάπην τοῦ θεοῦ οὐκ
ἔχετε ἐν ἑαυτοῖς (Jn. 5:42)
Because the love of God you do
not have in yourselves

Name _____

Chapter 11: Demonstrative, Relative, Reflexive, and Reciprocal Pronouns

Pointing the Demonstrative and Relative Pronouns

1. Demonstrative Declensions: (15)

ἐκεῖνος Nom. Sg. M from ἐκεῖνος that

1. τούτῳ

2. ἐκείνου

3. οὗτοι

4. ταῦτας

5. ὅ

6. ἐκεῖνα

7. ἐκείνων

8. ταῦτα

9. οὓς

10. αὗτη

11. ὃ

12. αἵ

13. ἐκείναις

14. τούτων

15. οἵς

2. Translate these short lines: (15)

1. τὴν ἡμέραν ἐκείνην (Jn. 1:39)
2. διὰ τοὺς λόγους τούτους (Jn. 10:19)
3. ἐκ τῆς ὥρας ταύτης (Jn. 12:27)
4. καὶ ἀπ' ἐκείνης τῆς ὥρας (Jn. 19:27)
5. εἰς ἐκεῖνον (Jn. 13:27)
6. ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ (Jn. 14:20)
7. καὶ ταῦτα οὐ γινώσκεις; (Jn. 3:10)
8. ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ τούτῳ (Jn. 12:25)
9. καὶ δὲ οὐ λαμβάνει (Mat. 10:38)
10. οὗτός ἐστιν ὑπὲρ (in behalf of) οὗ ἐγὼ εἶπον (I spoke) (Jn. 1:30)
11. περὶ οὗ λέγει (Jn. 13:24)

12. καὶ τῷ λόγῳ ὃν εἶπεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς (Jn. 2:22)
13. ὃν ὑμεῖς λέγετε ὅτι θεὸς ἡμῶν ἐστιν (Jn. 8:54)
14. οὗτοί εἰσιν οἵ (Rev. 14:4)
15. καὶ ἄλλα (other) πρόβατα (sheep) ἔχω ἢ οὐκ ἐστιν (Jn. 10:16)
3. Translate these long lines: (15)
1. οὗτος ἦν (was) ἐν ἀρχῇ (beginning) πρὸς τὸν θεόν (Jn. 1:2)
 2. καὶ λέγει μοι· Οὗτοι οἱ λόγοι ἀληθινοὶ (true) τοῦ θεοῦ εἰσιν (Rev. 19:9)
 3. καὶ εἶπεν (he said) ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Εἰς κρίμα (judgment) ἐγὼ εἰς τὸν κόσμον τοῦτον ἤλθον (I came) (Jn. 9:39)
 4. τοῦτον οὖν ἰδὼν (after seeing) ὁ Πέτρος λέγει τῷ Ἰησοῦ· Κύριε, οὗτος δὲ τί (what?); (Jn. 21:21)
 5. εἰ (if) δὲ τοῖς ἐκείνου γράμμασιν (writings) οὐ πιστεύετε, πῶς (how) τοῖς ἐμοῖς ρήμασιν (words) πιστεύσετε; (Jn. 5:47)

6. ἀπ' ἐκείνης οὖν τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἐβουλεύσαντο (they plotted)
(Jn. 11:53)

7. ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ γνώσεσθε ὑμεῖς ὅτι ἐγὼ ἐν τῷ πατρὶ (father) μου καὶ ὑμεῖς ἐν ἐμοὶ κάγῳ ἐν ὑμῖν. (Jn. 14:20)

8. τοῦτό ἐστιν τὸ ἔργον τοῦ θεοῦ, ἵνα (that) πιστεύητε (you might believe) εἰς ὃν ἀπέστειλεν (he sent) ἐκεῖνος (Jn. 6:29)

9. ἡμεῖς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐσμεν· ὁ γινώσκων (one knowing) τὸν θεὸν ἀκούει ἡμῶν, ὃς οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ οὐκ ἀκούει ἡμῶν (1 Jn. 4:6)

10. ἀλλ' εἰσὶν ἐξ ὑμῶν τινες (some) οἵ οὐ πιστεύουσιν (Jn. 6:64)

11. ως γὰρ ᾔσθαν (they were) ἐν ταῖς ἡμέραις [ἐκείναις] (Mat. 24:38)

12. πολλοὶ (many) ἐροῦσίν μοι ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ· Κύριε, κύριε (Mat. 7:22)

13. ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ὥρᾳ εἶπεν (he said) ὁ Ἰησοῦς τοῖς ὄχλοις (Mat. 26:55)

14. καὶ ἐλοιδόρησαν (they reviled) αὐτὸν καὶ εἶπον· Σὺ μαθητὴς εἶ ἐκείνου, ἡμεῖς δὲ τοῦ Μωϋσέως ἐσμὲν μαθηταί (Jn. 9:28)

15. ὅτι τοῦτο ἐλεγεν (he was saying), καὶ ἐπίστευσαν (they believed) τῇ γραφῇ καὶ τῷ λόγῳ ὃν εἶπεν (he said) ὁ Ἰησοῦς (Jn. 2:22)

4. Think Greek (do not do the words in brackets)

1. (He knew) that voice
2. Again Peter leaves
3. He knows who (was)
4. (He bowed) to this crowd
5. They are those

5. Vocabulary Review (10)

1. ζωή _____
2. ἀποστέλλω _____
3. μένω _____
4. ἡμεῖς _____
5. δίκαιος _____
6. I wish _____
7. I throw _____
8. I judge _____
9. he _____
10. to _____

6. Current Vocabulary Story (10)

Once upon a time a Greek mother was looking for some sales at the This and _____ store. She had been there many times and came back _____ to see if her son _____ could find a pair of shoes for walking on water. _____ she entered the store _____ time the clerk, who was _____ would not wait on her and he _____ to go into the other room _____. Peter, _____ was _____ an hour late, came in. He wanted Reeboks instead.

**Ch. 12: Perfecting the Imperfect Verbs Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise: IAI = Imperfect Active Indicative

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| 1. ἐγίνωσκεν | 3 SG. IAI from γινώσκω meaning "he/she/it was knowing"
(Mat. 1:25) |
| 2. εἶχεν | 3 SG. IAI from ἔχω meaning "he/she/it was having" (Mat. 3:4) |
| 3. ήσαν | 3 PL. IAI from εἰμί meaning "they were" (Mat. 4:18) |
| 4. ἔλεγον | 3 PL./1 SG. IAI from λέγω meaning "they were speaking"
"I was speaking" (Mat. 9:10) |
| 5. ής | 2 SG. IAI from εἰμί meaning "you were" (Mat. 25:23) |
| 6. ἐπορεύετο | 3 SG. IDI from πορεύομαι meaning "he/she/it was going"
(Mat. 24:1) |
| 7. ἤρχετο | 3 SG. IDI from ἔρχομαι meaning "he/she/it was coming"
(Mk. 2:13) |
| 8. ἤκουεν | 3 SG. IAI from ἀκούω meaning "he/she/it was hearing" (Mk. 6:20) |
| 9. ἐσώζοντο | 3 PL. IM/PI from σώζω meaning "they were being saved"
(Mk. 6:56) |
| 10. ηύρισκον | 3 PL./1 SG. IAI from εύρισκω meaning "they were finding"
"I was finding" (Mk. 14:55) |

Translations:

1. καὶ ἦν ἡ μήτηρ τοῦ Ἰησοῦ ἐκεῖ (there)
(Jn. 2:1) And the mother of Jesus
was there
2. ἐκεῖνος δὲ ἔλεγεν περὶ τοῦ ναοῦ (temple)
τού σώματος (body) αὐτοῦ (Jn. 2:21) But that one was speaking
concerning the temple of
his body
3. αὐτὸς γὰρ ἐγίνωσκεν τί (what) ἦν
ἐν τῷ ἀνθρώπῳ (Jn. 2:25) For he was knowing what
was in the man

4. καίτοιγε (although) Ἰησοῦς αὐτὸς οὐκ ἐβάπτιζεν ἀλλ’ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ (Jn. 4:2)
Although Jesus himself was not baptizing but his disciples
5. ἔλεγον οὖν οἱ μαθηταὶ πρὸς ἄλλήλους (one another) (Jn. 4:33)
Then the disciples were saying to one another
6. καὶ ἥρχοντο πρὸς αὐτόν (Jn. 4:30)
And they were coming to him
7. ὅτι οὐ μόνον (only) ἔλυεν τὸ σάββατον, ἀλλὰ καὶ παέρα ἴδιον (his own) ἔλεγεν τὸν θεὸν Ἰσον (equal) ἐαυτὸν ποιῶν (making) τῷ θεῷ (Jn. 5:18)
Because not only was he breaking the Sabbath, but also he was calling God his own father making himself equal with God
8. Καὶ μετὰ ταῦτα περιπάτει (walked) ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἐν τῇ Γαλιλαίᾳ· οὐ γὰρ ἤθελεν ἐν τῇ Ἰουδαίᾳ περιπατεῖν (to walk) (Jn. 7:1)
And after these things Jesus walked in Galilee; for he was not willing to walk in Judea
9. ἔγραφεν εἰς τὴν γῆν (Jn. 8:8)
He was writing in the ground
10. εἶπεν αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς· εἰ τυφλοὶ (blind) ἦτε, οὐκ ἀν εἴχετε ἀμαρτίαν· νῦν δὲ λέγετε ὅτι βλέπομεν, ἡ ἀμαρτία ὑμῶν μένει (Jn. 9:41)
Jesus said to them, "If you were blind, you would not have sin, but now you say that 'we see,' your sin remains"
11. καὶ ἥρχοντο πρὸς αὐτὸν καὶ ἔλεγον· Χαῖρε (greetings) ὁ βασιλεὺς τῶν Ἰουδαίων (Jn. 19:3)
And they were coming to him and saying, "Greetings the king of the Jews"
12. καὶ διὰ τὴν μαρτυρίαν ἣν εἶχον (Rev. 6:9)
And because of the testimony which they were having

Name _____

Chapter 12: Imperfect Verbs***Translating Imperfectly***

1. Parsing Party: (15)

ἔλυον 1 Sg./
 3 Pl. IAI from λύω I was/they were
 loosing

1. ἔβλεπεν

2. ἤκουον

3. ἔβλεπόμην

4. ἤκουόνου

5. ἤκουόμεν

6. ἔβλεπόμεθα

7. ἤκουέσθε

8. ἤκουόμην

9. ἔβλέπετε

10. ἤκουες

11. ἔβλέπετο

12. ἤκουόμεθα

13. ἔβλεπες

14. ἤκουέτε

15. ἔβλέποντο

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. καὶ οὐκ ἐγίνωσκεν αὐτήν (Mat. 1:25)
2. ἐν ἀρχῇ ἦν ὁ λόγος (Jn. 1:1)
3. ἐν αὐτῷ ζωὴν ἦν (Jn. 1:4)
4. ὅτι τοῦτο ἔλεγεν (Jn. 2:22)
5. ἔλεγον οὖν οἱ μαθηταὶ πρὸς ἄλλήλους (Jn. 4:33)
6. εἰ (if) γὰρ ἐπιστεύετε Μωϋσεῖ, ἐπιστεύετε ἂν ἐμοί (Jn. 5:46)
7. οὐδὲ γὰρ οἱ ἀδελφοὶ αὐτοῦ ἐπίστευον εἰς αὐτόν (Jn. 7:5)
8. ὅτι πρῶτος μου ἦν (Jn. 1:15)
9. οἱ Φαρισαῖοι ἔλεγον τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ (Mat. 9:11)
10. οἱ ὄχλοι . . . ἔλεγον· Μήτι (not) οὗτος ἐστιν ὁ υἱὸς Δαυΐδ; (Mat. 12:23)
11. οὐκ εἶχεν γῆν πολλήν (much) (Mat. 13:5)

12. ὅτι ὡς προφήτην αὐτὸν εἶχον (Mat. 14:5)

13. ὁ δὲ οὐκ ἤθελεν (Mat. 18:30)

14. ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἀπὸ τοῦ ἱεροῦ ἐπορεύετο (Mat. 24:1)

15. καὶ ἔλεγον πρὸς ἄλλήλους (Mk. 4:41)

3. Translate the following long lines: (15)

1. ἐκεῖνος δὲ ἔλεγεν περὶ τοῦ ναοῦ (temple) τοῦ σώματος (body) αὐτοῦ (Jn. 2:21)

2. Ἰησοῦς δὲ οὐκ ἐπίστευεν αὐτὸν αὐτοῖς (Jn. 2:24)

3. ἔβλεπον εἰς ἄλλήλους οἱ μαθηταὶ ἀπορούμενοι (being uncertain) περὶ τίνος (whom) λέγει (Jn. 13:22)

4. ὅτε ἦμην μετ' αὐτῶν ἐγὼ ἐτήρουν (I kept) αὐτοὺς ἐν τῷ ὀνόματί (name) σου φὰ δέδωκάς (you have given) μοι (Jn. 17:12)

5. οὗτος ἦν ἐν ἀρχῇ (beginning) πρὸς τὸν θεόν (Jn. 1:2)

6. ἐν αὐτῷ ζωὴ ἦν, καὶ ζωὴ ἦν τὸ φῶς (light) τῶν ἀνθρώπων (Jn. 1:4)

7. οἱ δὲ ὄχλοι ἔλεγον· Οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ προφήτης Ἰησοῦς ὁ ἀπὸ Ναζαρὲθ τῆς Γαλιλαίας (Mat. 21:11)

8. ἦσαν δὲ παρ' ἡμῖν ἑπτὰ (seven) ἀδελφοί (Mat. 22:25)

9. καὶ λέγετε· Εἰ (if) ἡμεθα (we were) ἐν ταῖς ἡμέραις τῶν πατέρων (fathers) ἡμῶν (Mat. 23:30)

10. ἀγαπητοί, οὐκ ἐντολὴν (command) καινὴν (new) γράφω ὑμῖν ἀλλ' ἐντολὴν παλαιὰν (old) ἢν εἴχετε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς (beginning) (1 Jn. 2:7)

4. Think Greek

1. he was saying to me

2. you were dead

3. we were knowing the scripture

4. John was coming

5. I was seeing him

5. Vocabulary Review (10)

1. ὅταν _____

2. τότε _____

3. εἰσέρχομαι _____

4. εἰμί _____

5. ὑπέρ (acc.) _____

6. that _____

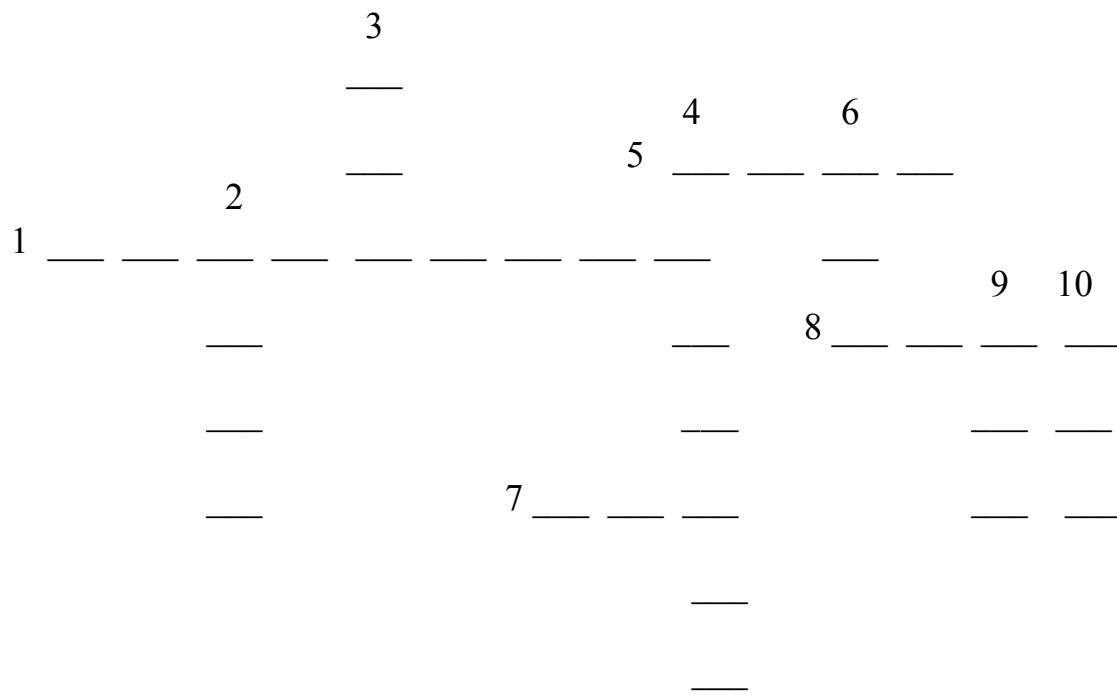
7. this _____

8. only _____

9. I go _____

10. and not _____

6. Vocabulary Word Search

**Across**

1. I die
2. whole, entire
5. behold
3. indeed
7. with
4. John
8. there
6. when
9. until
10. in order that

Down

Ch. 13: Third Declension Nouns Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

Declining Third Declensions

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| 1. πνεύμασι | Dat. Pl. Neut. from <i>πνεῦμα</i> meaning "to spirits" (Mk. 1:27) |
| 2. σαρκί | Dat. Sg. Fem. from <i>σάρξ</i> meaning "to flesh" (Rom. 2:28) |
| 3. δυνάμεις | Nom./Acc. Pl. Fem. from <i>δύναμις</i> meaning "powers"
(Mat. 7:22) |
| 4. πνεύματα | Nom./Acc. Pl. Neut. from <i>πνεῦμα</i> meaning "spirits"
(Mk. 3:11) |
| 5. σαρκῶν | Gen. Pl. Fem. from <i>σάρξ</i> meaning "of fleshes"
(Rev. 19:21) |
| 6. βασιλεῖ | Dat. Sg. Masc. from <i>βασιλεύς</i> meaning "for a king"
(Mat. 18:23) |
| 7. πνεύματος | Gen. Sg. Neut. from <i>πνεῦμα</i> meaning "of a spirit" (Mat. 1:18) |
| 8. δυνάμεσι | Dat. Pl. Fem. from <i>δύναμις</i> meaning "to powers" (Acts 2:22) |
| 9. βασιλεῖς | Nom./Acc. Pl. Masc. from <i>βασιλεύς</i> meaning "kings"
(Mat. 17:25) |
| 10. σάρκας | Acc. Pl. Fem. from <i>σάρξ</i> meaning "fleshes" (Jam. 5:3) |

Translations:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. καὶ ἔσονται οἱ δύο εἰς σάρκα μίαν
(one)· ὥστε οὐκέτι (no longer)
<i>εἰσὶν δύο ἀλλὰ μία σάρξ</i>
(Mk. 10:8) | And the two will be for one flesh,
so that they are no longer two but
one flesh |
|--|---|

2. καὶ ὄψεται πᾶσα σάρξ τὸ
σωτήριον (salvation) τοῦ θεοῦ
(Lk. 3:6)
3. τὸ γεγενημένον (one having been born)
ἐκ τῆς σαρκὸς σάρξ ἐστιν, καὶ τὸ
γεγενημένον εκ τοῦ πνεύματος
πνεῦμα ἐστιν (Jn. 3:6)
4. ὑμεῖς κατὰ τὴν σάρκα κρίνετε,
ἐγὼ οὐ κρίνω οὐδένα (no one)
(Jn. 8:15)
5. καὶ χάρις θεοῦ ἦν ἐπ' αὐτό (Lk. 2:40)
6. μὴ ἔχει χάριν τῷ δούλῳ ὅτι (Lk. 17:9)
7. ὅτι ὁ νόμος διὰ Μωϋσέως ἐδόθη (it
was given), ἡ χάρις καὶ ἡ ἀλήθεια
διὰ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ ἐγένετο
(it became/came) (Jn. 1:17)
8. κατὰ τὴν πίστιν ὑμῶν (Mat. 9:29)
9. καὶ ἰδὼν (after seeing) ὁ Ἰησοῦς τὴν
πίστιν αὐτῶν λέγει τῷ
παραλθτικῷ· Τέκνον (Mk. 2:5)
10. καὶ ἀπροκριθεὶς (answered) ὁ Ἰησοῦς
Λέγει αὐτοῖς· Ἐχετε πίστιν θεοῦ
(Mk. 11:22)
11. εὑρήσει τὴν πίστιν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς;
(Lk. 18:8)
- And all flesh will see the salvation
of God
- The one having been born of the
flesh is flesh, and the one having
been born of the Spirit is spirit
- You judge according to
the flesh, I judge no one
- And the grace of God was upon
him (Neuter: child)
- He would not have favor on the
servant because
- Because the law was given through
Moses, grace and truth came
through Jesus Christ
- According to your faith
- And Jesus, after seeing their faith,
said to the paralytic, “Child”
- And Jesus answered and said to
them, “Have faith in God”
- Will he find faith upon the earth?

12. πολλοὶ γὰρ ἔλεύσονται ἐπὶ τῷ
όνοματί μου λέγοντες (saying)· Ἐγώ
εἰμι ὁ Χριστός (Mat. 24:5)
For many will come in my name
saying, “I am the Christ”
13. βαπτίζοντες (baptizing) αὐτοὺς εἰς
τὸ ὄνομα τοῦ πατρὸς καὶ τοῦ υἱοῦ
καὶ τοῦ ἁγίου πνεύματος (Mat. 28:19)
Baptizing them in the name of the
Father and of the Son and of the
Holy Spirit

Name _____

Chapter 13: Third Declension Nouns***Third Declension***

Be able to parse the case, number, gender of the nouns.

1. Decline: (30)

σαρκί Dat. Sg. Fem. σάρξ “to flesh”
 1. χάριτος

2. πίστεσι

3. ὄνόματα

4. πίστεως

5. χάριτες

6. παντός

7. χάριτας

8. πᾶσαν

9. πίστεις

10. ὄνόμασι

11. πᾶν

12. χαρίτων

13. πίστιν

14. πᾶσαι

15. ὄνόματι

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. [ἐπὶ] τῷ λόγῳ τῆς χάριτος αὐτοῦ (Acts 14:3)
2. χάριτι παρὰ θεῷ καὶ ἀνθρώποις (Lk. 2:52)
3. τῇ χάριτι τοῦ κυρίου ὑπὸ τῶν ἀδελφῶν (Acts 15:40)
4. ἐκ πίστεως, ἵνα κατὰ χάριν (Rom. 4:16)
5. ὅτι οὐκ ἔσμεν ὑπὸ νόμον ἀλλὰ ὑπὸ χάριν (Rom. 6:15)
6. περὶ τῆς εἰς Χριστὸν Ἰησοῦν πίστεως (Acts 24:24)
7. κατὰ τὴν πίστιν ὑμῶν (Mat. 9:29)
8. εὑρήσει τὴν πίστιν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς; (Lk. 18:8)
9. εἰ (if) ἔστε ἐν τῇ πίστει (2 Cor. 13:5)
10. τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦν (Mat. 1:21)
11. ὅτι ἐν τῷ ὄνοματι Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ τοῦ Ναζωραίου (Acts 4:10)
12. καὶ ἐπὶ τῇ πίστει τοῦ ὄνοματος αὐτοῦ (Acts 3:16)

13. καὶ πᾶσα Ἱεροσόλυμα μετ' αὐτοῦ (Mat. 2:3)

14. ἐπὶ πᾶσαν τὴν γῆν (Mat. 27:45)

15. ἐν τῇ ἀληθείᾳ πάσῃ (Jn. 16:13)

3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)

1. ἀλλὰ διὰ τῆς χάριτος τοῦ κυρίου Ἰησοῦ πιστεύομεν (Acts 15:11)

2. εἰ (if) δὲ χάριτι, οὐκέτι (no longer) ἐξ ἔργων, ἐπεὶ (since) ή χάρις οὐκέτι γίνεται χάρις (Rom. 11:6)

3. εὐχαριστῶ (I give thanks) τῷ θεῷ μου πάντοτε (always) περὶ ὑμῶν ἐπὶ τῇ χάριτι τοῦ θεοῦ (1 Cor. 1:4)

4. ἀμαρτία γὰρ ὑμῶν οὐ κυριεύσει· (it shall rule) οὐ γάρ ἐστε ὑπὸ νόμου ἀλλὰ ὑπὸ χάριν (Rom. 6:14)

5. δικαιοσύνη (righteousness) γὰρ θεοῦ ἐν αὐτῷ ἀποκαλύπτεται (is revealed) ἐκ πίστεως εἰς πίστιν, καθὼς γε γραπται (it has been written)· Ὁ δὲ δίκαιος ἐκ πίστεως ζήσεται (he will live) (Rom. 1:17)

6. καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς (he answered) ὁ Ἰησοῦς λέγει αὐτοῖς· Ἐχετε πίστιν θεοῦ (Mk. 11:22)

7. καὶ ἰδὼν (after seeing) ὁ Ἰησοῦς τὴν πίστιν αὐτῶν λέγει τῷ παραλυτικῷ (paralytic). Τέκνον (child), ἀφίενται (they are forgiven) σου αἱ ἀμαρτίαι (Mk. 2:5)

8. ἦ δὲ ἄνθρωπος ἐκ τῶν Φαρισαίων, Νικόδημος ὃνομα αὐτῷ, ἄρχων (ruler) τῶν Ἰουδαίων (Jn. 3:1)

9. ἀπεκρίθη (he answered) αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Εἶπον (I told/said) ύμῖν καὶ οὐ πιστεύετε· τὰ ἔργα ἃ ἐγὼ ποιῶ (I do) ἐν τῷ ὀνόματι τοῦ πατρός μου (Jn. 10:25)

10. παρακαλῶ (I appeal to/beseech) δὲ ύμᾶς, ἀδελφοί, διὰ τοῦ ‘νόματος τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (1 Cor. 1:10)

11. διὰ τοῦτο (therefore) λέγω ύμῖν, πᾶσα ἀμαρτία καὶ βλασφημία ἀφεθήσεται (it shall be forgiven) τοῖς ἀνθρώποις, ἦ δὲ τοῦ πνεύματος βλασφημία οὐκ ἀφεθήσεται (Mat. 12:31)

12. καὶ ὅψεται πᾶσα σὰρξ τὸ σωτήριον (salvation) τοῦ θεοῦ (Lk. 3:6)

13. ὃς μὲν [γὰρ] κρίνει ἡμέραν παρ' ἡμέραν, ὃς δὲ κρίνει πᾶσαν ἡμέραν
(Rom. 14:5)
 14. λέγω δὲ ὑμῖν ὅτι οὐδὲ Σολομὼν ἐν πάσῃ τῇ δόξῃ αὐτοῦ περιεβάλετο
(was clothed) ὡς ἐν (one) τούτων (Mat. 6:29)
 15. κοινωνίαν (fellowship) ἔχομεν μετ' ἀλλήλων καὶ τὸ αἷμα (blood)
Ἴησοῦ τοῦ νίου αὐτοῦ καθαρίζει (it cleanses) ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ πάσης
ἀμαρτίας (1 Jn. 1:7)
4. Think Greek (the words in brackets need not be transcribed) (10)
1. The father of the king (will)
 2. In the faith I will believe
 3. From grace to grace
 4. He was seeing me
 5. He will judge you (pl.)

5. Vocabulary Review: Translate the following (20)

1. ἀποθνήσκω _____

2. καθώς _____

3. ἔως _____

4. ἔρχομαι _____

5. ὄχλος _____

6. I save _____

7. death _____

8. I go away, leave _____

9. with _____

10. there _____

6. Current Vocabulary Matching (try English crossword in ch. 14)

ἔλεος

_____	1. father	A. Δύναμις
_____	2. flesh, body	B. πᾶς
_____	3. power, miracle	C. πνεῦμα
_____	4. grace, kindness	D. ὄνομα
_____	5. name, reputation	E. χάρις
_____	6. man, husband	F. βασιλεὺς
_____	7. all, every	G. ανήρ
_____	8. faith, belief	H. πατήρ
_____	9. king	I. σάρξ
_____	10. spirit, wind	J. πίστις

Name _____

Review of Chapters 3–13

1. Parse (verbs) or decline (nouns) the following forms: (15)

καρδίᾳ	Noun Dat. Sg. F. from καρδία "to/for a heart"
ἔχεις	Verb 2 nd Sg. PAI from ἔχω meaning "you have"
με	Pron. 1 Acc. Sg from ἐγώ "me"
αὐτός	Pron. 3 Nom. Sg M. from αὐτός "he"

1. αὗτη						
2. ἦν						
3. ἀποκρίνεται						
4. ἐκεῖνο						
5. ἔμενεν						
6. ἡμῶν						
7. ἐξελεύσῃ						
8. ἦς						
9. ἐροῦσιν						
10. πνεύμασι						
11. βαλεῖτε						
12. εἰσήρχετο						
13. τοῦτο						
14. ἀπεκρίνοντο						
15. δύναμει						

2. Short Translations 1-10 (20)

1. καὶ οὐχ ηύρισκετο ὅτι μετέθηκεν (he took up) αὐτὸν ὁ θεός
(Gen. 5:24)
2. σὺ δὲ ἀπελεύῃ πρὸς τοῦς πατέρας σου μετ' εἰρήνης
(Gen. 15:15)
3. καὶ ἔλγεγον πρὸς αὐτόν ποῦ (where) εἰσιν οἱ ἄνδρες; (Gen. 19:5)
4. ἔσῃ ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς (Gen. 4:12)
5. τῇ δὲ Ρεβεκκα ἀδελφὸς ἦν ὁ ὄνομα Λαβαν (Gen. 24:29)
6. Ισαακ δὲ ἐπορεύετο διὰ τῆς ἐρήμου (Gen. 24:4)
7. καὶ ἔσεσθε ώς θεοὶ γινώσκοντες (knowing) καλὸν (good) καὶ πονηρόν (Gen. 3:5)
8. ἀλλὰ εἰς τὴν γῆν μου οὗ ἐγεόμην πορεύσῃ (Gen. 24:4)
9. πάντες οὗτοι ἦσαν υἱοὶ Χεττούρας (Gen. 25:4)
10. ἦν ἦν παρ' αὐτῇ ἐν τῷ οἴκῳ (Gen. 27:15)

3. Long Translations 1-10 (30)

1. οἱ δὲ γιγαντες (giants) ἥσαν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ἐν τοῖς ἡμέραις ἐκείναις καὶ μετ' ἐκεῖνο ώς ὃν εἰσεπορεύοντο οἱ νιὸι τοῦ θεοῦ πρὸς τὰς θυγατέρας (daughters) τῶν ἀνθρώπων (Gen. 6:4)

2. καὶ Μελχισεδεκ βασιλεὺς Σαλημ ἐξήνεγκεν (brought out) ἄρτους (bread) καὶ οἴνον ἦν δὲ ιερευς τοῦ θεοῦ τοῦ ὑψίστου (most high) (Gen. 14:18)

3. καὶ Αβρααμ ἦν πρεσβύτερος (old/elderly) προβεβηκὼς (advanced or “on in”) ἡμερῶν καὶ κύριος εὐλόγησεν τὸ Αβρααμ κατὰ πάντα (Gen. 24:1)

4. καὶ εἶδεν (saw) Ιακωβ τὸ πρόσωπον (face) τοῦ Λαβαν καὶ ἴδοὺ οὐκ ἦν πρὸς αὐτὸν ώς ἔχθες (yesterday) καὶ τρίτην ἡμέραν (Gen. 31:2)

5. ἦ ἐστιν Βαιθηλ αὐτὸς καὶ πᾶς ὁ λαός ὃς ἦν μετ' αὐτοῦ (Gen. 35:6)

6. σὺ δὲ λήμψῃ σεαυτῷ ἀπὸ πάντων τῶν βρωμάτων (food) (Gen. 12:12)

7. ἔσται οὖν ώς ὃν ἰδωσίν (they may see) σε οἱ Αἰγύπτιοι (Egyptians) ἐροῦσιν ὅτι γυνὴ (wife/woman) αὐτοῦ αὕτη καὶ ἀποκτενοῦσίν με (Gen. 12:12)

8. τὸν δὲ ἔθνος (nation) φὸς ἐὰν (who ever) δουλεύσωσιν κρινῶ ἐγώ
μετὰ δὲ ταῦτα ἐξελεύσονται (Gen. 15:14)

9. καὶ οὐ κληθήσεται (shall be called) ἔτι (still, yet) τὸ ὄνομά σου
Αβραμ ἀλλ᾽ ἔσται τὸ ὄνομα σου Αβρααμ ὅτι πατέρα
πολλῶν ἔθνῶν τέθεικά (I have made/put) σε (Gen. 17:5)

10. εἰπεν δὲ ἡ πρεσβυτέρα (older) πρὸς τὴν νεωτέραν (younger) ὁ
πατὴρ ἡμῶν πρεσβύτερος καὶ οὐδείς ἔστιν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ὃς
εἰσελεύσεται πρὸς ἡμᾶς (Gen. 19:31)

4. Write Greek 1-5 (10)

1. the father of the king was my brother

2. on that day we will remain in the house

3. But this my son was going to heaven

4. he was casting himself into the crowd (do not use the middle verb)

5. All these humans will know this truth that

5. Vocab Review (20)

1. καθώς

2. τότε

3. δίκαιος

4. δία (+ Acc.)

5. ἀποθηῆσκνω

6. σάρξ

7. I raise up

8. son

9. day

10. I save

Ch. 14: Second Aorists Descending into the Deep Dark Past Foldunders Fold under the right side of the sheet

Parsing Paradise:

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| 1. ἤλθομεν | 1 st Pl. AAI from ἔρχομαι meaning "we came" (Mat. 2:2) |
| 2. ἐγενόμην | 1 st SG. ADI from γίνομαι meaning "I became" (Acts 20:18) |
| 3. ἐξῆλθες | 2 nd SG. AAI from ἐξέρχομαι meaning "you went out"
(Jn. 16:30) |
| 4. ἤλθεν | 3 rd SG. AAI from ἔρχομαι meaning "he/she/it came"
(Mat. 9:1) |
| 5. ἐμείναμεν | 1 st Pl. AAI from μένω meaning "we remained" (Acts 21:7) |
| 6. εὗρον | 3 rd Pl. /1 st SG. AAI εύρισκω meaning "they found"
"I found" (Mat. 22:10) |
| 7. ἐγένεσθε | 2 nd Pl. ADI from γίνομαι meaning "you became" (Lk. 16:11) |
| 8. εὗρες | 2 nd SG. AAI from εύρισκω meaning "you found" (Lk. 1:30) |
| 9. ἐξῆλθομεν | 1 st Pl. AAI from ἐξέρχομαι meaning "we went out"
(Acts 16:13) |
| 10. ἤλθατε | 2 nd Pl. AAI from ἔρχομαι meaning "you came" (Mat. 25:36) |

Translations

1. οὗτος ἤλθεν εἰς μαρτυρίαν (Jn. 1:7) This one came for a witness
2. εἶπαν οὖν αὐτῷ (Jn. 1:22) Then they said to him
3. ὡς περιστερὰν (dove) ἐξ οὐρανοῦ καὶ ἔμεινεν ἐπ' αὐτόν (Jn. 1:32) As a dove out of heaven and it remained on him

4. εἶδεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς τὸν Ναθαναὴλ
(Jn. 1:47) Jesus saw Nathaniel
5. ἀπεκρίθη Ἰησοῦς καὶ εἶπεν
αὐτῷ· Ὅτι εἶπόν σοι ὅτι εἶδόν
σε (Jn. 1:50) Jesus answered and said to him,
"Because I said to you that I saw
you"
6. καὶ εὗρεν ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ
(Jn. 2:14) And he found in the temple
7. ἀπεκρίθη (answered) Ἰησοῦς καὶ
εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Σὺ εἶ ὁ
διδάσκαλος τοῦ Ἰσραὴλ
καὶ ταῦτα οὐ γινώσκεις;
(Jn. 3:10) Jesus answered and said to him,
"You are the teacher of Israel and
these things you do not know?"
8. οὐ γὰρ ἀπέστειλεν ὁ θεὸς
τὸν υἱὸν εἰς τὸν κόσμον
ἰ!να (Jn. 3:17) For God did not send the son into
the world in order that
9. Μετὰ ταῦτα ἤλθεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς
καὶ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ εἰς
τὴν Ἰουδαίαν γῆν (Jn. 3:22) After these things Jesus and his
disciples went into the land of
Judea
10. πέντε γὰρ ἄνδρας ἔσχες καὶ
νῦν ὃν ἔχεις οὐκ ἔστιν σου
ἀνήρ (Jn. 4:18) For five husbands you have had
and the one whom you now
have is not your husband
11. ἐξῆλθον ἐκ τῆς πόλεως
(Jn. 4:30) They went out of the city
12. Μετὰ δὲ τὰς δύο ἡμέρας
ἐξῆλθεν ἐκεῖθεν εἰς τὴν
Γαλιλαίαν (Jn. 4:43) But after two days, he went out
from there into Galilee

Name _____

Chapter 14: Second Aorist Verbs***Digging into the Past: Second Aorist***

1. Parsing Party: (30)

ἠλθον 1Sg./3Pl. AAI from ἔρχομαι I/they came

1. ἐβαλε(v)

2. ἐλαβες

3. ἐλάβετε

4. ἐβαλόμεθα

5. ἐλάβομεν

6. ἐβαλόμην

7. ἐβάλετε

8. ἐλαβον

9. ἐβάλεσθε

10. ἐβαλον

11. ἐλαβε(v)

12. ἐβάλου

13. ἐλάβετο

14. ἐβάλοντο

15. ἐβάλομεν

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. οἱ δὲ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· Ἐν Βηθλέεμ τῇς Ἰουδαίας (Mat. 2:5)
2. καὶ εἰσῆλθεν εἰς γὴν Ἰσραήλ (Mat. 2:21)
3. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν πρὸς αὐτόν (Mat. 3:15)
4. καὶ εἶδεν [τὸ] πνεῦμα [τοῦ] θεοῦ (Mat. 3:16)
5. καὶ ἰδοὺ πᾶσα ἡ πόλις (city) ἐξῆλθεν (Mat. 8:34)
6. ὅτι ἄρτους (bread) οὐκ ἐλάβομεν (Mat. 16:7)
7. λέγω δὲ ὑμῖν ὅτι Ἡλίας ἥδη (already) ἦλθεν (Mat. 17:12)
8. καὶ πολλοὶ (many) τῶν ἀνθρώπων ἀπέθανον (Rev. 8:11)
9. ὅσοι (whoever) δὲ ἔλαβον αὐτόν (Jn. 1:12)
10. οὗτος ἦν ὃν εἶπον (Jn. 1:15)
11. ἡμεῖς πάντες ἐλάβομεν (Jn. 1:16)

12. εἶπαν οὖν αὐτῷ· Τίς (who) εἰ; (Jn. 1:22)
13. καθὼς εἶπεν Ἡσαΐας ὁ προφήτης (Jn. 1:23)
14. οὗτός ἐστιν ὑπὲρ οὗ ἐγὼ εἶπον (Jn. 1:30)
15. καὶ εἶδον, καὶ ἤκουσα (I heard) φωνὴν ἀγγέλων πολλῶν (Rev. 5:11)

3. Translate the following long lines: (15)

1. εἶδον τὸ παιδίον (child) μετὰ Μαρίας τῆς μητρὸς (mother) αὐτοῦ (Mat. 2:11)
2. καὶ ἴδού τινες (some) τῶν γραμματέων (scribes) εἶπαν ἐν ἑαυτοῖς· Οὗτος βλασφημεῖ. (Mat. 9:3)
3. ἀλλὰ τί (what?) ἐξήλθατε ἱδεῖν (to see); προφήτην; ναὶ (yes) λέγω ὑμῖν, καὶ περισσότερον (more than) προφήτου (Mat. 11:9)
4. καὶ ἔκτείνας (stretching out) τὴν χεῖρα (hand) αὐτοῦ ἐπὶ τοὺς μαθητὰς εἶπεν· Ἰδοὺ ἡ μῆτηρ (mother) μου καὶ οἱ ἀδελφοί μου (Mat. 12:49)

5. τότε ἀφεὶς (leaving) τοὺς ὄχλους ἤλθεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν. Καὶ προσῆλθον αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ λέγοντες (saying)
(Mat. 13:36)
6. ὡς οὖν ἤλθον πρὸς αὐτὸν οἱ Σαμαρῖται, ἡρώτων (who asked) αὐτὸν μεῖναι (to remain) παρ’ αὐτοῖς· καὶ ἔμεινεν ἐκεῖ δύο (two) ημέρας
(Jn. 4:40)
7. εἰς τὰ ἴδια ἤλθεν, καὶ οἱ ἴδιοι αὐτὸν οὐ παρέλαβον (receive) (Jn. 1:11)
8. ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ πληρώματος (fullness) αὐτοῦ ἡμεὶς πάντες ἐλάβομεν καὶ χάριν ἀντὶ (upon) χάριτος (Jn. 1:16)
9. ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ ἦν, καὶ ὁ κόσμος δι' αὐτοῦ ἐγένετο, καὶ ὁ κόσμος αὐτὸν οὐκ ἔγνω (Jn. 1:10)
10. λέγει αὐτοῖς· Ἐρχεσθε (come) καὶ ὄψεσθε. ἤλθαν οὖν καὶ εἶδαν ποῦ (where) μένει καὶ παρ’ αὐτῷ ἔμειναν (they stayed) τὴν ημέραν ἐκείνην (Jn. 1:39)
11. καὶ ἤλθον πρὸς τὸν Ἰωάννην καὶ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· Ὅτι μετὰ σοῦ? (Jn. 3:26)

12. μετὰ ταῦτα ἤλθεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς καὶ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ εἰς τὴν Ἰουδαίαν γῆν (Jn. 3:22)
13. καὶ εἰσῆλθεν εἰς τὸ πραιτώριον (praetorium) πάλιν καὶ λεγει τῷ Ἰησοῦ· Πόθεν (from where) εἶ σύ; (Jn. 19:9)
14. τινὲς (some) δὲ ἐξ αὐτῶν ἀπῆλθον πρὸς τοὺς φαρισαίους καὶ εἶπαν αὐτοῖς (Jn. 11:46)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. the blood came into my body

2. Jesus entered the way

3. this king became the holy (one)

4. I came because of your sins

5. he said to him

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. δύναμις _____

2. ἀνήρ _____

3. ὅτε _____

4. ἵνα _____

5. πάλιν _____

6. spirit _____

7. flesh _____

8. behold _____

9. then _____

10. now _____

6. Current Vocabulary (10)

7

8
3 _____

6 _____

2
1 _____

10
4 _____
5 _____

9

Across

- 1. I teach
- 2. one's own
- 4. I raise, take up
- 3. I am about to
- 5. way
- 7. much, many
- 6. good
- 9. body
- 8. soul, life
- 10. blood

Down

**Ch. 15: First Aorists Revisting the past –σα Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| 1. ἔγραψα | 1 Sg. AAI from γράφω meaning “I wrote” (Rom. 15:15) |
| 2. ἐδίδαξας | 2 Sg. AAI from διδάσκω meaning “you taught” (Lk. 13:26) |
| 3. ἡθελήσαμεν | 1 Pl. AAI from θέλω meaning “we wished” (1 Th. 2:18) |
| 4. ἔσωσεν | 3 Sg. AAI from σώζω meaning “he/she/it saved”
(Mat. 27:42) |
| 5. ἡθελήσατε | 2 Pl. AAI from θέλω meaning “you wished” (Mat. 23:37) |
| 6. ἐδίδαξαν | 3 Pl. AAI from διδάσκω meaning “they taught” (Mk. 6:30) |
| 7. ἐγράψατε | 2 Pl. AAI from γράφω meaning “you wrote” (1 Cor. 7:1) |
| 8. ἔκρινας | 2 Sg. AAI from κρίνω meaning “you judged” (Lk. 7:43) |
| 9. ἐδίδαξα | 1 Sg. AAI from διδάσκω meaning “I taught” (Jn. 18:20) |
| 10. ἔγραψαν | 3 Pl. AAI from γράφω meaning “they wrote” (Acts 18:27) |

Translations:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. ὅτι Ἡμεῖς ἡκούσαμεν αὐτοῦ
(Mk. 14:58) | That "We ourselves heard him" |
| 2. Ωσ οὖν ἔγνω ὁ Ἰησοῦς ὅτι ἡκουσαν
οἱ Φαρισαῖοι ὅτι (Jn. 4:1) | When therefore Jesus knew that
the Pharisees heard that |
| 3. Ἠκουσαν ἐκ τῶν Φαρισαίων ταῦτα
οἱ μετ' αὐτοῦ ὄντες (being) καὶ
εἶπον αὐτῷ· Μὴ καὶ ἡμεῖς
τυφλοί (blind) ἐσμεν; (Jn. 9:40) | The ones being with him of the
Pharisees heard these things and
they said to him, "We are not
blind also, are we?" |

4. ἡ οὖν Μάρθα ὡς ἤκουσεν ὅτι
Ἰησοῦς ἔρχεται (Jn. 11:20)

 Therefore when Martha heard that
Jesus was coming
5. ἀπεκρίθη οὖν αὐτῷ ὁ ὥχλος· Ἡμεῖς
ἡκούσαμεν ἐκ τοῦ νόμου ὅτι
ὁ Χριστὸς μένει εἰς τὸν
αἰῶνα (Jn. 12:34)

 Then the crowd answered him,
"We heard from the law that Christ
remains forever"
6. ἡκούσατε ὅτι ἐγὼ εἶπον ύμῖν
(Jn. 14:28)

 You heard that I said to you
7. ἀ ἡκουσα παρὰ τοῦ πατός μου
(Jn. 15:15)

 The things that I heard from my
Father
8. καὶ καθὼς ἐδίδαξεν ύμᾶς, μένετε ἐν
αὐτῷ (1 Jn. 2:27)

 And just as it taught you,
remain in him
9. καὶ ἐπίστευσαν εἰς αὐτὸν οἱ
μαθηταί αὐτοῦ (Jn. 2:11)

 And his disciples believed in him
10. καὶ ἐπίστευσαν τῇ γραφῇ καὶ τῷ
λόγῳ ὃν εἶπεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς (Jn. 2:22)

 And they believed the scripture and
the word that Jesus spoke
11. Ἐκ δὲ τῆς πόλεως ἐκείνης πολλοὶ
ἐπίστευσαν εἰς αὐτὸν τῶν
Σαμαριτῶν διὰ τὸν λόγον
τῆς γυναικὸς (Jn. 4:39)

 But from that city many of the
Samaritans believed in him because
of the word of the woman
12. ἐπίστευσεν ὁ ἄνθρωπος τῷ
λόγῳ ὃν εἶπεν αὐτῷ ὁ
Ἰησοῦς καὶ ἐπορεύετο (Jn. 4:50)

 The man believed the word that
Jesus spoke to him and he was
going
13. καὶ εἶδαν ποῦ μένει καὶ παρ'
αὐτῷ ἔμειναν τὴν ἡμέραν
ἐκείνην (Jn. 1:39)

 And they saw where he was staying
and they stayed with him that day

Name _____ Key _____

Chapter 15: First Aorist Verbs***First Aorist: Sigma-ing the Past***

1. Parsing Party: (30)

ἐδίδαξα 1 Sg. AAI διδάσκω I taught

1. ἤκουσας

2. ἐπίστευσα

3. ἤκουσάμεθα

4. ἀπέστειλα

5. ἤκουσάμην

6. ἔβλεψεν

7. ἤκουσεν

8. ἐπιστεύσαντο

9. ἤκουσα

10. ἤκουσαν

11. ἐπιστεύσαμεν

12. ἔβλεψα

13. ἐπίστευσε

14. ἤκούσατε

15. ἐπίστευσαν

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. καὶ ἐπίστευσαν τῇ γραφῇ (Jn. 2:22)

2. ὡς οὗν ἔγνω ὁ Ἰησοῦς ὅτι ἤκουσαν οἱ Φαρισαῖοι (Jn. 4:1)

3. καὶ ἤκουσαν τὴν φωνὴν κυρίου τοῦ θεοῦ (Gen. 3:8)

4. περὶ γὰρ ἐμοῦ (= μοῦ) ἐκεῖνος ἔγραψεν (Jn. 5:46)

5. ἐκ τοῦ ὄχλου δὲ πολλοὶ ἐπίστευσαν (Jn. 7:31)

6. ἤκουσαν οἱ Φαρισαῖοι τοῦ ὄχλου (Jn. 7:32)

7. ἡ ἐντολὴ (command) ἡ παλαιά (old) ἐστιν ὁ λόγος ὃν ἤκουύσατε
(1 Jn. 2:7)

8. καὶ ἐπίστευσαν ὅτι σύ με ἀπέστειλας (Jn. 17:8)

9. καὶ ἥλθομεν πρός σε (Mat. 25:39)

10. ὑμεῖς δὲ ἤκουύσατε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς (beginning) (1 Jn. 2:24)

11. τῇ ἐπαύριον (next day) ἡθέλησεν ἐξελθεῖν (to depart) εἰς τὴν
Γαλιλαίαν (Jn. 1:43)

12. ἀλλὰ καθὼς ἐδίδαξέν με ὁ πατὴρ ταῦτα (Jn. 8:28)

13. εἰσῆλθον . . . εἰς τὸ ἱερὸν καὶ ἐδίδασκον (Acts 5:21)
14. ὃν ἤγειρεν ἐκ νεκρῶν Ἰησοῦς (Jn. 12:1)
15. παρ' ἐμοῦ (= μοῦ) ἥκουσας ἐν πίστει καὶ ἀγάπῃ τῇ ἐν Χριστῷ
Ἰησοῦ (2 Tim. 1:13)
3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)
1. ἥκουσατε ὅτι ἐρρέθη (it was said)· Ὁφθαλμὸν ἀντὶ (for/in place of)
όφθαλμοῦ καὶ ὀδόντα (tooth) ἀντὶ ὀδόντος (Mat. 5:38)
 2. εὑρίσκει Φίλιππος τὸν Ναθαναὴλ καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ· Ὅν ἔγραψεν
Μωϋσῆς ἐν τῷ νόμῳ καὶ οἱ προφῆται εύρήκαμεν (we have found),
Ἰησοῦν υἱὸν Ἰωσὴφ τὸν ἀπὸ Ναζαρέτ (Jn. 1:45)
 3. καὶ ἐπίστευσαν εἰς αὐτὸν οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ (Jn. 2:11)
 4. ὁ ἐώρακεν (he has seen) καὶ ἥκουσεν τοῦτο μαρτθρεῖ (he bears/bore
witness), καὶ τὴν μαρτυρίαν (witness) αὐτοῦ οὐδεὶς (no one)
λαμβάνει (Jn. 3:32)

5. ἐκ δὲ τῆς πόλεως (city) ἐκείνης πολλοὶ ἐπίστευσαν εἰς αὐτὸν τῶν Σαμαριτῶν διὰ τὸν λόγον τῆς γυναικὸς (woman) μαρτυρούσης (testifying) ὅτι εἶπέν μοι (Jn. 4:39)
6. οὐκ ἐπίστευσαν οὖν οἱ Ἰουδαῖοι περὶ αὐτοῦ ὅτι ἦν τυφλὸς (blind) (Jn. 9:18)
7. διὰ πίστεως Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ, καὶ ἡμεῖς εἰς Χριστὸν Ἰησοῦν ἐπιστεύσαμεν (Gal 2:16)
8. καὶ πολλοὶ ἐπίστευσαν εἰς αὐτὸν ἐκεῖ (Jn. 10:42)
9. γνωστὸν (known) δὲ ἐγένετο καθ' ὅλης τῆς Ἰόππης (Joppa) καὶ ἐπίστευσαν πολλοὶ ἐπὶ τὸν κύριον (Acts 9:42)
10. ἥλθεν γὰρ Ἰωάννης πρὸς ὑμᾶς ἐν ὁδῷ δικαιοσύνης (righteousness), καὶ οὐκ ἐπιστευσατε αὐτῷ (Mat. 21:32)
11. ἐπίστευσεν ὁ ἄνθρωπος τῷ λόγῳ ὃν εἶπεν αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς καὶ ἐπορεύετο (Jn. 4:50)
12. τί (what?) γὰρ ἡ γραφὴ λέγει; Ἐπίστευσεν δὲ Ἀβραὰμ τῷ θεῷ καὶ ἐλογίσθη (it was reckoned) αὐτῷ εἰς δικαιοσύνην (Rom. 4:3)

13. ἤκουσεν Ἰησοῦς ὅτι ἐξέβαλον (he was thrown out) αὐτὸν ἔξω (outside) καὶ εὑρὼν (after finding) αὐτὸν εἶπεν, Σὺ πιστεύεις εἰς τὸν νιὸν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου; (Jn. 9:35)
14. ἡ οὖν Μάρθα ὡς ἤκουσεν ὅτι Ἰησοῦς ἔρχεται (Jn. 11:20)
15. ἥκούσατε ὅτι ἐγὼ εἶπον ύμῖν· Ὑπάγω (I am leaving) καὶ ἔρχομαι πρὸς ύμᾶς (Jn. 14:28)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. you (pl) believed in Jesus
2. they heard that Peter was holy
3. the father spoke to the son
4. he takes up his blood
5. you yourselves are the light of the world

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. διδάσκω _____

2. χάρις _____

3. οὖν _____

4. ἄγιος _____

5. ὑπέρ (gen.) _____

6. blood _____

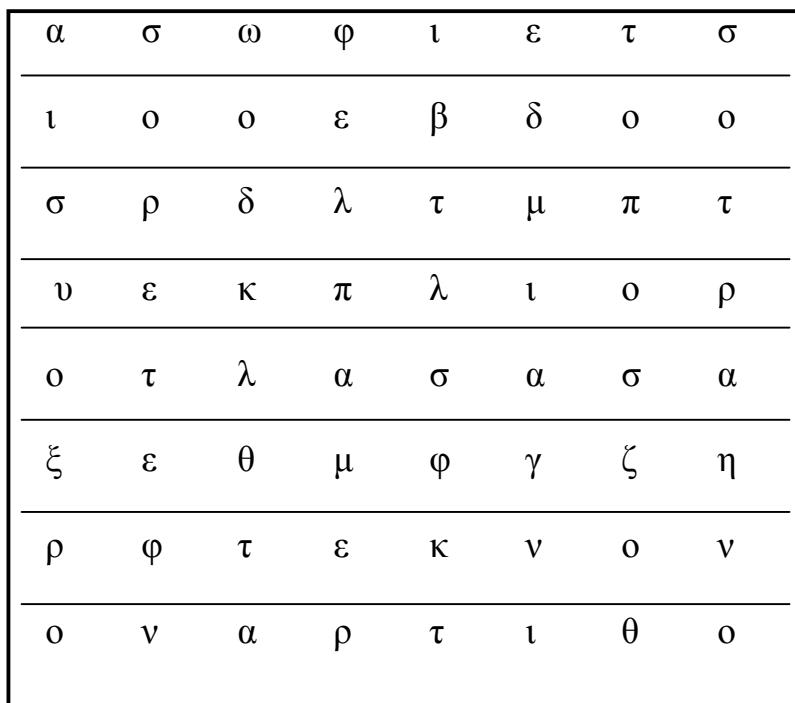
7. name _____

8. way _____

9. and not, nor _____

10. you (pl) _____

6. Current Vocabulary Word Search (10)



Vocab words: find and circle in the puzzle

other different

it is necessary child

yet, still place

Chapter 16: Going Passive Aorist and Future Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

Parsing Paradise:

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| 1. εύρέθη | 3 SG. API from εύρισκω meaning “he/she/it was found” (Mat. 1:18) |
| 2. ἐβαπτίσθητε | 2 PL. API from βαπτίζω meaning “you were baptized” (Acts 19:3) |
| 3. ἐσώθημεν | 1 PL. API from σώζω meaning “we were saved” (Rom. 8:24) |
| 4. ἐπιστεύθην | 1 SG. API from πιστεύω meaning “I was trusted” (Tit. 1:3) |
| 5. ἐδιδάχθησαν | 3 PL. API from διδάσκω meaning “they were taught” (Mat. 28:15) |
| 6. ἐλύθη | 3 SG. API from λύω meaning “he/she/it was loosed” (Mk. 7:35) |
| 7. εύρέθησαν | 3 PL. API from εύρισκω meaning “they were found” (Lk. 17:18) |
| 8. ἐρρέθη | 3 SG. API from λέγω meaning “he/she/it was said” (Mat. 5:31) |
| 9. ἐδιδάχθητε | 2 PL. API from διδάσκω meaning “you were taught” (2 Th. 2:15) |
| 10. βαπτισθήσετε | 2 PL. FPI from βαπτίζω meaning “you will be baptized” (Mk. 10:39) |

Translations:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. οἱ δὲ ἀκούσαντες (after hearing)
$\tauοῦ$ βασιλέως ἐπορεύθησαν
καὶ ᾤδου ὁ ἀστήρ (star), ὃν
εἶδον ἐν τῇ ἀνατολῇ (east)
(Mat. 2:9) | After hearing the king, they left and
behold the star which they saw in the east |
| 2. Φωνὴ ἐν Ῥαμὰ ἡκούσθη
(Mat. 2:18) | "A voice in Ramah was heard" |
| 3. Πάλιν ἡκούσατε ὅτι ἐρρέθη
$\tauοῖς$ ἀρχαίοις (Mat. 5:33) | Again, you heard that it was said to
the ancients (those of old) |

4. καὶ ἐσώθη ἡ γυνὴ ἀπὸ τῆς ὥρας ἐκείνης (Mat. 9:22)
And the woman was healed from that hour
5. Ἐν ἐκείνῳ τῷ καιρῷ (time) ἐπορεύθη ὁ Ἰησοῦς τοῖς σάββασιν (sabbath) διὰ τῶν σπορίμων (grain fields) (Ma. 12:1)
At that time Jesus went on the Sabbath through the grain fields.
6. ὁ δὲ οὐκ ἀπεκρίθη αὐτῇ λόγον (Mat. 15:23)
But he did not answer her a word
7. καὶ ἤρωτησαν (they asked) αὐτόν· Τί οὖν σὺ; Ἡλίας εἶ; Καὶ λέγει· Οὐκ εἰμί. Ὁ προφήτης εἶ σύ; καὶ ἀπεκρίθη· Οὐ (Jn. 1:21)
And they asked him, "Who then are you? Are you Elias?" And he said "I am not." "Are you the prophet?" And he answered, "No."
8. λέγει αὐτῷ Ναθαναήλ· πόθεν (how) με γινώσκεις; ἀπεκρίθη Ἰησοῦς καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ (Jn. 1:48)
And Nathaniel said to him, "How do you know me?" Jesus answered and said to him
9. καὶ ἀποκτενοῦσιν αὐτόν, καὶ τῇ τρίτῃ ἡμέρᾳ ἐγερθήσεται (Mat. 17:23)
And they will kill him, and the third day he will be raised.
10. καὶ πολλοὶ ψευδοπροφῆται ἐγερθήσονται (Mat. 24:11)
And many false prophets will be raised
11. ὅτι Ἰωάννης μὲν ἐβάπτισεν ὕδατι, ὑμεῖς δὲ ἐν πνεύματι βαπτισθήσεσθε ἀγίῳ οὐ μετὰ πολλὰς ταύτας ἡμέρας (Acts 1:5)
For John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit after not these many days

Name _____

Chapter 16: Aorist and Future Passive Verbs***Going Passive (Aorist and Future)***

1. Parsing Party: (30)

ἐλύθην 1 Sg. API from λύω I was loosed

1. ἐκρίθησαν

2. εὑρέθημεν

3. λυθήσῃ

4. ἐγενήθητε

5. λυθήσονται

6. ἐπιστεύθη

7. λύθησόμεθα

8. ἀκουσθήσεται

9. ἀπεστάλη

10. ἐβλήθη

11. λύθήσεσθε

12. ἐρρέθησαν

13. ἀπεστάλην

14. λυθήσομαι

15. εὑρεθησόμεθα

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ὅτε οὗν ἤγέρθη ἐκ νεκρῶν (Jn. 2:22)
2. ἐκ τοῦ αἰῶνος οὐκ ἡκούσθη (Jn. 9:32)
3. λυθήσεται ὁ σατανᾶς (Rev. 20:7)
4. Φωνὴ ἐν Παμὰ ἡκούσθη (Mat. 2:18)
5. ἡκούσατε ὅτι ἐρρέθη· Ὁφθαλμὸν ἀντὶ ὁφθαλμοῦ (Mat. 5:38)
6. καὶ ἐσώθη ἡ γυνὴ ἀπὸ τῆς ὥρας ἐκείνης (Mat. 9:22)
7. ὅτι ἐπὶ τοῦτο ἀπεστάλην (Lk. 4:43)
8. ἡκούσθη ὅτι ἐν οἴκῳ ἐστίν (Mk. 2:1)
9. ὅτι Ἰωάννης ἤγέρθη ἐκ νεκρῶν (Lk. 9:7)
10. ὅσοι ἐβαπτίσθημεν εἰς Χριστὸν Ἰησοῦν (Rom. 6:3)
11. σώματα τῶν . . . ἀγίων ἤγέρθησαν (Mat. 27:52)
12. προφήτης μέγας ἤγέρθη ἐν ἡμῖν (Lk. 7:16)

13. βληθήσεται Βαβυλών ἡ μεγάλη πόλις (Rev. 18:21)
14. καὶ ἐβλήθη εἰς τὴν γῆν (Rev. 8:7)
15. ἐν τῷ φωτὶ ἀκουσθήσεται (Lk. 12:3)
3. Translate the following long lines: (15)
1. ἐκείνη δὲ ως ἥκουσεν ἤγέρθη ταχὺ (quickly) καὶ ἤρχετο πρὸς αὐτόν (Jn. 11:29)
 2. δι’έμοῦ ἔάν τις εἰσέλθῃ (may enter) σωθήσεται καὶ εἰσελεύσεται καὶ ἐξελεύσται καὶ νομὴν (pasture) εὑρήσει (Jn. 10:9)
 3. ἀπεκρίθησαν καὶ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· Ἐν ἀμαρτίαις σὺ ἐγεννήθης (you were born) ὅλος καὶ σὺ διδάσκεις ἡμᾶς; Καὶ ἐξέβαλον αὐτὸν ἔξω (Jn. 9:34)
 4. οὐκ ἔστιν ὅδε (here), ἤγέρθη γὰρ καθὼς εἶπεν (Mat. 28:6)
 5. νῦν κρίσις (judgment) ἔστιν τοῦ κόσμου τούτου, νῦν ὁ ἄρχων (ruler) τοῦ κόσμου τούτου ἐκβληθήσεται ἔξω (Jn. 12:31)

6. ὅτι ὁ ἀδελφός σου οὗτος νεκρὸς ἦν καὶ ἔζησεν, καὶ ἀπολωλὼς (having been lost) . . . εὑρέθη (Lk. 15:32)

7. ἀπεστάλη ὁ ἄγγελος Γαβριὴλ ἀπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ εἰς πόλιν τῆς Γαλιλαίας ἵ . . . Ναζαρὲθ (Lk. 1:26)

8. εἶπαν οὖν οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτῷ· Κύριε, εἰ (if) κεκοίμηται (he has slept) σωθήσεται (Jn. 11:12)

9. ὅτι Ἰωάννης μὲν ἐβάπτισεν (he baptized) ὕδατι (by water), ὑμεῖς δὲ ἐν πνεύματι βαπτισθήσεσθε ἀγίῳ οὐ μετὰ πολλὰς ταύτας ἡμέρας (Acts 1:5)

10. καὶ αὐτοὶ ἐξηγούντο (reported) τὰ (things that had happened) ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ καὶ ὡς (how) ἐγνώσθη αὐτοῖς ἐν τῇ κλάσει (breaking) τοῦ ἄρτου (Lk. 24:35)

11. καὶ πολλοὶ ψευδοπροφῆται ἐγερθήσονται καὶ πλανήσουσιν (deceive) πολλούς (Mat. 24:11)

12. ἐν ᾧ γὰρ κρίματι (judgment) κρίνετε κριθήσεσθε (Mat. 7:2)

13. οἱ δὲ νίοὶ τῆς βασιλείας ἐκβληθήσονται εἰς τὸ σκότος (darkness) (Mat. 8:12)
14. ὅς γὰρ ἔχει, δοθήσεται (it will be given) αὐτῷ· καὶ ὅς οὐκ ἔχει, καὶ ὁ ἔχει ἀρθήσεται (will be taken) ἀπ' αὐτοῦ (Mk. 4:25)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. the high priest was sent
2. the good father was heard
3. you (sg.) will be judged
4. you (pl) will be saved into eternity
5. Paul remained in the house

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. δεῖ _____
2. καλός _____
3. αἴρω _____
4. περί (gen.) _____
5. ἔξουσία _____
6. child _____
7. light _____
8. body _____
9. soul _____
10. faith _____

6. Current Vocabulary Story (10)

Once upon a time there was a very passive town of little gophers. They continually watched _____ on TV but did not really do anything. They were not _____ to break out of their passiveness and in the whole _____ the gopher houses were all the same from ever in the past to _____ or so it seemed. They could not lift their _____ or perhaps I should say paw, and their whole race or _____ could not shake it as they watched gopher TV every night. Then a _____ of the gopher temple decided to inquire of a human _____ who was tremendously active how the passive spell could be broken. _____ the great gopher decided that as _____ their nation was, perhaps they should go online in Minnesota and then they would shake gopher passiveness by becoming interactive.

**Ch. 17: Contract Verb Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise:

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1. ἐζητήσαμεν | 1 Pl. AAI from ζητέω meaning “we sought” (Acts 16:10) |
| 2. ποιοῦμεν | 1 Pl. PAI from ποιέω meaning “we make” (Jn. 11:47) |
| 3. καλέσουσιν | 3 Pl. FAI from καλέω meaning “they will call” (Mat. 1:23) |
| 4. ζήσομεν | 1 Pl FAI from ζάω meaning “we will live” (Rom. 6:2) |
| 5. ἐποίησα | 1 Sg. AAI from ποιέω meaning “I did” (Jn. 4:29) |
| 6. ἐζήτησεν | 3 Sg. AAI from ζητέω meaning “he/she/it sought”
(2 Tim. 1:17) |
| 7. ἐκάλεσεν | 3 Sg. AAI from καλέω meaning “he/she/it/ called”
(Mat. 1:25) |
| 8. ποιήσεις | 2 Sg. FAI from ποιέω meaning “you will do” (Heb. 8:5) |
| 9. ἐκάλουν | 3 Pl. IAI from καλέω meaning “they were calling” (Lk. 1:59) |
| 10. ζητήσουσιν | 3 Pl. FAI from ζητέω meaning “they will seek” (Lk. 13:24) |

Translations

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. ἐν ἀρχῇ ἐποίησεν ὁ θεὸς τὸν
οὐρανόν καὶ τὴν γῆν (Gen. 1:1) | In the beginning God made the
heaven and the earth |
| 2. καὶ ἐποίησεν ὁ θεὸς τὸν ἄνθρωπον
κατ' εἰκόνα (image) θεοῦ ἐποίησεν
αὐτὸν ἄρσεν (male) καὶ θῆλυ
(female) ἐποίησεν αὐτούς
(Gen. 1:27) | And God made the man according
to the image of God he made him,
male and female he made them |

3. καὶ εἶδεν ὁ θεὸς τὰ πάντα ὅσα ἐποίησεν (Gen. 1:31)
And God saw all which he made
4. καὶ ἐκάλεσεν κύριος ὁ θεὸς τὸν Ἀδὰμ καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Ἀδὰμ ποῦ (where?) εἰ; (Gen. 3:9)
And the Lord God called Adam and said to him, "Adam, where are you?"
5. καὶ εἶπεν Ἀδám τοῦτο νῦν ὄστοῦν (bone) ἐκ τῶν ὄστέων μου καὶ σὰρξ ἐκ τῆς σαρκός μου αὕτη κληθήσεται γυνή ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ ἀνδρὸς αὐτῆς ἐλήμφθη (λαμβάνω) (Gen. 2:23)
And Adam said "This is now bone from my bone and flesh from my flesh she will be called woman because she was taken out of her man"
6. καὶ ἐκάλεσαν Ρεβεκκαν καὶ εἶπαν αὐτῇ πορεύζῃ μετὰ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου τούτου; (Gen. 24:58)
And they called Rebekah and said to her, "Will you go with this man?"
7. καὶ ἐκάλεσεν ὁ θεὸς τὸ φῶς ἡμέραν (Gen. 1:5)
And God called the light day
8. ὁ δὲ εἶπεν· Τοὺς ἀδελφούς μου ζητῶ (Gen. 37:16)
But he said, "I am seeking my brothers"

Name _____

Chapter 17: Contract Verbs***Verbal Contractions***

1. Parsing:

λαλῶ 1 Sg. PAI from λαλέω I speak

1. λαλεῖς

2. πληρῶ

3. ἀγαπᾶ

4. λαλοῦμεν

5. πληροῦτε

6. ἀγαπῶμεν

7. λαλοῦσι(ν)

8. πληροῖς

9. ἀγαπῶ

10. λαλεῖ

11. πληροῦμεν

12. ἀγαπᾶς

13. λαλεῖτε

14. πληροῦσι(ν)

15. ἀγαπᾶτε

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. Τί (what) ζητεῖς ἢ Τί (why) λαλεῖς μετ' αὐτῆς; (Jn. 4:27)
2. τί (what) ποιεῖ (Jn. 7:51)
3. δὲ οἴδαμεν (we know) λαλοῦμεν (Jn. 3:11)
4. οὐ ζητῶ τὸ θέλημα τὸ ἐμόν (Jn. 5:30)
5. ἀγαπῶ τὸν πατέρα (Jn. 14:31)
6. ἀμαρτίαν οὐ ποιεῖ (1 Jn. 3:9)
7. ὅτι ἀγαπῶμεν τοὺς ἀδελφούς (1 Jn. 3:14)
8. σὺ ποιεῖς (Jn. 3:2)
9. λαλῶ εἰς τὸν κόσμον (Jn. 8:26)
10. τί (what) ζητεῖτε; (Jn. 1:38)
11. ἀγαπᾶς με πλέον (more than) τούτων; (Jn. 21:15)
12. τίς (who) σε ζητεῖ ἀποκτεῖναι (to kill); (Jn. 7:20)

13. ἐμοὶ οὐ λαλεῖς; (Jn. 19:10)

14. ὁ πατὴρ ἀγαπᾷ τὸν υἱὸν (Jn. 3:35)

15. ἐγὼ ἀγαπῶ ἐν ἀληθείᾳ (2 Jn. 1:1)

3. Translate the following long lines: (15)

1. ἀγαπᾷ γὰρ τὸ ἔθνος ἡμῶν καὶ τὴν συναγωγὴν αὐτὸς ὑκοδόμησεν (Lk. 7:5)
2. ὁ πατὴρ ἀγαπᾷ τὸν υἱὸν καὶ πάντα δέδωκεν (has given) ἐν τῇ χειρὶ αὐτοῦ (Jn. 3:35)
3. διὰ τοῦτο με ὁ πατὴρ ἀγαπᾷ ὅτι ἐγὼ τίθημι (I lay down) τὴν ψυχήν μου (Jn. 10:17)
4. ἀπεκρίθη Ἰησοῦς καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Ἐάν (if) τις (anyone) ἀγαπᾷ με τὸν λόγον μου τηρήσει (he/she will keep) (Jn. 14:23)
5. ζητεῖτε δὲ πρῶτον τὴν βασιλείαν [τοῦ θεοῦ] καὶ τὴν δικαιοσύνην αὐτοῦ (Mat. 6:33)
6. ἀλλ' ἵνα γνῶ (it may know) ὁ κόσμος ὅτι ἀγαπῶ τὸν πατέρα, καὶ καθὼς ἐνετείλατό (he has commanded) μοι ὁ πατὴρ, οὕτως ποιῶ (Jn. 14:31)

7. Αγαπῶ τὸν θεὸν καὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ μισῆ (he hates), ψεύστης (liar) ἐστίν· (1 Jn. 4:20)

8. οὐ Μωϋσῆς δέδωκεν (he gave) ὑμῖν τὸν νόμον; Καὶ οὐδεὶς ἐξ ὑμῶν ποιεῖ τὸν νόμον (Jn. 7:19)

9. τί (what) ποιοῦμεν ὅτι οὗτος ὁ ἄνθρωπος πολλὰ ποιεῖ σημεῖα (signs); (Jn. 11:47)

10. οὐκέτι (no longer) λέγω ὑμᾶς δούλους, ὅτι ὁ δοῦλος οὐκ οἶδεν (he knows) τί (what) ποιεῖ αὐτοῦ ὁ κύριος (Jn. 15:15)

11. εἶπον οὖν αὐτῷ· Τί (what) οὖν ποιεῖς σὺ σημεῖον (sign); (Jn. 6:30)

12. ἀπεκρίθησαν αὐτῷ οἱ Ἰουδαῖοι· Περὶ καλοῦ ἔργου οὐ λιθάζομεν (we are stoning) σε ἀλλὰ περὶ βλασφημίας, καὶ ὅτι σὺ ἄνθρωπος ὃν (being) ποιεῖς σεαυτὸν θεόν (Jn. 10:33)

13. αὐτὰ τὰ ἔργα ἂ ποιῶ μαρτυρεῖ (it testifies) περὶ ἐμοῦ ὅτι ὁ πατήρ με ἀπέσταλκεν (he has sent) (Jn. 5:36)
14. λέγει αὐτοῖς· Πῶς (how) οὗν Δανιὴλ ἐν πνεύματι καλεῖ αὐτὸν κύριον; (Mat. 22:43)
15. εἰ οὐ ποιῶ τὰ ἔργα τοῦ πατρός μου, μὴ πιστεύετε μοι (Jn. 10:37)

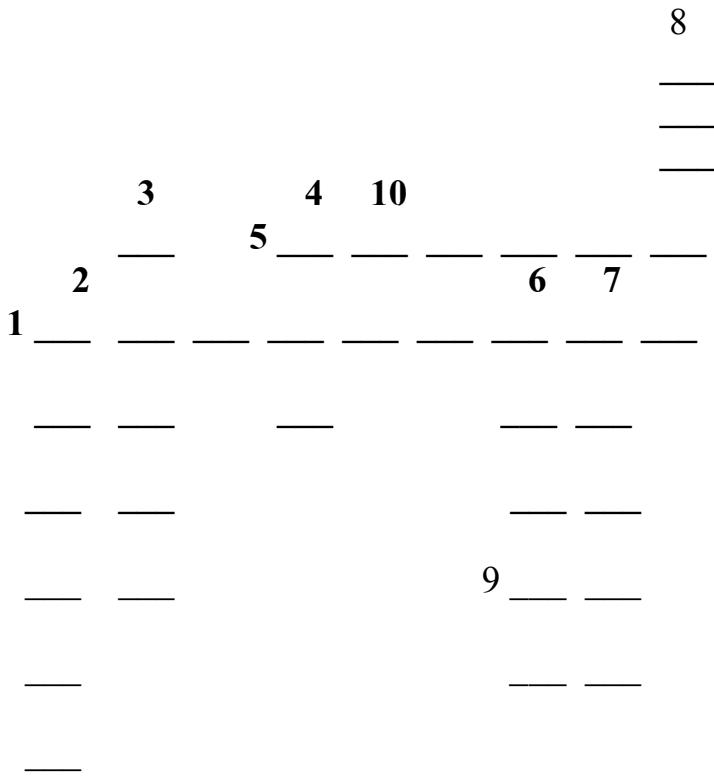
4. Think Greek (10)

1. he calls her
2. we exhort you (pl)
3. if I am able
4. they seek him with a light
5. a nation makes bread

5. Vocabulary Review (10)

1. ὄσος _____
2. ἄρτος _____
3. ὀφθαλμός _____
4. αἵρω _____
5. ἐπί (gen.) _____
6. one another _____
7. different _____
8. blood _____
9. king _____
10. I am able _____

6. Current Vocabulary Crossword Puzzle (10)



Across

1. I urge, exhort
 5. I seek
 9. if

Down

2. I complete, fill
 3. I call
 4. I live
 6. I say
 7. I eat
 8. I do, make
 10. or, either

**Ch. 18: Getting it Perfect foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| 1. πεποίηκεν | 3 SG. RAI from ποιέω meaning "he/she/it has done" (Lk. 1:25) |
| 2. οἴδατε | 2 PL. RAI from οἶδα meaning "you know" (Mat. 7:11) |
| 3. ἀπέσταλκεν | 3 SG. RAI from ἀποστέλλω "he/she/it has sent" (Lk. 4:18) |
| 4. πεπλήρωται | 3 SG. RM/PI from πληρόω meaning "he/she/it has been fulfilled" (Lk. 4:21) |
| 5. ἐλήλυθας | 2 SG. RAI from ἔρχομαι meaning "you have come" (Jn 3:2) |
| 6. ἐώρακαν | 3 PL. RAI from ὄράω meaning "they have seen" (Lk. 9:36) |
| 7. πεποιήκαμεν | 1 PL. RAI from ποιέω meaning "we have done" (Lk. 17:10) |
| 8. ἀκήκοας | 2 SG. RAI from ἀκούω meaning "you have heard" (Deut. 4:33) |
| 9. ἔγνωκα | 1 SG. RAI from γινώσκω meaning "I have known" (Jn. 5:42) |
| 10. λελαλήκατε | 2 PL. RAI from λαλέω meaning "you have spoken" (Num. 14:28) |

Translations

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Θύγατερ (daughter)· ἡ πίστις σου σέσωκέν σε. Καὶ ἐσώθη ἡ γυνὴ ἀπὸ τῆς ὥρας ἐκείνης (Mat. 9:22) | "Daughter, your faith has healed you." And the woman was healed from that hour. |
| 2. καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς· Γέργαραπται· ὁ οἶκός μου οἶκος προσευχῆς (prayer) κληθήσεται (Mat. 21:13) | And he said to them, "It has been written 'My house will be called a house of prayer'" |

3. εἶπεν· Ἄμην λέγω ὑμῖν,
οὐκ οἶδα ὑμᾶς (Mat. 25:12)

 He said, "Truly I say to you,
I do not know you"
4. ὁ μὲν νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ὑπάγει
(goes) καθὼς γέγραπται περὶ¹
αὐτοῦ (Mat. 26:24)

 Indeed the son of man goes just as
it has been written concerning him
5. οὗτός ἐστιν ὑπὲρ οὗ ἐγὼ εἶπον·
Ὦπίσω (after) μου ἔρχεται ἀνὴρ
ὅς ἔμπροσθέν (before) μου
γέγονεν, ὅτι πρῶτός μου ἦν
(Jn. 1:30)

 This one is the one concerning
whom I spoke, "After me comes a
man who has surpassed me,
because he was before me.
6. κἀγὼ ἐώρακα καὶ μεμαρτύρηκα
(I have testified) ὅτι οὗτός ἐστιν
ὁ νιὸς τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 1:34)

 And I have seen and have testified
that this one is the Son of
God
7. εύρισκει οὗτος πρῶτον τὸν
ἀδελφὸν τὸν ἴδιον (his own)
Σίμωνα καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ·
Εύρήκαμεν τὸν Μεσσίαν
(Jn. 1:41)

 This one first found his own
brother Simon and he said to him,
"We have found the Messiah"
8. καὶ κέκληται τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ
ὁ λόγος τοῦ θεοῦ (Rev. 19:13)

 And his name has been called the
Word of God
9. Οἶδά σου τὰ ἔργα ὅτι ὄνομα
ἔχεις (Rev. 3:1)

 "I know your works that you have a
name"
10. ἐν τούτῳ ἐστὶν ἡ ἀγάπη, οὐχ
ὅτι ἡμεῖς ἡγαπήκαμεν τὸν
θεόν (1 Jn. 4:10)

 In this is love, not that we have
loved God

Name _____

Chapter 18: Perfect Verbs***Perfecting the Perfect Verbs***

1. Parsing Party: (15)—R = perfect

λέλυσαι 2 Sg. RM/ λύω
 PI

1. βέβληται

2. σέσωκεν

3. ἐγήγερται

4. οἶδας

5. γέγονεν

6. ἐώρακεν

7. εύρηκαμεν

8. ἀκηκόατε

9. ἐλήλυθας

10. ἐωράκαμεν

11. πεπίστευκεν

12. ἐλήλυθεν

13. γέγραπται

14. εἴρηκας

15. εἰσεληλύθατε

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ἀπ' ἀρχῆς δὲ οὐ γέγονεν οὕτως (Mat. 19:8)
2. οὕτως γὰρ γέγραπται διὰ τοῦ προφήτου (Mat. 2:5)
3. οἴδεν γὰρ ὁ πατὴρ ὑμῶν ὁ οὐράνιος (Mat. 6:32)
4. ὅτι μὴ πεπίστευκεν εἰς τὸ ὄνομα (Jn. 3:18)
5. ἡ πίστις σου σέσωκέν σε (Mat. 9:22)
6. αὕτη οὖν ἡ χαρὰ (joy) ἡ ἐμὴ (my: adj. ἐμός) πεπλήρωται (Jn. 3:29)
7. αὐτὸς ἡγάπησεν ἡμᾶς (1 Jn. 4:10)
8. ἔστιν αὕτη ἡ ἀγγελία (message) ἷν ἀκηκόαμεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ (1 Jn. 1:5)
9. ἐξ αὐτοῦ γεγέννηται (1 Jn. 2:29)
10. καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ· Εύρήκαμεν τὸν Μεσσίαν (Jn. 1:41)
11. οὕτε φωνὴν αὐτοῦ πώποτε (ever) ἀκηκόατε (Jn. 5:37)
12. ὁ γέγραφα, γέγραφα (Jn. 19:22)

13. ὁ πατήρ με ἀπέσταλκεν (Jn. 5:36)

14. ἀκηκόατε ὅτι ἔρχεται (1 Jn. 4:3)

15. ἐν τούτῳ ἐγνώκαμεν τὴν ἀγάπην (1 Jn. 3:16)

3. Translate the following long lines: (15)

1. οἱ δὲ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· Ἐν Βηθλέεμ τῆς Ἰουδαίας· οὗτοις γὰρ γέγραπται διὰ τοῦ προφήτου (Mat. 2:5)

2. ὁ δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν· Γέγραπτα· οὐκ ἐπ’ ἄρτῳ μόνῳ (alone) ζήσεται ὁ ἄνθρωπος, ἀλλ’ ἐπὶ παντὶ ρήματι (word) ἐκπορευομένῳ (coming from) διὰ στόματος (mouth) θεοῦ (Mat. 4:4)

3. θύγατερ· (daughter) ἡ πίστις σου σέσωκέν σε. Καὶ ἐσώθη ἡ γυνὴ ἀπὸ τῆς ὥρας ἐκείνης (Mat. 9:22)

4. εὑρίσκει οὗτος πρῶτον τὸν ἀδελφὸν τὸν ἴδιον Σίμωνα καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ· Εὑρήκαμεν τὸν Μεσσίαν (Jn. 1:41)

5. εὐρίσκει Φύλιππος τὸν Ναθαναὴλ καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ· Ὁν ἔγραψεν Μωϋσῆς ἐν τῷ νόμῳ καὶ οὗ προφῆται εὐρήκαμεν, Ἰησοῦν υἱὸν τοῦ Ἰωσὴφ τὸν ἀπὸ Ναζαρέτ (Jn. 1:45)

6. οὗτος ἦλθεν πρὸς αὐτὸν νυκτὸς (night) καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Ραββί, οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἀπὸ θεοῦ ἐλήλυθας διδάσκαλος (teacher) (Jn. 3:2)

7. ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω σοι ὅτι ὁ οἴδαμεν λαλοῦμεν καὶ ὁ ἐωράκαμεν μαρτυροῦμεν (we are witnessing), καὶ τὴν μαρτυρίαν (witness) ἡμῶν οὐ λαμβάνετε (Jn. 3:11)

8. τὸ φῶς ἐλήλυθεν εἰς τὸν κόσμον καὶ ἥγαπησαν οἱ ἄνθρωποι μᾶλλον (more) τὸ σκότος (darkness) ἢ (than, or) τὸ φῶς· ἦν γὰρ αὐτῶν πονηρὰ (evil) τὰ ἔργα (Jn. 3:19)

9. γὰρ ἀκηκόαμεν καὶ οἴδαμεν ὅτι οὗτός ἐστιν ἀληθῶς (truly) ὁ σωτὴρ τοῦ κόσμου (Jn. 4:42)

10. καὶ ἀποστέλλουσιν αὐτῷ τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτῶν μετὰ τῶν Ἡρῳδιανῶν (Herodians) λέγοντες (saying)· Διδάσκαλε, (teacher), οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἀληθῆς εἶ καὶ τὴν ὁδὸν τοῦ θεοῦ ἐν ἀληθείᾳ διδάσκεις (Mat. 22:16)

11. ὁ ἐωράκαμεν καὶ ἀκηκόαμεν, ἀπαγγέλλομεν (we declare) καὶ ὑμῖν, ἵνα καὶ ὑμεῖς κοινωνίαν (fellowship) ἔχητε (you might have) μεθ' ἡμῶν . . . μετὰ τοῦ πατρὸς καὶ μετὰ τοῦ νιοῦ αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (1 Jn. 1:3)

12. περὶ δὲ τῆς ἡμέρας ἐκείνης καὶ ὥρας οὐδεὶς (no one) οἶδεν, οἱ ἄγγελοι τῶν οὐρανῶν οὐδὲ ὁ οὐρανός, εἰ μὴ (εἰ μὴ = except) ὁ πατὴρ μόνος (Mat. 24:36)

13. καὶ ἡμεῖς πεπιστεύκαμεν καὶ ἐγνώκαμεν ὅτι σὺ εἶ ὁ ἄγιος τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 6:69)

14. καὶ ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐγνώκαμεν αὐτόν, ἐὰν (if) τὰς ἐντολὰς (commands) αὐτοῦ τηρῶμεν (we keep) (1 Jn. 2:3)

15. ἐγὼ φῶς εἰς τὸν κόσμον ἐλήλυθα (Jn. 12:46)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. It has been written to you (pl)
2. They walk in peace
3. She loved him
4. We have called you brothers
5. They are good

5. Vocabulary Review: Translate the following (20)

1. ἐσθίω _____
2. χείρ _____
3. ἔτι _____
4. ἴδιος _____
5. παρά (dat.) _____
6. high priest _____
7. city _____
8. place _____
9. soul _____
10. I die _____

6. Current Vocabulary Word Search

η	α	γ	δ	ε	η	ν	ο	σ	π
χ	ν	σ	ε	ι	ρ	η	ν	η	ε
φ	ι	υ	γ	ε	μ	γ	σ	ω	ρ
α	α	μ	σ	λ	τ	ε	κ	υ	ι
ι	μ	α	δ	ο	σ	ν	λ	β	π
κ	ο	ρ	α	ω	ι	ν	σ	μ	α
ι	ε	ι	π	ε	ε	α	ν	ι	τ
ο	β	ζ	δ	β	ι	ω	κ	η	ε
θ	ο	α	δ	ι	ο	θ	ζ	ι	ω
δ	φ	λ	π	υ	ψ	τ	φ	κ	δ

Vocab words: find and circle in the puzzle

- | | |
|---------------|--------|
| I beget | house |
| righteousness | I see |
| if, when | I walk |
| peace | how |
| I know | I fear |

Chapter 19: Present Participle Foldovers Fold under the right side of the sheet

Parsing Paradise

1. ζητούντες PA Ptc. Nom. Pl. M. from ζητέω meaning "seeking" (Mat. 2:20)
2. ποιοῦν PA Ptc. Nom./Acc. SG. N. from ποιέω meaning "making" (Mat. 3:10)
3. καθήμενος PD Ptc. Nom. SG. M. from κάθημαι meaning "sitting" (Mat. 4:16)
4. βάλλοντας PA Ptc. Acc. Pl. M. from βάλλω meaning "casting" (Mat. 4:18)
5. διδάσκων PA Ptc. Nom. SG. M. from διδάσκω "teaching" (Mat. 4:23)
6. ἀγαπῶντας PA Ptc. Acc. Pl. M. from ἀγαπάω meaning "loving" (Mat. 5:46)
7. προσευχόμενοι PD Ptc. Nom. Pl. M. from προσεύχομαι "praying" (Mat. 6:7)
8. ὄντα PA Ptc. Acc. SG. M. from εἰμί meaning "being" (Mat. 6:30)
9. εἰσερχάμενοι PD Ptc. Nom. Pl. M. from εἰσέρχομαι "entering" (Mat. 7:13)
10. λεγομένοις PM/P Ptc. Dat. Pl. M./N. from λέγω meaning "being said/beings said for themselves" (Acts 27:11)

Translations

1. τότε ἐπληρώθη τὸ ρῆθεν (what had been spoken) διὰ Ἰερεμίου τοῦ προφήτου λέγοντος (Mat. 2:17) Then was fulfilled what had been spoken through Jeremiah the prophet saying
2. καὶ εἶδεν [τὸ] πνεῦμα [τοῦ] θεοῦ καταβαῖνον (descending) ὥσει περιστερὰν (dove) [καὶ] ἐρχόμενον ἐπ' αὐτόν (Mat. 3:16) And he saw the Spirit of God descending as a dove and coming upon him
3. Περιπατῶν δὲ παρὰ τὴν Θάλασσαν τῆς Γαλιλαίας εἶδεν δύο ἀδελφούς (Mat. 4:18) But while walking beside the sea of Galilee, he saw two brothers

4. καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἀκούων μου τοὺς λόγους τούτους καὶ μὴ ποιῶν αὐτοὺς (Mat. 7:26) And everyone hearing these words of mine and not doing them
5. ἦν γὰρ διδάσκων αὐτοὺς ὡς ἔξουσίαν ἔχων καὶ οὐχ ὡς οἱ γραμματεῖς (scribes) αὐτῶν (Mat. 7:29) For he was teaching them as one having authority and not as their scribes
6. Ταῦτα αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος αὐτοῖς ἴδοὺ ἄρχων (Mat. 9:18) While he was speaking these things to them, behold a ruler
7. εἰσερχόμενοι δὲ εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν (Mat. 10:12) But while entering into the house
8. Ὁ φιλῶν πατέρα ἢ μητέρα ὑπὲρ ἐμὲ οὐκ ἔστιν μου ἄξιος (Mat. 10:37) "The one loving father or mother more than me is not worthy of me"
9. ἦλθεν ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐσθίων καὶ πίνων (drinking), καὶ λέγουσιν, Ἰδοὺ ἄνθρωπος . . . (Mat. 11:19) The Son of Man came eating and drinking, and they say, "behold a man . . ."
10. Ἐτι αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος τοῖς ὄχλοις ἴδοὺ ἡ μήτηρ καὶ οἱ ἀδεφοὶ αὐτοῦ (Mat. 12:46) While he was still speaking to the crowds, behold, his mother and brothers
11. διὰ τοῦτο ἐν παραβολαῖς αὐτοῖς λαλῶ, ὅτι βλέποντες οὐ βλέπουσιν καὶ ἀκούοντες οὐκ ἀκούουσιν (Mat. 13:13) Because of this I spoke to them in parables, because while seeing they do not see and while hearing they do not hear
12. ἦλθεν πρὸς αὐτοὺς περιπατῶν ἐπὶ τὴν θάλασσαν (Mat. 14:25) He came to them walking upon the sea

Name _____

Chapter 19: Present Participles

1. Parsing Party: (30)

λύοντι	PA Ptc.	Dat. Sg.	M/N
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1. λέγοντι

2. ἔχούσης

3. ὥν

4. λεγόυμενοι

5. ἔχομένου

6. ἔχοντες

7. λεγούσῃ

8. ἔχόμενα

9. λεγουμένην

10. λέγοντα

11. ἔχόντων

12. οὖσαι

13. λεγουμένους

14. ἔχομένῃ

15. ὄντας

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ἀκούων αὐτοῦ (Jn. 3:29)
2. δίκαιος ὁν καὶ μὴ θέλων (Mat. 1:19)
3. καὶ ᾔλθεν βλέπων (Jn. 9:7)
4. ὑπὸ κυρίου διὰ τοῦ προφήτου λεγοντος (Mat. 1:22)
5. ζητούντες δικαιοθῆναι (to be justified) ἐν Χριστῷ (Gal 2:17)
6. οἱ ζητοῦντες τὴν ψυχὴν τοῦ παιδίου (child) (Mat. 2:20)
7. τὰ γραφόμενα βιβλία (books) (Jn. 21:25)
8. ἀλλὰ ὅχλος οὗτος ὁ μὴ γινώσκων τὸν νόμον (Jn. 7:49)
9. ὁ τὸν λόγον μου ἀκούων (Jn. 5:24)
10. εἰς πόλιν τῆς Σαμαρείας λεγομένην Συχάρ (Sychar) (Jn. 4:5)
11. Μεσσίας ἔρχεται ὁ λεγόμενος Χριστός (Jn. 4:25)
12. ὁ μὴ ἀγαπῶν μένει ἐν τῷ θάνατῳ (1 Jn. 3:14)

13. καὶ ὁ πατήρ σου ὁ βλέπων (Mat. 6:4)

14. ἐκ τοῦ καλοῦντος ὑμᾶς (Gal 5:8)

15. ὁ ποιῶν τὸ θέλημα (will) τοῦ πατρός μου (Mat. 7:21)

3. Translate the following long lines: (15)

1. ὁ δὲ ἀγαπῶν με ἀγαπηθήσεται ὑπὸ τοῦ πατρός μου, κἀγὼ ἀγαπήσω αὐτὸν καὶ ἐμφανίσω (I will reveal) αὐτῷ ἐμαυτόν (Jn. 14:21)

2. ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἐν τῷ φωτὶ μένει καὶ σκάνδαλον (obstacle) ἐν αὐτῷ οὐκ ἔστιν (1 Jn. 2:10)

3. ἔρχεται Μαριὰμ ἡ Μαγδαληνὴ ἀγγέλλουσα τοῖς μαθηταῖς ὅτι Ἐώρακα τὸν κύριον, καὶ ταῦτα εἶπεν αὐτῇ (Jn. 20:18)

4. καὶ ἰδοὺ φωνὴ ἐκ τῶν οὐρανῶν λέγουσα· Οὗτός ἔστιν ὁ νίος μου ὁ ἀγαπητός (beloved) (Mat. 3:17)

5. ἀπεκρίθη αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς· ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι πᾶς ὁ ποιῶν τὴν ἀμαρτίαν δοῦλός ἔστιν τῆς ἀμαρτίας (Jn. 8:34)

6. ἡμεῖς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐσμεν, ὁ γινώσκων τὸν θεὸν ἀκούει ἡμῶν, δὅς οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ οὐκ ἀκούει ἡμῶν. ἐκ τούτου γινωσκομεν τὸ πνεῦμα τῆς ἀληθείας καὶ τὸ πνεῦμα τῆς πλάνης (deception) (1 Jn. 4:6)

7. ἵνα πᾶς ὁ πιστεύων ἐν αὐτῷ ἔχῃ (he might have) ζωὴν αἰώνιον (Jn. 3:15)

8. οὐ περὶ τούτων δὲ ἐρωτῶ (I am asking) μόνον, ἀλλὰ καὶ περὶ τῶν πιστευόντων διὰ τοῦ λόγου αὐτῶν εἰς ἐμέ (Jn. 17:20)

9. οὐ γάρ ὑμεῖς ἔστε οἱ λαλοῦντες ἀλλὰ τὸ πνεῦμα τοῦ πατρὸς ὑμῶν τὸ λαλοῦν ἐν ὑμῖν (Mat. 10:20)

10. ταῦτα λελάληκα ὑμῖν παρ' ὑμῖν μένων (Jn. 14:25)

11. ἤλθεν γὰρ Ἰωάννης μήτε ἐσθίων μήτε πίνων (drinking), καὶ λέγουσιν· Δαιμόνιον (demon) ἔχει (Mat. 11:18)

12. καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἔχων τὴν ἐλπίδα (hope) ταύτην ἐπ' αὐτῷ ἀγνίζει (he purifies) ἑαυτόν, καθὼς ἐκεῖνος ἀγνός (pure) ἔστιν (1 Jn. 3:3)

13. ὁ μὴ ὃν μετ' ἔμοι κατ' ἔστιν (Mat. 12:30)

14. ἐγὼ δὲ οὐ ζητῶ τὴν δόξαν μου· ἔστιν ὁ ζητῶν καὶ κρίνων
(Jn. 8:50)
15. καὶ ὁ κόσμος παράγεται (it passes away) καὶ ἡ ἐπιθυμία (desire)
αὐτοῦ, δὲ ποιῶν τὸ θέλημα τοῦ θεοῦ μένει εἰς τὸν αἰώνα (1 Jn. 2:17)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. he was sitting in the sea
2. the disciples followed him
3. I am praying for you (pl.)
4. the time has come
5. you (pl.) ate his bread

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. ὄράω _____
2. παρακαλέω _____
3. δύναμαι _____
4. δίκαιος _____
5. διά (acc.) _____
6. I walk _____
7. I do, make _____
8. nation _____
9. I remain _____
10. peace _____

6. Current Vocabulary Matching (10)

- | | | |
|-------|-----------------|--------------|
| _____ | 1. ἀκολουθέω | A. I fall |
| _____ | 2. ἐνώπιον | B. I pray |
| _____ | 3. θάλασσα | C. foot |
| _____ | 4. κάθημαι | D. before |
| _____ | 5. καιρός | E. not, nor |
| _____ | 6. οὕτε | F. I follow |
| _____ | 7. πίπτω | G. I sit |
| _____ | 8. πούς | H. I come to |
| _____ | 9. προσέρχομαι | I. time |
| _____ | 10. προσεύχομαι | J. sea |

**Ch. 20: Participling the past -- Aorist Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise

1. ἐγερθείς AP Ptc. Nom. Sg. M. from ἐγείρω meaning "after being raised" (Mat. 1:24)
2. καλέσας AA Ptc. Nom. Sg. M. from καλέω meaning "after calling" (Mat. 2:7)
3. ἐλθόν AA Ptc. Nom. Sg. M. from ἔρχομαι meaning "after coming" (Mat. 2:8)
4. ἰδόντες AA Ptc. Nom. Pl. M. from ὄράω meaning "after seeing" (Mat. 2:10)
5. ἀποστείλας AA Ptc. Nom. Sg. M. from ἀποστέλλω meaning "after sending" (Mat. 2:16)
6. βαπτισθείς AP Ptc. Nom. Sg. M. from βαπτίζω meaning "after being baptized" (Mat. 3:16)
7. βληθέν AP Ptc. Nom. Sg. N. from βάλλω meaning "after being cast" (Mat. 5:13)
8. εἰσελθόντος AA Ptc. Gen. Sg. M./N. from εἰσέρχομαι meaning "after entering" (Mat. 8:5)
9. γενομένης AD Ptc. Gen. Sg. F. from γίνομαι meaning "after being" (Mat. 8:16)
10. ἐλθόντι AA Ptc. Dat. Sg. M./N. from ἔρχομαι meaning "after going" (Mat. 9:28)

Translations

1. τὸ γὰρ ἐν αὐτῇ γεννηθὲν ἐκ πνεύματός ἐστιν ἀγίου (Mat. 1:20) For that which is conceived by her is of the Holy Spirit
2. καὶ ἐλθόντες εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν εἶδον τὸ παιδίον (child) μετὰ Μαρίας τῆς μητρὸς αὐτοῦ (Mat. 2:11) And after coming into the house, they saw the child with Mary his mother
3. Τότε Ἡρόδης ἰδὼν ὅτι (Mat. 2:16) Then Herod, after seeing that

4. ἀκούσας δὲ ὅτι Ἀρχέλαος
Βασιλεύει τῆς Ἰουδαίας
ἀντὶ (instead of) τοῦ πατρὸς
αὐτοῦ Ἡρώδου ἐφοβήθη
(Mat. 2:22)
5. Ἰδὼν δὲ πολλοὺς τῶν Φαρισαίων
καὶ Σαδδουκαίων ἐρχομένους
ἐπὶ τὸ βάπτισμα αὐτοῦ εἶπεν
αὐτοῖς (Mat. 3:7)
6. Ἰδὼν δὲ τοὺς ὄχλους ἀνέβη εἰς
τὸ ὄρος (mountain) (Mat. 5:1)
7. Εἰσελθόντος δὲ αὐτοῦ εἰς
Καφαρναούμ (Mat. 8:5)
8. Καὶ ἐλθὼν ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἰς τὴν
οἰκίαν Πέτρου εἶδεν (Mat. 8:14)
9. καὶ ιδὼν ὁ Ἰησοῦς τὴν πίστιν
αὐτῶν εἶπεν τῷ παραλυτικῷ
(Mat. 9:2)
10. ιδόντες δὲ οἱ ὄχλοι ἐφοβήθησαν
καὶ ἐδόξασαν τὸν θεόν
(Mat. 9:8)
11. Καὶ ἐλθὼν ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἰς τὴν
οἰκίαν τοῦ αρχοντος καὶ
ιδὼν (Mat. 9:23)
12. οἱ δὲ Φαρισαῖοι ιδόντες εἶπαν
αὐτῷ, Ἰδοὺ οἱ μαθηταί σου
ποιοῦσιν ὃ οὐκ ἔξεστιν ποιεῖν
(to do) ἐν σαββάτῳ (Mat. 12:2)
- But after hearing that Archelaus
was ruling Judea instead of his
father Herod, he was afraid
- But after seeing many of the
Pharisees and Sadducees coming
for his baptism, he said to them
- But after seeing the crowds, he
went up on the mountain
- But after his entering into
Capernaum
- And Jesus, after coming into Peter's
house, saw
- And Jesus, after seeing their faith,
said to the paralytic
- But after seeing, the crowds were
afraid and they glorified God
- And Jesus, after coming into the
house of the ruler, and after
seeing
- But the Pharisees, after seeing, said
to him, "Behold your disciples do
that which is not lawful to do on
the Sabbath"

Name _____

Chapter 20: Aorist Participles***Participling the Past (Aorists)***

1. Parsing Party: (30) Indicate the second aorists (e.g. 2 AA Ptc)

λύσαντος AA Ptc. Gen. Sg. M/N from λύω after loosing

1. ἀκούσαντι

2. βαλόντες

3. ἀκουσασῶν

4. βαλομένην

5. ἀκουσάμενα

6. βαλούσης

7. βαλόν

8. ἀκουθείς

9. βαλομένῳ

10. ἀκουθέντων

11. ἀκουθείσαις

12. βαλούσαις

13. ἀκουσάσῃ

14. βαλουσῶν

15. ἀκουσάμενον

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ἀγαπήσας τοὺς ἰδίους (Jn. 13:1)
2. καὶ πας ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν γεννήσαντα (1 Jn. 5:1)
3. καὶ γνοὺς (Jn. 5:6)
4. καὶ ὁ γράψας ταυτα (Jn. 21:24)
5. ἐπὶ δὲ τὸν Ἰησοῦν ἐλθόντες (Jn. 19:33)
6. οἱ ἀκούσαντες ζήσουσιν (Jn. 5:25)
7. καὶ εὑρόντες αὐτόν (Jn. 6:25)
8. οἱ δὲ ἀκούσαντες ἐξήρχοντο (Jn. 8:9)
9. ἐγερθεὶς δὲ ὁ Ἰωσῆφ (Mat. 1:24)
10. ταῦτα δὲ εἰπὼν αὐτὸς ἔμεινεν (Jn. 7:9)

11. οἱ οὖν ἄνθρωποι ιδόντες (Jn. 6:14)
 12. ἐλθόντες πρὸς τὴν Μαριάμ (Jn. 11:45)
 13. ταῦτα δὲ αὐτοῦ εἰπόντος (Jn. 18:22)
 14. πιστεύσαντες εἰς αὐτόν (Jn. 7:39)
 15. μακάριοι (blessed) οἱ μὴ ιδόντες καὶ πιστεύσαντες (Jn. 20:29)
3. Translate the following long lines: (15)
1. πολλοὶ οὖν ἀκούσαντες ἐκ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ εἶπαν· Σκληρός (difficult) ἔστιν ὁ λόγος οὗτος· τίς δύναται αὐτοῦ ἀκούειν (to hear); (Jn. 6:60)
 2. τοῦτο ἥδη (now) τρίτον (third time) ἐφανερώθη (was revealed) Ἰησοῦς τοῖς μαθηταῖς ἐγερθεὶς ἐκ νεκρῶν (Jn. 21:14)
 3. τοῦτο [δὲ] πάλιν δεύτερον (second) σημεῖον (sign) ἐποίησεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἐλθὼν ἐκ τῆς Ἰουδαίας εἰς τὴν Γαλιλαίαν (Jn. 4:54)

4. ἐλθὼν οὖν ὁ Ἰησοὺς εὗρεν αὐτὸν τέσσαρες (four) ἥδη (already) ἡμέρας ἔχοντα ἐν τῷ μνημείῳ (tomb) (Jn. 11:17)

5. εὑρὼν δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦς ὄναριον (young donkey) ἐκάθισεν (he sat) ἐπ' αὐτό (Jn. 12:14)

6. ἐκ τοῦ ὄχλου οὖν ἀκούσαντες τῶν λόγων τούτων ἔλεγον· Οὗτος ἐστιν ἀληθῶς (truly) ὁ προφήτης (Jn. 7:40)

7. καταβάντος δὲ αὐτοῦ ἀπὸ τοῦ ὄρους (mountain) ἡκολούθησαν αὐτῷ ὄχλοι πολλοί (Mat. 8:1)

8. καὶ τοῦτο εἰπὼν ἔδειξεν (he showed) τὰς χεῖρας καὶ τὴν πλευρὰν (side) αὐτοῖς. ἐχάρησαν (they were glad) οὖν οἱ μαθηταὶ ιδόντες τὸν κύριον (Jn. 20:20)

9. καὶ ἐλθὼν ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν Πέτρου εἶδεν (Mat. 8:14)

10. ὁ δὲ ἀπεκρίθη αὐτοῖς, Ὁ ποιήσας με ὑγιῆ (well) ἐκεῖνός μοι εἶπεν· Ἄρον (pick up) τὸν κράβαττόν (mat) σου καὶ περιπάτει (Jn. 5:11)

11. πολλοὶ δὲ τῶν ἀκουσάντων τὸν λόγον ἐπίστευσαν καὶ ἐγενήθη [ό] ἀριθμὸς (number) τῶν ἀνδρῶν [ώς] χιλιάδες (thousand) πέντε (Acts 4:4)

12. καὶ προσελθὼν εἷς (one) γραμματεὺς (scribe) εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Διδάσκαλε, ἀκολουθήσω σοι (Mat. 8:19)

13. ὁ δὲ ἐγερθεὶς παρέλαβεν τὸ παιδίον (child) καὶ τὴν μητέρα αὐτοῦ καὶ εἰσῆλθεν εἰς γῆν Ἰσραήλ (Mat. 2:21)

14. ὁ εὑρὼν τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ ἀπολέσει (he will lose) αὐτήν, καὶ ὁ ἀπολέσας τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ ἔνεκεν (for the sake of) ἐμοῦ εὑρήσει αὐτήν (Mat. 10:39)

15. καὶ ἰδόντες ὁι Φαρισαῖοι ἔλεγον τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὗτοῦ· Διὰ τί (why) μετὰ τῶν τελωνῶν (tax collectors) καὶ ἀμφιτολῶν ἐσθίει ὁ διδάσκαλος ὑμῶν; (Mat. 9:11)

4. Think Greek (10)

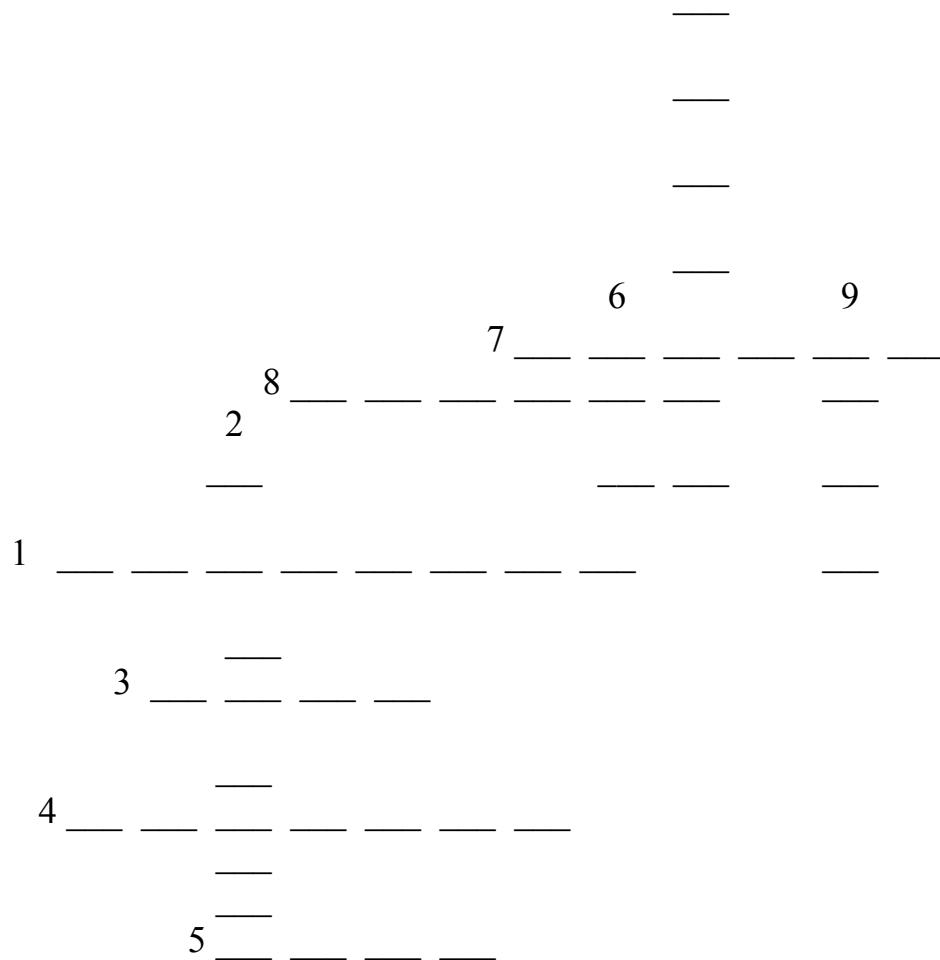
1. you (pl.) went down into the sea
2. we will rule the world
3. his mother and father came to him
4. the time has come
5. you (sg.) will walk in the light

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. $\pi\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$ _____
2. $\pi\tilde{\omega}\varsigma$ _____
3. $\zeta\acute{a}\omega$ _____
4. $\xi\tau\varepsilon\rho\varsigma$ _____
5. $\mu\acute{e}\lambda\lambda\omega$ _____
6. I fear _____
7. I follow _____
8. flesh _____
9. faith _____
10. righteousness _____

6. Current Vocabulary (10)

10

**Across**

1. I go up
3. and I
4. every
5. therefore, so
7. more, rather
8. mother

Down

2. I go down
6. I rule, (middle) begin
9. where, since
10. I drive out

**Ch. 21: Perfect Participle Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise

- | | |
|------------------|--|
| 1. βεβλημένην | RM/P Ptc. Acc. SG. F. from βάλλω "having been put/having put for herself" (Mat. 8:14) |
| 2. λελυμένα | RM/P Ptc. Nom./Acc. Pl. N. from λύω "having been loosed/having loosed for themselves" (Mat. 18:18) |
| 3. κεκλημένους | RM/P Ptc. Acc. Pl. M. from καλέω "having been called/having called for themselves" (Mat. 22:3) |
| 4. εἰδότες | RA Ptc. Nom. Pl. M. from οἶδα "knowing" (Mat. 22:29) |
| 5. ἀπεσταλμένους | RM/P Ptc. Acc. Pl. M. ἀποστέλλω "having been sent/having sent for themselves" (Mat. 23:37) |
| 6. εἰληφώς | RA Ptc. Nom. SG. M. λαμβάνω "having received" (Mat. 25:24) |
| 7. γεγραμμένην | RM/P Ptc. Acc. SG. F. γράφω "having been written/having written for herself" (Mat. 27:37) |
| 8. ἐσχηκότα | RA Ptc. Acc. SG. M./ Nom./Acc. Pl. N. from ἔχω "having had" (Mk. 5:15) |
| 9. ἐληλυθυῖαν | RP Ptc. Acc. SG. F. from ἐρχομαι "having come" (Mk. 9:1) |
| 10. ἐγγερμένον | RM/P Ptc. Acc. SG. M. ἐγείρω "having been raised/having raised for himself" (Mk. 16:14) |

Translations

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. προσελθών δὲ καὶ ὁ τὸ ἐν (one) τάλαντον εἰληφὼς εἴπεν,
Κύριε (Mat. 25:24) | But after coming, the one who had received the one talent said, "Lord" |
| 2. Ἐγένετο ἄνθρωπος,
ἀπεσταλμένος παρὰ θεοῦ,
ὄνομα αὐτῷ Ἰωάννης (Jn. 1:6) | There was a man, who had been sent from God, his name [was] John |

3. Καὶ ἀπεσταλμένοι ἦσαν ἐκ τῶν Φαρισαίων (Jn. 1:24)
And they had been sent from the Pharisees
4. τὸ γεγεννημένον ἐκ τῆς σαρκὸς σάρξ ἔστιν, καὶ τὸ γεγεννημένον ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος πνεῦμά ἔστιν (Jn. 3:6)
That which has been born of the flesh is flesh, and that which has been born of the Spirit is spirit.
5. ἔλεγον οὖν οἱ Ἰουδαῖοι τῷ τεθεραπευμένῳ, Σάββατόν ἔστιν (Jn. 5:10)
Then the Jews were saying to the one who had been cured, "It is the Sabbath"
6. ἔστιν γεγραμμένον ἐν τοῖς προφήταις (Jn. 6:45)
It has been written in the prophets
7. Ὦ Ελεγεν οὖν ὁ Ἰησοῦς πρὸς τοὺς πεπιστευκότας αὐτῷ Ἰουδαίους (Jn. 8:31)
Then Jesus was saying to the Jews who had believed him
8. λέγει αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς, . . . ὁ ἐώρακὼς ἐμὲ ἐώρακεν τὸν πατέρα· πῶς σὺ λέγεις . . .; (Jn. 14:9)
Jesus said to him, ". . . the one who has seen me has seen the father, how can you say . . . ?"
9. πάλιν ἀπέστειλεν ἄλλους δούλους λεγών· Εἴπατε τοῖς κεκλημένοις (Mat. 22:4)
Again he sent other servants saying; "Tell the ones who have been called"

Name _____

Chapter 21: Perfect Participles

Perfecting Participles

1. Parsing Party: (30) (R = Perfect)
λελυκώς Nom. Sg. M RA Ptc. from λύω having loosed

 1. πεπιστευκότος
 2. ἡγαπηκυῖαν
 3. πεπιστευκότων
 4. ἡγαπηκυίας
 5. πεπιστευμένῳ
 6. πεπιστευκυῖα
 7. ἡγαπημένης
 8. πεπιστευμένοις
 9. ἡγαπηκός
 10. ἡγαπημένον

11. πεπιστευκώς

12. ἡγαπημένους

13. πεπιστευκυῖαι

14. ἡγαπημένα

15. πεπιστευμέναις

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. τοὺς ἀκηκοότας τί ἐλάλησα αὐτοῖς (Jn. 18:21)

2. ἀλλὰ καὶ πάντες ἐγνωκότες τὴν ἀλήθειαν (2 Jn. 1:1)

3. βεβλημένος εἰς τὴν φυλακήν (prison) (Jn. 3:24)

4. τυφλοῦ (blind) γεγεννημένου (Jn. 9:32)

5. ἐληλυθότα ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ (1 Jn. 4:2)

6. καὶ τὴν πόλιν τὴν ἡγαπημένην (Rev. 20:9)

7. ἔσται λελυμένα ἐν οὐρανῷ (Mat. 18:18)

8. οἱ δὲ κεκλημένοι οὐκ ἥσαν ἄξιοι (worthy) (Mat. 22:8)
9. τὰς γεγραμμένας ἐν τῷ βιβλίῳ τούτῳ (Rev. 22:18)
10. σημεῖα (signs) πεποιηκότος ἔμπροσθεν (before) αὐτῶν (Jn. 12:37)
11. μὴ εἰδότες τὰς γραφάς (Mat. 22:29)
12. γεγεννημένος ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος (Jn. 3:8)
13. γεγραμμένον ἐπὶ τῶν μετώπων (foreheads) αὐτῶν (Rev. 14:1)
14. τὸ ὕδωρ οἴνος (wine) γεγενημένον (Jn. 2:9)
15. ὁ ἑωρακὼς ἐμὲ ἑώρακεν τὸν πατέρα (Jn. 14:9)
3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)
1. ἐγένετο ἄνθρωπος, ἀπεσταλμένος παρὰ θεοῦ, ὃνομα αὐτῷ Ἰωάννης (Jn. 1:6)
 2. πᾶς ὁ πιστεύων ὅτι Ἰησοῦς ἐστιν ὁ Χριστὸς, ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ γεγέννηται, καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν γεννήσαντα ἀγαπᾷ [καὶ] τὸν γεγενημένον ἐξ αὐτοῦ (1 Jn. 5:1)

3. ἔλεγεν οὗν ὁ Ἰησοῦς πρὸς τοὺς πεπιστευκότας αὐτῷ Ἰουδαίους· Ἐὰν ὑμεῖς μείνητε (you should remain) ἐν τῷ λόγῳ τῷ ἐμῷ, ἀληθῶς (truly) μαθηταί μού ἔστε (Jn. 8:31)

4. εἰς ἔπαινον (praise) δόξης τῆς χάριτος αὐτοῦ ἡς ἐχαρίτωσεν (he has freely given) ἡμᾶς ἐν τῷ ἡγαπημένῳ (Eph. 1:6)

5. ἀπελθόντες δέ οἱ ἀπεσταλμένοι εὗρον καθὼς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς (Lk. 19:32)

6. καὶ ἀπεσταλμένοι ἦσαν ἐκ τῶν Φαρισαίων (Jn. 1:24)

7. εἰδότες, ἀδεφοὶ ἡγαπημένοι ύπὸ [τοῦ] θεοῦ, τὴν ἐκλογὴν (choosing) ύμῶν (1 Thess. 1:4)

8. ἐν (by) αὐτῇ εὐλογοῦμεν (we praise) τὸν κύριον καὶ πατέρα καὶ ἐν αὐτῇ καταρώμεθα (we curse) τοὺς ἀνθρώπους τοὺς καθ' ὄμοίωσιν (likeness) θεοῦ γεγονότας (James 3:9)

9. καὶ ἔχει ἐπὶ τὸ ἴμάτιον (garment) καὶ ἐπὶ τὸν μηρὸν (thigh) αὐτοῦ ὄνομα γεγραμμένον· Βασιλεὺς βασιλέων καὶ κύριος κυρίων (Rev. 19:16)

10. ἔλεγεν δὲ πρὸς τοὺς κεκλημένους παραβολήν (Lk. 14:7)
11. πᾶς ὁ γεγεννημένος ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἀμαρτίαν οὐ ποιεῖ, ὅτι σπέρμα (seed) αὐτοῦ ἐν αὐτῷ μένει, καὶ οὐ δύναται ἀμαρτάνειν (to sin), ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ γεγέννηται (1 Jn. 3:9)
12. λέγω γὰρ ὑμῖν ὅτι οὐδεὶς τῶν ἀνδρῶν ἐκείνων τῶν κεκλημένων γεύσεται (will taste) (Lk. 14:24)
13. ἀλλὰ τοῦτό ἐστιν τὸ εἰρημένον διὰ τοῦ προφήτου Ἰωάννου (Acts 2:16)
14. πάντα τὰ γεγραμμένα ἐν τῷ νόμῳ Μωϋσέως καὶ τοῖς προφήταις καὶ ψαλμοῖς περὶ ἐμοῦ (Lk. 24:44)
15. καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ· Ἄμην ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, ὅψεσθε τὸν οὐρανὸν ἀνεῳγότα καὶ τοὺς ἀγγέλους τοῦ θεοῦ ἀναβαίνοντας καὶ καταβαίνοντας ἐπὶ τὸν υἱὸν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου (Jn. 1:51)

4. Think Greek

1. you (pl) will be baptized from evil.
2. you (pl) witnessed the lights beside the sea
3. they speak his gospel
4. I am going away but I will come to you (pl)
5. she went down into the house

5. Vocabulary Review: Translate the following (20)

1. ἄρχω _____
2. προσέρχομαι _____
3. πληρόω _____
4. γυνή _____
5. ὑπέρ (acc.) _____
6. I speak _____
7. I beget _____
8. I seek _____
9. time _____
10. I go down _____

6. Current Vocabulary Word Search (10)

ν	α	ζ	κ	ω	τ	μ	σ	φ	ν
π	ο	ν	η	ρ	ο	ς	β	υ	ο
ω	ζ	ι	τ	π	α	β	ο	π	π
ε	ε	ν	λ	ζ	ι	ο	τ	α	ω
ρ	δ	π	ο	ε	σ	ω	υ	γ	σ
υ	σ	η	ρ	ι	γ	κ	σ	ω	ο
τ	τ	ο	π	ι	ε	γ	π	ω	ρ
ρ	ο	φ	ο	θ	λ	μ	α	μ	π
α	μ	ν	γ	ι	ε	ξ	η	υ	α
μ	α	γ	ρ	π	ο	μ	β	σ	ε

Vocab words: find and circle in the puzzle

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| I open | evil, bad |
| I baptize | face |
| gospel | sign, miracle |
| I witness | mouth |
| I send | I go away |

Ch. 22: Investigating the Infinitives Foldunders Fold under the right side of the sheet

Parsing Paradise:

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1. βαπτισθῆναι | Aor. Pas. Inf. from βαπτίζω "to be baptized" (Mat. 3:13) |
| 2. διδάσκειν | Pres. Act. Inf. from διδάσκω "to teach" (Mat. 11:1) |
| 3. ἔχειν | Pres. Act. Inf. from ἔχω "to have" (Mat. 13:5) |
| 4. φαγεῖν | Aor. Act. Inf. from ἐσθίω "to eat" (Mat. 15:20) |
| 5. πιστεῦσαι | Aor. Act. Inf. from πιστεύω "to believe" (Mat. 21:32) |
| 6. ἐγερθῆναι | Aor. Pas. Inf. from ἐγείρω "to be raised" (Mat. 26:32) |
| 7. εἰναι | Pres. Act. Inf. from εἰμί "to be" (Lk. 2:6) |
| 8. λαλῆσαι | Aor. Act. Inf. from λαλέω "to speak" (Mk. 16:19) |
| 9. ποιῆσαι | Aor. Act. Inf. from ποιέω "to do" (Lk. 2:27) |
| 10. πορεύεσθαι | Pres. Dep. Inf. from πορεύομαι "to go" (Lk. 4:42) |

Translations:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. εἰδομεν γὰρ αὐτοῦ
τὸν ἀστέρα (star) ἐν τῇ
ἀνατολῇ (east) καὶ
ἥλθομεν προσκυνῆσαι
αὐτῷ (Mat. 2:2) | For we saw his star in the east and we
came to worship him |
| 2. λέγω γὰρ ὑμῖν ὅτι
δύναται ὁ θεὸς ἐκ τῶν
λίθων (stones) τούτων
ἐγεῖραι τέκνα τῷ
Ἄβραάμ (Mat. 3:9) | For I tell you that God is able from these
stones to raise up children to Abraham |

3. οἶδεν γὰρ ὁ πατὴρ ὑμῶν
ῶν χρείαν (need) ἔχετε
πρὸ τοῦ ὑμᾶς αἰτῆσαι
αὐτόν (Mat. 6:8)
4. οὐ δύναται δένδρον
(tree) ἀγαθὸν καρποὺς
(fruit) πονηροὺς ποιεῖν
οὐδὲ δένδρον σαπρὸν
(rotten) καρποὺς καλοὺς
ποιεῖν (Mat. 7:18)
5. οὐ γὰρ ἥλθον
καλέσαι δικαίους ἀλλὰ
ἀμαρτωλούς (Mat. 9:13)
6. καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς ὁ
Ἰησοῦς, Πιστεύετε ὅτι
δύναμαι τοῦτο ποιῆσαι;
λέγουσιν αὐτῷ· Ναὶ (yes)
κύριε (Mat. 9:28)
7. οἱ δὲ Φαρισαῖοι ἰδόντες
εἶπαν αὐτῷ, Ἰδοὺ οἱ
μαθηταί σου ποιοῦσιν
ὅ οὐκ ἔξεστιν ποιεῖν ἐν
σαββάτῳ (Mat. 12:2)
8. Διδάσκαλε, θέλομεν
ἀπὸ σού σημεῖον (sign)
ἰδεῖν (Mat. 12:38)
- For your father knows what you need before
you ask him
- A good tree is not able to produce bad fruit
nor a rotten tree [is not able] to produce
good fruit
- For I did not come to call the righteous but
sinners
- And Jesus said to them, "Do you believe that
I am able to do this?" They said to him,
"Yes, Lord"
- But when the Pharisees saw they said to
him, "Behold your disciples are doing that
which is not lawful to do on the Sabbath"
- "Teacher, we wish to see a sign from you"

Name _____

Chapter 22: Infinitives***Intricate Infinitives***

1. Parsing Party: (30) Indicate the second aorists (e.g. 2 A A Inf)
- | | | | |
|---------|-----------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| λύεσθαι | PM/P Inf. | from λύω | to continue to loose for oneself (M) |
| | | | to continue to be loosed (P) |
1. ἀκούεσθαι
 2. βαλεῖν
 3. ἀκοῦσαι
 4. ἀκούειν
 5. βάλλεσθαι
 6. ἀκούσασθαι
 7. βαλέσθαι
 8. γράφειν
 9. βάλλειν
 10. γράφεσθαι
 11. ἀκουσθῆναι
 12. πεποιηκέναι
 13. γραψῆναι
 14. ἀγαπᾶν
 15. πεποιήσθαι

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ήμεῖς ὁφείλομεν (we ought) ἀλλήλους ἀγαπᾶν (1 Jn. 4:11)
2. τίς (who) δύναται αὐτοῦ ἀκούειν; (Jn. 6:60)
3. ὁ πέμψας με βαπτίζειν ἐν ὕδατι (water) (Jn. 1:33)
4. δύνανται ὅντε ἀκούειν οὕτε περιπατεῖν (Rev. 9:20)
5. ύμῖν γράφειν (2 Jn. 1:12)
6. οὐ δύναται ἀγαπᾶν (1 Jn. 4:20)
7. ζωὴν ἔχειν ἐν ἑαυτῷ (Jn. 5:26)
8. οὐ δύναται ὁ νίὸς ποιεῖν ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ (Jn. 5:19)
9. μέλλει βάλλειν (Rev. 2:10)
10. εἰὰν αὐτὸν θέλω μένειν (Jn. 21:22)
11. μὴ καὶ ύμεῖς θέλετε αὐτοῦ μαθηταὶ γενέσθαι; (Jn. 9:27)
12. οὐ δύνασθε ἀκούειν τὸν λόγον τὸν ἐμόν (Jn. 8:43)

13. οὐδεὶς δύναται ἐλθεῖν πρὸς με (Jn. 6:44)

14. πολλὰ ἔχω ὑμῖν λέγειν (Jn. 16:12)

15. πρὶν (before) Ἄραμ γενέσθαι ἐγώ εἰμι (Jn. 8:58)

3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)

1. πολλὰ ἔχω περὶ ὑμῶν λαλεῖν καὶ κρίνειν, ἀλλ᾽ ὁ πέμψας (sending) με ἀληθῆς (true) ἐστιν, κἀγὼ ἂ ἥκουσα παρ' αὐτοῦ ταῦτα λαλῶ εἰς τὸν κόσμον (Jn. 8:26)

2. ἀπεκρίθη Ἰωάννης καὶ εἶπεν· Οὐ δύναται ἄνθρωπος λαμβάνειν οὐδὲ ἐν (one) ἐὰν μὴ (except) ἢ (it may be) δεδομένον (it has been given) αὐτῷ ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ (Jn. 3:27)

3. ὁ λέγων ἐν αὐτῷ μένειν ὀφεῖλει (he ought) καθὼς ἐκεῖνος περιεπάτησεν καὶ αὐτὸς [οὗτος] περιπατεῖν (1 Jn. 2:6)

4. οὗτος ἦλθεν πρὸς αὐτὸν νυκτὸς καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Ραββί, οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἀπὸ θεοῦ ἐλήλυθας διδάσκαλος· οὐδεὶς γάρ δύναται ταῦτα τὰ σημεῖα ποιεῖν ἢ σὺ ποιεῖς, ἐὰν μὴ (unless) ἢ (he may be) ὁ θεὸς μετ' αὐτοῦ (Jn. 3:2)

5. ἀπεκρίθη Νικόδημος καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Πῶς δύναται ταῦτα γενέσθαι; (Jn. 3:9)

6. αὐτὸς δὲ Ἰησοῦς οὐκ ἐπίστευεν αὐτὸν αὐτοῖς διὰ τὸ αὐτὸν γινώσκειν πάντας (Jn. 2:24)

7. εἰ ἐκείνους εἶπεν θεοὺς πρὸς οὓς ὁ λόγος τοῦ θεοῦ ἐγένετο, καὶ οὐ δύναται λυθῆναι ἡ γραφή (Jn. 10:35)

8. διὰ τοῦτο οὐκ ἤδυναντο πιστεύειν, ὅτι πάλιν εἶπεν Ἰησαῖας (Jn. 12:39)

9. ὡς οὖν ᾔλθον πρὸς αὐτὸν οἱ Σαμαρῖται, ἥρωτων (they were asking) αὐτὸν μεῖναι παρ' αὐτοῖς· καὶ ἔμεινεν ἐκεῖ δύο (two) ἡμέρας (Jn. 4:40)

10. καὶ εἶδον ἄγγελον ἐσχυρὸν (mighty) κηρύσσοντα (proclaiming) ἐν φωνῇ μεγάλῃ· Τίς (who) ἀξιος (worthy) ἀνοίξαι (to open) τὸ βιβλίον καὶ λύσαι τὰς σφραγίδας (seals) αὐτοῦ; (Rev. 5:2)

11. καὶ ἔξουσίαν ἔδωκεν (he has given) αὐτῷ κρίσιν (judgment) ποιεῖν, ὅτι νιὸς ἀνθρώπου ἔστιν (Jn. 5:27)

12. καὶ οὐ θέλετε ἐλθεῖν πρός με ἵνα ζωὴν ἔχητε (you may have) (Jn. 5:40)

13. λέγει πρὸς αὐτὸν [ό] Νικόδημος· Πῶς δύναται ἀνθρωπος γεηγνθῆναι γέρων (old) ὕν; μὴ δύναται εἰς τὴν κοιλίαν (womb) τῆς μητρὸς αὐτοῦ δεύτερον (second time) εἰσελθεῖν καὶ γεννηθῆναι; (Jn. 3:4)

14. εἰ μὴ ἦν οὗτος παρὰ θεοῦ, οὐκ ἤδύνατο ποιεῖν οὐδέν (anything, not one thing) (Jn. 9:33)

15. ὅσοι δὲ ἔλαβον αὐτόν, ἔδωκεν (he gave) αὐτοῖς ἐξουσίαν τέκνα θεοῦ γενέσθαι, τοῖς πιστεύοθσιν εἰς τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ (Jn. 1:12)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. she was baptized in water

2. they killed the Lord of glory

3. their heads are open

4. you (pl) pray that I will come

5. but love is eternal

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. ἀνοίγω _____
2. ὅπου _____
3. ἐνώπιον _____
4. ζητέω _____
5. πολύς _____
6. way _____
7. all, every _____
8. death _____
9. holy _____
10. mouth _____

6. Current Vocabulary Story (10)

Once upon a time there was a child who loved to _____ questions. It seemed to this child that it would take an _____ amount of time until she grew up. Her mother had been _____ by a drunken stagecoach driver, with an injury to the _____. The Native Americans had warned her about _____, and after her mother's death, she could no longer _____ it. She learned to canoe and ride a _____ on the Parker River and to _____ the food so the wolves didn't get into it. She was happy, and even though not all her questions were answered, she still _____ just to be able to breathe.

**Ch. 23: Subjecting the Subjunctives Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet**

Parsing Paradise

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| 1. γένηται | ADS 3 SG. from γίνομαι meaning "he/she/it may be" (Mat. 5:18) |
| 2. ποιήσῃ | AAS 3 SG. from ποιέω meaning "he/she/it may do" (Mat. 5:19) |
| 3. ἐσθίωσιν | PAS 3 PL. from ἐσθίω meaning "they may eat" (Mat. 15:2) |
| 4. εἰσήλθητε | ADS 2 PL. from εἰσέρχομαι meaning "you may enter" (Mat. 5:20) |
| 5. εἴπῃ | AAS 3 SG. from λέγω meaning "he/she/it may say" (Mat. 5:22) |
| 6. ἔχητε | PAS 2 PL. from ἔχω meaning "you may have" (Mat. 17:20) |
| 7. γένησθε | ADS 2 PL. from γίνομαι meaning "you may be" (Mat. 5:45) |
| 8. ἀγαπήσητε | AAS 2 PL. from ἀγαπάω meaning "you may love" (Mat. 5:46) |
| 9. η̄ | PAS 3 SG. from εἰμί meaning "he/she/it may be" (Mat. 6:4) |
| 10. ποιῶσιν | PAS 3 PL. from ποιέω meaning "they may do" (Mat. 7:12) |

Translations

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. καὶ ἦν ἐκεῖ ἔως τῆς τελευτῆς
(death) Ἡρόδου· ἵνα πληρωθῇ
τὸ ρῆθὲν (had been spoken)
ὑπὸ κυρίου διὰ τοῦ
προφήτου λέγοντος,
Ἐξ Αἰγύπτου ἐκάλεσα
τὸν υἱόν μου (Mat. 2:15) | And he was there until the death of Herod,
in order that it might be fulfilled that which
had been spoken by the Lord through the
prophet saying, "Out of Egypt I called my
son" |
|---|--|

2. οὕτως λαμψάτω (let shine) τὸ φῶς ὑμῶν ἔμπροσθεν τῶν ἀνρθώπων, ὅπως (that)
ἴδωσιν ὑμῶν τὰ καλὰ
ἔργα καὶ δοξάσωσιν
τὸν πατέρα ὑμῶν τὸν
ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς (Mat. 5:16)
3. ὅπως (so that) γένησθε υἱοὶ τοῦ πατρὸς ὑμῶν τοῦ ἐν οὐρανοῖς, ὅτι τὸν ἥλιον
(sun) αὐτοῦ ἀνατέλλει
(he causes to rise) ἐπὶ πονηροὺς καὶ ἀγαθοὺς
(Mat. 5:45)
4. Καὶ ὅταν προσεύχησθε,
οὐκ ἔσεσθε ως οἱ
ὑποκριταί, ὅτι φιλοῦσιν
ἐν ταῖς συναγωγαῖς (Mat. 6:5)
5. Πάντα οὖν ὅσα ἐὰν θέλητε
ἵνα ποιῶσιν ὑμῖν οἱ
ἀνθρωποι, οὕτως καὶ ὑμεῖς
ποιεῖτε αὐτοῖς· οὗτος γάρ
ἐστιν ὁ νόμος καὶ οἱ
προφῆται (Mat. 7:12)
6. καὶ ὃς ἐὰν εἴπῃ λόγον κατὰ
τοῦ υἱοῦ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου
(Mat. 12:32)
7. ὅστις γὰρ ἂν ποιήσῃ τὸ
θέλημα τοῦ πατρὸς μου τοῦ
ἐν οὐρανοῖς αὐτός μου
ἀδελφὸς καὶ ἀδελφὴ καὶ
μήτηρ ἐστίν (Mat. 12:50)
- So let your light shine before men, so that they may see your good works and glorify your Father, the one in heaven
- So that you may be sons of your Father the one in heaven, because he causes his sun to rise on the evil and the good
- And whenever you pray, do not be as the hypocrites, because they love in the synagogues
- Therefore all things whatever you wish that men might do to you, so also you do to them; for this is the law and the prophets
- And whoever speaks a word against the Son of Man
- For whoever does the will of my father in heaven he [is] my brother and sister and mother

8. ὅς γὰρ ἐὰν θέλῃ τὴν ψυχὴν
αὐτοῦ σῶσαι ἀπολέσει (will
loose) αὐτήν· ὅς δ' ἂν
ἀπολέσῃ τὴν ψυχὴν
αὐτοῦ ἔνεκεν (because of)
ἔμοι εὑρήσει αὐτήν
(Mat. 16:25)

For whoever wishes to save his life will
loose it, but whoever may loose his life
because of me will find it

Name _____

Chapter 23: Subjunctive Verbs***Subjecting the Subjunctives***

1. Parsing Party: (30) Indicate the second aorists (e.g. 2 AA Subj.)

λυθῶ 1 Sg. AP Subj. from λύω I might be loosed

1. ἀγάπης

2. βάλω

3. γένωνται

4. εῦρητε

5. εἴπωσιν

6. βάλῃ

7. εἰσέλθητε

8. ποιῆς

9. προσεύχησθε

10. ἴδωσιν

11. βάλωσιν

12. ἐγείρηται

13. βάλῃς

14. θέλῃ

15. πληρωθῇ

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ἀγαπῶμεν ἀλλήλους (1 Jn. 3:23)
2. ἀλλὰ ἔγωμεν πρὸς αὐτόν (Jn. 11:15)
3. ἵνα βλέπῃς (Rev. 3:18)
4. ἵνα γινώσκωμεν τὸν ἀληθινόν (1 Jn. 5:20)
5. ἵνα καὶ ὑμεῖς κοινωνίαν (fellowship) ἔχητε μεθ' ἡμῶν (1 Jn. 1:3)
6. ἵνα τυφλὸς (blind) γεννηθῇ (Jn. 9:2)
7. ἐὰν ἔλθω (3 Jn. 1:10)
8. ὅταν ἔλθῃ ὁ παράκλητος (helper) (Jn. 15:26)
9. ἵνα παρρησίαν (confidence) ἔχωμεν ἐν τῇ ἡμέρᾳ τῆς κρίσεως (judgment) (1 Jn. 4:17)
10. ἐὰν μή τις γεννηθῇ ἄνωθεν (from above) (Jn. 3:3)
11. ἵνα ζήσωμεν δι' αὐτοῦ (1 Jn. 4:9)
12. ὃς ἐὰν οὖν λύσῃ μίαν (one) τῶν ἐντολῶν τούτων (Mat. 5:19)

13. ἵνα τέκνα θεοῦ κληθῶμεν (1 Jn. 3:1)

14. καὶ ἐὰν κρίνω δὲ ἐγώ (Jn. 8:16)

15. καὶ τὸν ἐρχόμενον πρὸς ἐμὲ οὐ μὴ ἐκβάλω ἔξω (Jn. 6:37)

3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)

1. ὅτι αὕτη ἔστιν ἡ ἀγγελία (message) ἣν ἠκούσατε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς, ἵνα ἀγαπῶμεν ἄλλήλους (1 Jn. 3:11)

2. αὐτῇ δέ ἔστιν ἡ αἰώνιος ζωὴ ἵνα γινώσκωσιν σὲ τὸν μόνον ἀλληθινὸν θεὸν καὶ ὃν ἀπέστειλας Ἰησοῦν Χριστόν (Jn. 17:3)

3. ὅταν ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ ὢ, φῶς εἰμι τοῦ κόσμου (Jn. 9:5)

4. ἐὰν ἀγαπᾶτε με, τὰς ἐντολὰς τὰς ἐμὰς τηρήσετε (Jn. 14:15)

5. καὶ ὑπὲρ αὐτῶν ἐγὼ ἀγιάζω (I purify) ἐμαυτόν, ἵνα ὤσιν καὶ αὐτοὶ ἡγιασμένοι (having been made pure) ἐν ἀληθειᾳ (Jn. 17:19)

6. ἔπειτα (then) μετὰ τοῦτο λέγει τοῖς μαθηταῖς· Ἐγωμεν εἰς τὴν Ἰουδαίαν πάλιν (Jn. 11:7)

7. ἀλλὰ τοῦτον οἴδαμεν πόθεν ἐστίν· ὁ δὲ χριστὸς ὅταν ἐρχηται οὐδεὶς γινώσκει πόθεν ἐστίν (Jn. 7:27)

8. καὶ οὐ θέλετε ἐλθεῖν πρός με ἵνα ζωὴν ἔχητε (Jn. 5:40)

9. καὶ εἶπεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Εἰς κρίμα (judgment) ἐγὼ εἰς τὸν κόσμον τοῦτον ἤλθον, ἵνα οἱ μὴ βλέποντες βλέπωσιν καὶ οἱ βλέποντες τύφλοι (blind) γένωνται (Jn. 9:39)

10. τεκνία, μὴ ἀγαπῶμεν λόγῳ μηδὲ τῇ γλώσσῃ (speech) ἀλλὰ ἐν ἔργῳ καὶ ἀληθείᾳ (1 Jn. 3:18)

11. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἀποκρίνεται αὐτοῖς λέγων· Ἐλήλυθεν ἡ ὥρα ἵνα δοξασθῇ (verb of δόξα) ὁ νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου (Jn. 12:23)

12. καὶ ἔάν τίς (anyone) μου ἀκούσῃ τῶν ῥημάτων καὶ μὴ φυλάξῃ (keep), ἐγὼ οὐ κρίνω αὐτόν· οὐ γὰρ ἤλθον ἵνα κρίνω τὸν κόσμον, ἀλλ' ἵνα σώσω τὸν κόσμον (Jn. 12:47)

13. μὴ ὁ νόμος ἡμῶν κρίνει τὸν ἄνθρωπον ἐὰν μὴ ἀκούσῃ πρὸτον παρ' αὐτοῦ καὶ γνῷ τί ποιεῖ; (Jn. 7:51)
14. ἐν τούτῳ γνώσονται πάντες ὅτι ἐμοὶ μαθηταί ἔστε, ἐὰν ἀγάπην ἔχητε ἐν ἀλλήλοις (Jn. 13:35)
15. οὐ γὰρ ἀπέστειλεν ὁ θεὸς τὸν υἱὸν εἰς τὸν κόσμον ἵνα κρίνῃ τὸν κόσμον, ἀλλ' ἵνα σωθῇ ὁ κόσμος δι' αὐτοῦ (Jn. 3:17)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. that they might drink the water
2. that you (sg) might be set free from the commandments of the law
3. the words of the mouth make peace
4. let us rejoice in God
5. she prayed by the lake

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. *τηρέω* _____2. *ἀποκτείνω* _____3. *ὑπάγω* _____4. *πέμπω* _____5. *ἐάν* _____

6. I witness _____

7. I rejoice _____

8. therefore, so _____

9. I pray _____

10. authority _____

6. Current Vocabulary (10)

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Across

- 1. elder
- 6. word
- 8. commandment
- 10. I lead, bring

Down

- 2. faithful
- 3. if, whether
- 4. Sabbath
- 5. I set free
- 7. fruit
- 9. I bear, carry

Ch. 24: Imperishable Imperatives Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

Parsing Paradise: PAM = Present Active Imperative

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| 1. ποιεῖτε | PAM 2 Pl. from ποιέω meaning "(you) make" (Mat. 3:3) |
| 2. ὑπαγε | PAM 2 SG. from ὑπάγω meaning "(you) go" (Mat. 4:10) |
| 3. γνώτω | AAM 3 SG. from γινώσκω meaning "let it know" (Mat. 6:3) |
| 4. εἰσελθε | AAM 2 SG. from εισέρχομαι meaning "(you) enter"
(Mat. 6:6) |
| 5. γενηθήτω | ADM 3 SG. from γίνομαι meaning "let it be" (Mat. 6:10) |
| 6. ζητεῖτε | PAM 2 Pl. from ζητέω meaning "(you) seek" (Mat. 6:33) |
| 7. κρίνετε | PAM 2 Pl. from κρίνω meaning "(you) judge" (Mat. 7:1) |
| 8. εἰπέ | AAM 2 SG. from λέγω meaning "(you) speak" (Mat. 8:8) |
| 9. ἀκολουθεί | PAM 2 SG. ἀκολουθέω meaning "(you) follow" (Mat. 8:22) |
| 10. σῶσον | AAM 2 SG. from σώζω meaning "(you) save" (Mat. 8:25) |

Translation

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Ἐγερθεὶς παράλαβε τὸ παιδίον
καὶ τὴν μητέρα αὐτοῦ καὶ
φεῦγε (flee) εἰς Αἴγυπτον
(Egypt) (Mat. 2:13) | After arising take the child and his
mother and flee into Egypt |
| 2. ὁ πειράζων (tempting) εἶπεν αὐτῷ·
Εἰ νιὸς εἶ τοῦ θεοῦ, εἰπὲ
ἴνα οἱ λίθοι (stones) οὖτοι
ἄρτοι γένωνται (Mat. 4:3) | The one tempting said to him, "If
you are the son of God, speak that
these stone may become bread" |

3. τότε λέγει αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς,
"Ὕπαγε, Σατανᾶ· γέγραπται
γάρ, Κύριον τὸν θεόν σου
προσκυνήσεις (worship) (Mat. 4:10)
- Then Jesus said to him, "Leave, Satan! for it has been written, 'The Lord your God you shall worship'"
4. ἔστω δὲ ὁ λόγος ὑμῶν ναι ναι,
οὐ oὐ· τὸ δὲ περισσὸν (more
than) τούτων ἐκ τοῦ πονηροῦ
ἔστιν (Mat. 5:37)
- But let your word be "yes, yes, no,
no" what is more than these is
from evil one
5. Καὶ ὅταν προσεύχησθε, οὐκ ἔσεσθε
ώς οἱ ὑποκριταί, ὅτι φιλοῦσιν
ἐν ταῖς συναγωγαῖς (Mat. 6:5)
- And whenever you pray, do not be
as the hypocrites, because they
love in the synagogues
6. ἐλθέτω ἡ βασιλεία σου· γενηθήτω
τὸ θέλημά σου (Mat. 6:10)
- Your kingdom come; your
will be done
7. ζητεῖτε δὲ πρῶτον τὴν βασιλείαν
[τοῦ θεοῦ] καὶ τὴν δικαιοσύνην
αὐτοῦ (Mat. 6:33)
- But seek first the kingdom of God
and his righteousness
8. Μὴ κρίνετε, ἵνα μὴ κριθῆτε (Mat. 7:1)
- Do not judge, in order that you
may not be judged
9. Ἐρχου, καὶ ἔρχεται, καὶ τῷ δούλῳ
μου, Ποίησον τοῦτο, καὶ ποιεῖ
(Mat. 8:9)
- "Come" and he comes, and to my
servant, "Do this," and he does (it)
10. ἦ εἰπεῖν· Ἔγειρε καὶ περιπάτει;
(Mat. 9:5)
- Or to say, "Rise and walk"?
11. καὶ ἤνεῳχθησαν αὐτῶν
οἱ ὄφθαλμοι...Ορᾶτε
μηδεὶς γινωσκέτω (Mat. 9:30)
- And their eyes were opened . . .
"See [that] no one knows"
12. ὁ ἔχων ὤτα ἀκουέτω (Mat. 11:15)
- The one having ears let him hear

Name _____

Chapter 24: Imperative Verbs

Impetuous Imperatives

1. Parsing Party: (30) Indicate the second aorists (e.g. 2 AA Imp)

λυσάτω 3 Sg AA Imp from λύω let him/her/it loose

1. ἀκουε

2. βάλε

3. ἀκούετε

4. λαλεῖτε

5. βάλετε

6. λυθήτωσαν

7. ἀκουέτω

8. λάλει

9. βαλέτωσαν

10. λῦσον

11. λύσασθε

12. βαλέτω

13. λαλείτωσαν

14. λύθητι

15. ἀκουέτωσαν

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. βλέπετε ἑαυτούς (2 Jn. 1:8)
2. μὴ γράφε· Ο βασιλεὺς τῶν Ἰουδαίων (Jn. 19:21)
3. ἔγειρε ἄρον τὸν κράβαττόν (cot) σου (Jn. 5:8)
4. λέγει αὐτοῖς· ἔρχεσθε (Jn. 1:39)
5. μὴ κρίνετε (Jn. 7:24)
6. ἔρχέσθω πρός με καὶ πινέτω (Jn. 7:37)
7. τοῖς ἔργοις πιστεύετε (Jn. 10:38)
8. καὶ πορεύου εἰς γῆν Ἰσραὴλ (Mat. 2:20)
9. ὕπαγε εἰς τὴν Ἰουδαίαν (Jn. 7:3)
10. ἀγαπᾶτε τοὺς ἐχθροὺς (enemies) ὑμῶν (Mat. 5:44)
11. ἔρχου καὶ ἵδε (Jn. 1:46)
12. μένετε ἐν αὐτῷ (1 Jn. 2:27)

13. βάλε ἀπὸ σοῦ (Mat. 5:30)

14. πιστεύετε εἰς τὸν θεὸν καὶ εἰς ἐμὲ πιστεύετε (Jn. 14:1)

15. ἀμήν, ἔρχου κύριε Ἰησοῦ (Rev. 22:20)

3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)

1. μὴ ἀγαπᾶτε τὸν κόσμον μηδὲ τὰ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ. ἐάν τις ἀγαπᾷ τὸν κόσμον, οὐκ ἔστιν ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ πατρὸς ἐν αὐτῷ (1 Jn. 2:15)
2. εἰ ὁ κόσμος ὑμᾶς μισεῖ (it hates), γινώσκετε ὅτι ἐμὲ πρῶτον ὑμῶν μεμίσηκεν (it has hated) (Jn. 15:18)
3. ἐὰν εἰδῆτε ὅτι δίκαιος ἔστιν, γινώσκετε ὅτι καὶ πᾶς ὁ ποιῶν τὴν δικαιοσύνην ἐξ αὐτοῦ γεγέννηται (1 Jn. 2:29)
4. εἴ τις ἔρχεται πρὸς ὑμᾶς καὶ ταύτην τὴν διδαχὴν (teaching) οὐ φέρει, μὴ λαμβάνετε αὐτὸν εἰς οἰκίαν καὶ χαίρειν (greeting) αὐτῷ μὴ λέγετε (2 Jn. 1:10)
5. καὶ ὑμεῖς δὲ μαρτυρεῖτε, ὅτι ἀπ' ἀρχῆς μετ' ἐμοῦ ἔστε (Jn. 15:27)

6. εǐπεν οὗν αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Ἐτι μικρὸν χρόνον (time) τὸ φῶς ἐν νύμιν ἔστιν. Περιπατεῖτε ώς τὸ φῶς ἔχετε, ἵνα μὴ σκοτία (darkness) νύμᾶς καταλάβῃ (overtake). καὶ ὁ περιπατῶν ἐν τῇ σκοτίᾳ οὐκ οἶδεν που ὑπάγει (Jn. 12:35)

7. εἰ οὐ ποιῶ τὰ ἔργα τοῦ πατρός μου, μὴ πιστεύετέ μοι (Jn. 10:37)

8. Ως τὸ φῶς ἔχετε, πιστεύετε εἰς τὸ φῶς, ἵνα νίοι φωτὸς γένησθε. ταῦτα ἐλάλησεν Ἰησοῦς, καὶ ἀπελθὼν ἐκρύβη (he hid himself) ἀπ' αὐτῶν (Jn. 12:36)

9. καὶ ἥκουσα μεγάλης φωνῆς ἐκ τοῦ ναοῦ λεγούσης τοῖς ἑπτά (seven) ἄγγελοις· Ὑπάγετε καὶ ἐκχέετε (pour out) τὰς ἑπτὰ φιάλας (bowls) τοῦ θυμοῦ (wrath) τοῦ θεοῦ εἰς τὴν γῆν (Rev. 16:1)

10. λέγει αὐτῇ· Ὑπαγε φώνησον (call) τὸν ἄνδρα σου καὶ ἐλθὲ ἐνθάδε (here) (Jn. 4:16)

11. πιστεύετε μοι ὅτι ἐγὼ ἐν τῷ πατρὶ καὶ ὁ πατὴρ ἐν ἐμοί· εἰ δὲ μή, διὰ τὰ ἔργα αὐτὰ πιστεύετε (Jn. 14:11)

12. ὁ ἔχων οὖς (ear) ἀκουσάτω τί τὸ πνεύμα λέγει ταῖς ἐκκλησίαις
(Rev. 2:29)

13. γράψον οὖν ἢ εἶδες καὶ ἢ εἰσὶν καὶ ἢ μέλλει γενέσθαι μετὰ ταῦτα
(Rev. 1:19)

14. λέγει ἡ μήτηρ αὐτοῦ τοῖς διακόνοις· Ὁ τι ἂν λέγῃ ὑμῖν ποιήσατε
(Jn. 2:5)

15. χαίρετε ἐν κυρίῳ πάντοτε· πάλιν ἐρῶ, χαίρετε (Phil 4:4)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. let him glorify God

2. (you sg) come (aorist) to me

3. I will keep your law

4. you (sg) will witness for us

5. they asked for a sign

5. Vocabulary Review: Translate the following (20)

1. καρπός _____
2. ἀριθμός _____
3. πίνω _____
4. αἰτέω _____
5. πρόσωπον _____
6. elder _____
7. I lead, bring _____
8. head _____
9. evil _____
10. I drive out _____

6. Current Vocabulary Word Search (10)

ω	δ	α	ι	μ	ο	ν	ι	ο	ν
α	ε	θ	γ	ο	μ	π	ω	μ	α
φ	υ	ω	ζ	α	ξ	ο	δ	τ	ω
ο	ι	π	ε	ν	π	ρ	σ	α	β
θ	ρ	ο	ν	ο	σ	η	τ	κ	ω
δ	ε	λ	ζ	γ	ο	ω	τ	ε	γ
τ	α	λ	ο	ω	ρ	ε	κ	ο	ψ
δ	κ	υ	η	ε	ο	ο	ξ	ρ	σ
ω	ξ	ε	π	μ	δ	η	β	ο	χ
γ	ρ	α	μ	μ	α	τ	ε	υ	σ

Vocab words: find and circle in the puzzle

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| 1. beloved | 6. outside |
| 2. scribe | 7. I ask |
| 3. demon | 8. will |
| 4. I think | 9. throne |
| 5. I praise, glorify | 10. mountain |

Ch. 25: Self-Centered Mi Verb Foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

Parsing Paradise

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| 1. ἔστησαν | 3 Pl. AAI from ἴστημι meaning "they stood" (Lk. 7:14) |
| 2. ἀφήκατε | 2 Pl. AAI from ἀφίημι meaning "you dismissed" (Mat. 23:23) |
| 3. παρέδωκα | 1 SG. AAI from παραδίδωμι meaning "I delivered up" (1 Cor. 11:2) |
| 4. ἀφίενται | 3 Pl. PPI from ἀφίημι meaning "they are forgiven" (Mat. 9:2) |
| 5. σταθήσεσθε | 2 Pl. FPI from ἴστημι meaning "you will stand" (Mk. 13:9) |
| 6. παρέδωκας | 2 SG. AAI from παραδίδωμι meaning "you delivered up"
(Mat. 25:20) |
| 7. ἀνέστη | 3 SG. AAI from ἀνίστημι meaning "he/she/it raised" (Mk. 3:26) |
| 8. ἀφήσει | 3 SG. FAI from ἀφίημι meaning "he/she/it will forgive" (Mat. 6:14) |
| 9. ἀναστήσει | 3 SG. FAI from ἀνίστημι meaning "he/she/it will raise" (Mat. 22:24) |
| 10. ἐστάθησαν | 3 Pl. API from ἴστημι meaning "they stood" (Lk. 24:17) |

Translations

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Ταῦτά σοι
πάντα δώσω, ἐὰν πεσὼν
προσκυνήσῃς μοι (Mat. 4:9) | And he said to him, "All these things I will
give you, if after falling down you will
worship me" |
| 2. τῷ αἰτοῦντί σε δός (Mat. 5:42) | To the one asking you, give |
| 3. τὸν ἄρτον ἡμῶν τὸν ἐπιούσιον
(daily) δὸς ἡμῖν σήμερον
(Mat. 6:11) | Our daily bread give us today |
| 4. Αἴτεῖτε καὶ δοθήσεται ὑμῖν,
ζητεῖτε καὶ εὑρήσετε
(Mat. 7:7) | Ask and it will be given to you, seek and
you will find |

5. ιδόντες δὲ οἱ ὥχλοι
 ἐφοβήθησαν καὶ ἐδόξασαν
 τὸν θεὸν τὸν δόντα ἔξουσίαν
 τοιαύτην (such) τοῖς
 ἀνθρώποις (Mat. 9:8)
6. Καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος τοὺς
 δώδεκα μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ
 ἔδωκεν αὐτοῖς ἔξουσίαν
 (Mat. 10:1)
7. ἔδωκεν τοῖς μαθηταῖς τοὺς
 ἄρουρα, οἱ δὲ μαθηταὶ
 τοῖς ὥχλοις (Mat. 14:19)
8. δώσω σοι τὰς κλεῖδας (keys)
 τῆς βασιλείας τῶν οὐρανῶν
 (Mat. 16:19)
9. θήσω τὸ πνεῦμά μου ἐπ'
 αὐτόν (Mat. 12:18)
10. ἴδε ὁ τόπος ὅπου ἔθηκαν
 αὐτόν (Mk. 16:6)
11. εἶπεν δέ τις αὐτῷ, Ἰδοὺ
 ἡ μήτηρ σου καὶ οἱ ἀδελφοί
 σου ἔξω ἐστήκασιν
 ζητοῦντές σοι λαλῆσαι
 (Mat. 12:47)
12. καὶ στὰς ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἐφώνησεν
 αὐτοὺς καὶ εἶπεν (Mat. 20:32)
- But after seeing, the crowd was awed and glorified God, the one giving such authority to men
- And after calling his twelve disciples, he gave them authority
- He gave the bread to the disciples, and the disciples to the crowds
- I will give you the keys of the kingdom of heaven
- I will put my spirit upon him
- Behold the place where they put him
- But someone said to him, "Behold your mother and brothers have stood outside seeking to speak to you"
- And after standing, Jesus called them and said

Name _____

Chapter 25: The -μι Verbs***Self-centered -μι Verbs***

1. Parsing (watch for different moods): (30)

δῶτε 2 Pl. AA Subj. δίδωμι you may give

1. δίδωσι(ν)

2. τίθετε

3. διδόναι

4. θήσω

5. τιθέτω

6. διδῷμεν

7. τέθεικα

8. ἐδίδοτε

9. δότω

10. ἔθηκα

11. θεῖναι

12. ἐδώκαμεν

13. θῶ

14. δέδωκα

15. ἐτίθεσαν

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. κἀγὼ δίδωμι αὐτοῖς ζωὴν αἰώνιον (Jn. 10:28)
2. καὶ πάντα δείκνυσιν αὐτῷ ἢ αὐτὸς ποιεῖ (Jn. 5:20)
3. εἶπέ μοι ποῦ ἔθηκας αὐτόν (Jn. 20:15)
4. ἔστησαν ἐπὶ τοὺς πόδας αὐτῶν (Rev. 11:11)
5. δείξω σοι (Rev. 17:1)
6. δίδοτε, καὶ δοθήσεται ὑμῖν (Lk. 6:38)
7. καὶ ἐτίθουν παρὰ τοὺς πόδας τῶν ἀποστόλων (Acts 4:35)
8. ὅτι τὰ ρήματα ἢ ἔδωκάς μοι δέδωκα αὐτοῖς (Jn. 17:8)
9. διδόναι τοῖς τέκνοις ὑμῶν (Lk. 11:13)
10. δίδουν ἡμῖν τὸ καθ' ἡμέραν (Lk. 11:3)
11. μακάριόν (blessed, happy) ἔστιν μᾶλλον διδόναι ἢ λαμβάνειν (Acts 20:35)
12. ἴδοὺ ἔστηκα ἐπὶ τὴν θύραν (door) (Rev. 3:20)

13. καὶ δώσωμεν (Subj) τὴν δόξαν αὐτῷ (Rev. 19:7)
14. ἀπὸ τότε ἤρξατο ὁ Ἰησοὺς δεικνύειν τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ (Mat. 16:21)
15. διὰ τοῦ πνεύματος δίδοται λόγος σοφίας (1 Cor. 12:8)
3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)
1. ἐντολὴν καινὴν (new) δίδωμι ὑμῖν, ἵνα ἀγαπᾶτε ἄλλήλους, καθὼς ἡγάπησα ὑμᾶς ἵνα καὶ ὑμεῖς ἀγαπᾶτε ἄλλήλους (Jn. 13:34)
 2. ἀπεκρίθησαν οὖν οἱ Ἰουδαῖοι καὶ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· Τί σημεῖον δεικνύεις ἡμῖν ὅτι ταῦτα ποιεῖς; (Jn. 2:18)

3. καὶ λέγουσιν αὐτῇ ἐκεῖνοι· Γύναι, τί κλαίεις (you are crying); λέγει αὐτοῖς ὅτι ἦραν τὸν κύριόν μου, καὶ οὐκ οἶδα ποῦ ἔθηκαν αὐτόν (Jn. 20:13)

4. ὁ ἔχων οὖς (ear) ἀκουσάτω τί τὸ πνεῦμα λέγει ταῖς ἐκκλησίαις. τῷ νικῶντι (conquering) δώσω αὐτῷ φαγεῖν ἐκ ξύλου (tree) τῆς ζωῆς, ὅ ἐστιν ἐν τῷ παραδείσῳ (paradise) τοῦ θεοῦ (Rev. 2:7)

5. ὑπόδειγμα (example) γὰρ ἔδωκα ὑμῖν ἵνα καθὼς ἐγὼ ἐποίησα ὑμῖν καὶ ὑμεῖς ποιῆτε (Jn. 13:15)

6. καὶ ἥρχοντο πρὸς αὐτὸν καὶ ἔλεγον· Χαῖρε (hail) ὁ βασιλεὺς τῶν Ἰουδαίων· καὶ ἐδίδοσαν αὐτῷ ράπίσματα (blows) (Jn. 19:3)

7. καὶ ἔξελθόντες οἱ Φαρισαῖοι εὐθὺς μετὰ τῶν Ἡρῳδιανῶν συμβούλιον (a plan) ἐδίδουν κατ' αὐτοῦ ὅπως αὐτὸν ἀπολέσωσιν (Mk. 3:6)

8. [ἀλλὰ] καὶ νῦν οἴδα ὅτι ὅσα ἀν αἰτήσῃ τὸν θεὸν δώσει σοι ὁ θεός (Jn. 11:22)

9. ἐγὼ δέδωκα αὐτοῖς τὸν λόγον σου καὶ ὁ κόσμος ἐμίσησεν (it hated) αὐτοὺς, ὅτι οὐκ εἰσὶν ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου καθὼς ἐγὼ οὐκ εἰμὶ ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου. (Jn. 17:14)

10. ἀπεκρίθη αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰωάννης λέγων· Ἐγὼ βαπτίζω ἐν ὕδατι· μέσος (among) ύμῶν ἔστηκεν ὃν ύμεῖς οὐκ οἴδατε (Jn. 1:26)

11. μηδὲ δίδοτε τόπον τῷ διαβόλῳ (Eph. 4:27)

12. παντὶ αἰτοῦντί σε δίδου, καὶ ἀπὸ τοῦ αἴροντος τὰ σὰ (yours) μὴ ἀπαίτει (demand in return) (Lk. 6:30)

13. καὶ εἶπεν πρὸς αὐτόν· Ὑελθε ἐκ τῆς γῆς σου καὶ [ἐκ] τῆς συγγενείας (kindred) σου, καὶ δεῦρο (come here) εἰς τὴν γῆν ἣν σοι δείξω (Acts 7:3)

14. ὁ γὰρ ἄρτος τοῦ θεοῦ ἐστιν ὁ καταβαίνων ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ καὶ ζωὴν διδοὺς τῷ κόσμῳ (Jn. 6:33)

15. ὡσπερ (just as) ὁ νιὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου οὐκ ἤλθεν διακονηθῆναι (to be served) ἀλλὰ διακονῆσαι καὶ δοῦναι τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ λύτρον (ransom) ἀντὶ (in behalf of, for) πολλῶν (Mat. 20:28)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. you (sg) gave me the mountain

2. Jesus proclaimed the gospel

3. they asked Jesus about the law

4. we give the boat to you (pl)

5. the truth will set you (sg) free

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. γραμματεύς _____

2. ἐντολή _____

3. ὕδωρ _____

4. καταβαίνω _____

5. κάθημαι _____

6. I ask (not αἰτέω) _____

7. I bear _____

8. gospel _____

9. and I _____

10. I glorify _____

6. Current Vocabulary (10)

6

7 _____

5 _____

3 4 _____

2 _____

1 _____

8 _____

10

9 _____

Across

1. I entrust _____
 7. I let, go _____
 8. now, already _____
 9. I set, stand _____

Down

2. I destroy _____
 3. I raise, erect _____
 4. I give, put _____
 5. I put, place _____
 6. I say _____
 10. I proclaim _____

Ch. 26: Numbers and Interrogatives Foldunders

Fold under the right side of the sheet

Counting and Questioning: Identify also the ordinal and cardinal numbers

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| 1. τισίν | Dat. Pl. M./F./N. from τις / τι meaning "to something" (Heb. 10:25) |
| 2. ἕνα | Acc. Sg. M. from εἷς meaning "one" cardinal (Mat. 6:24) |
| 3. τρισίν | Dat. Pl. F. from τρεῖς meaning "to three" cardinal (Mat. 27:40) |
| 4. τίνος | Gen. Sg. M./F./N. from τις / τι meaning "of whom? of which? of what?" (Mat. 22:20) |
| 5. τίνι | Dat. Sg. M./F./N. from τις / τι meaning "to whom? to which? to what?"
(Mat. 5:13) |
| 6. τρίτης | Gen. Sg. F. from τρίτος meaning "of third" ordinal (Mat. 27:64) |
| 7. δυσίν | Dat. Pl. M./F./N. from δύο meaning "to two" cardinal (Mat. 22:40) |
| 8. τρίτου | Gen. Sg. M./N. from τρίτος meaning "of third" ordinal (Mat. 26:44) |
| 9. μίαν | Acc. Sg. F. from εἷς / μία meaning "one" cardinal (Mat. 5:19) |
| 10. πρώτους | Acc. Pl. M. from πρῶτος meaning "first" ordinal (Acts 13:50) |

Translations

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. ὅτι ὁ ἀδελφός σου ἔχει
τι κατὰ σοῦ (Mat. 5:23) | That your brother has something
against you |
| 2. μὴ οὖν μεριμνήσητε (worry)
λέγοντες· Τί φάγωμεν; ἢ·
Τί, πίωμεν; ἢ· Τί περιβαλώμεθα
(wear); (Mat. 6:31) | Therefore do not worry saying,
"What shall we eat?" or, "What
shall we drink?" or, "What shall
we wear?" |

3. ἢ τίς ἔστιν ἐξ ὑμῶν ἄνθρωπος,
ὅν αἰτήσει ὁ νιὸς αὐτοῦ ἄρτον,
μὴ λίθον (stone) ἐπιδώσει αὐτῷ;
(Mat. 7:9)
- Or which person of you, who if his son will ask for bread, surely he will not give him a stone, will he?
4. καὶ ἴδού τινες τῶν γραμματέων
εἶπαν ἐν ἔαυτοῖς· Οὗτος
βλασφημεῖ (Mat. 9:3)
- And look some of the scribes said among themselves, "This one is blaspheming"
5. Τότε προσέρχονται αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ
Ἰωάννου λέγοντες· Διὰ τί ἡμεῖς
καὶ οἱ Φαρισαῖοι νηστεύομεν (fast)
[πολλά] οἱ δὲ μαθηταί σου
οὐ νηστεύουσιν; (Mat. 9:14)
- Then the disciples of John came to him saying, "Why do we and the Pharisees fast much but your disciples do not fast?"
6. ἀλλὰ τί ἐξήλθατε ιδεῖν; (Mat. 11:8)
- But what did you go out to see?
7. καὶ ἐσονται οἱ δύο εἰς σάρκα μίαν·
ῶστε οὐκέτι εἰσὶν δύο ἀλλὰ μία
σάρξ (Mk. 10:8)
- And the two shall be one flesh; so then they are no longer two but one flesh
8. οὗ (where) γάρ εἰσιν δύο ἢ τρεῖς
συνηγμένοι (gathering) εἰς τὸ ἐμὸν
ὄνομα, ἐκεῖ εἰμι ἐν μέσῳ αὐτῶν
(Mat. 18:20)
- For where two or three are gathered in my name, there am I among them
9. καὶ ἐγένετο μετὰ ἡμέρας τρεῖς
εὗρον αὐτὸν ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ (Lk. 2:46)
- And it happened after three days they found him in the temple
10. Ἐλθὼν οὖν ὁ Ἰησοῦς εὗρεν αὐτὸν
τέσσαρας ἥδη ἡμέρας ἔχοντα
ἐν τῷ μνημείῳ (tomb) (Jn. 11:17)
- Therefore, after coming, Jesus found him already having been in the tomb four days

11. Μετὰ τοῦτο εἶδον τέσσαρας ἀγγέλους ἐστῶτας ἐπὶ τὰς τέσσαρας γωνίας (corners) τῆς γῆς (Rev. 7:1)
12. καὶ λαβὼν τοὺς πέντε ἄρτους καὶ τοὺς δύο ἰχθύας (fish) ἀναβλέψας εἰς τὸν οὐρανόν (Mk. 6:41)
13. Τῶν δὲ δώδεκα ἀποστόλων τὰ ὄνόματά ἔστιν ταῦτα· πρῶτος Σίμων ὁ λεγόμενος Πέτρος καὶ Ἀνδρέας ὁ ἀδελφὸς αὐτοῦ (Mat. 10:2)
- After this, I saw four angels standing upon the four corners of the earth
- And after taking the five loaves and two fish, looking up into heaven
- The 12 apostles names are these; first Simon, the one being called Peter, and Andrew his brother

Name _____

Chapter 26: Numbers and Interrogatives***Counting and Questioning***

1. Declining: (30)

τίς	Nom. Sg. M/F	τίς, τί	who? which?
-----	--------------	---------	-------------

1. ἐνός

2. μιᾶ

3. ἔν

4. τίνα

5. τίσι(ν)

6. τι

7. τινά

8. μιᾶς

9. τίνων

10. τινάς

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ἐὰν μή τις γεννηθῇ ἐξ ὄδατος (Jn. 3:5)

2. ἦσαν δέ τινες τῶν γραμματέων ἐκεῖ καθήμενοι (Mk. 2:6)

3. καὶ τινες τῶν γραμματέων ἐλθοντες ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων
(Mk. 7:1)
4. μετὰ δέ τινας ἡμέρας εἶπεν πρὸς Βαρναβᾶν Παῦλος
(Acts 15:36)
5. διὰ τὸ λέγεσθαι ύπὸ τινων ὅτι Ἰωάννης ἤγέρθη ἐκ νεκρῶν (Lk. 9:7)
6. εἷς ἐστιν ὁ ἀγαθός (Mat. 19:17)
7. εἷς ἐκ τῶν δύο τῶν ἀκουσάντων παρὰ Ἰωάννου (Jn. 1:40)
8. δι' ἐνὸς ἀνθρώπου ἡ ἀμαρτία εἰς τὸν κόσμον εἰσῆλθεν
(Rom. 5:12)
9. καὶ εἶδον ἔνα ἄγγελον (Rev. 19:17)
10. καὶ ἀφ' ἐνὸς ἐγεννήθησαν (Heb. 11:12)
11. ὅσον οὐκ ἐποιήσατε ἐνὶ τούτων (Mat. 25:45)
12. ἐν οἴδα ὅτι τυφλὸς ὁν ἀρτὶ βλέπω (Jn. 9:25)
13. ἵνα ὢσιν ἐν καθὼς ἡμεῖς (Jn. 17:11)
14. ἔτεροι δὲ Ἱερεμίαν ἢ ἔνα τῶν προφητῶν (Mat. 16:14)

15. ἔνα πατέρα ἔχομεν τὸν θεόν (Jn. 8:41)

3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)

1. ἐν τῇ ἀναστάσει (resurrection) οὗν τίνος τῶν ἐπτὰ ἔσται γυνή; Πάντες γὰρ ἔσχον αὐτήν (Mat. 22:28)
2. λέγων· Τί ὑμῖν δοκεῖ περὶ τοῦ Χριστοῦ; τίνος υἱός ἔστιν; λέγουσιν αὐτῷ· Τοῦ Δαυίδ (Mat. 22:42)
3. ἀποκριθεὶς δὲ ὁ εὐνοῦχος (eunuch) τῷ Φιλίππῳ εἶπεν· Δέομαι (I ask) σου, περὶ τίνος ὁ προφήτης λέγει τοῦτο; περὶ ἑαυτοῦ ἢ περὶ ἑτέρου τινός; (Acts 8:34)
4. καὶ ἴδού τινες τῶν γραμματέων εἶπαν ἐν ἑαυτοῖς· Οὗτος βλασφημεῖ (Mat. 9:3)
5. οὗτως οὐκ ἔστιν θέλημα ἔμπροσθεν τοῦ πατρὸς ὑμῶν τοῦ ἐν οὐρανοῖς ἵνα ἀπόληται ἐν τῶν μικρῶν τούτων (Mat. 18:14)

6. ἀποκριθεὶς δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· Ἐρωτήσω ὑμᾶς κάγὼ λόγον ἔνα, ὃν ἐὰν εἴπητε μοι κάγὼ ὑμῖν ἐρῶ ἐν ποίᾳ (what, what kind of) ἔξουσίᾳ ταῦτα ποιῶ (Mat. 21:24)

7. ἵνα τοὺς δύο κτίσῃ (he might make/create) ἐν αὐτῷ εἰς ἔνα καινὸν ἄνθρωπον ποιῶν εἰρήνην (Eph 2:15)

8. τῇ ἐπαύριον (next day) πάλιν είστηκει (pluperfect) ὁ Ἰωάννης καὶ ἐκ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ δύο (Jn. 1:35)

9. καὶ ἤκουσαν οἱ δύο μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος καὶ ἡκολούθησαν τῷ Ἰησοῦ (Jn. 1:37)

10. καὶ Ὡ μὲν ἔδωκεν πέντε τάλαντα, Ὡ δὲ δύο, Ὡ δὲ ἕν, ἐκάστῳ κατὰ τὴν ἴδιαν δύναμιν (Mat. 25:15)

11. πέντε γὰρ ἀνδρας ἔσχες καὶ νῦν ὃν ἔχεις οὐκ ἔστιν σου ἀνήρ· τοῦτο ἀληθὲς εἴρηκας (Jn. 4:18)

12. Ὡδε ὁ νοῦς (mind) ὁ ἔχων σοφίαν. αἱ ἐπτὰ κεφαλαὶ ἐπτὰ ὅρη εἰσίν, ὅπου ἡ γυνὴ κάθηται ἐπ' αὐτῶν. καὶ βασιλεὶς ἐπτά εἰσιν (Rev. 17:9)

13. καὶ εἶδον τοὺς ἑπτὰ ἀγγέλους οἵ ἐνώπιον τοῦ θεοῦ ἐστήκασιν, καὶ ἐδόθησαν αὐτοῖς ἑπτὰ σάλπιγγες (trumpets) (Rev. 8:2)

14. τῶν δὲ δώδεκα ἀποστόλων τὰ ὄνόματά ἔστιν ταῦτα· πρῶτος Σίμων ὁ λεγόμενος Πέτρος (Mat. 10:2)

15. εἶπεν οὖν ὁ Ἰησοῦς τοῖς δώδεκα· Μὴ καὶ ὑμεῖς θέλετε ὑπάγειν; (Jn. 6:67)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. where do you (pl) worship?

2. they took his garment

3. the night will come when

4. I gave you (pl) this mountain

5. do you (sg) think that I am not able?

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. ἀφίημι _____

2. παραδίδωμι _____

3. θέλημα _____

4. δοξάζω _____

5. ἀπολύω _____

6. boat _____

7. I think _____

8. I proclaim _____

9. mountain _____

10. faithful _____

6. Current Vocabulary Word Search (10)

γ	σ	ο	η	σ	θ	ξ	ν	κ	φ
υ	ι	β	ν	ε	ω	ρ	ι	π	υ
μ	τ	ξ	ε	λ	δ	ε	μ	ο	σ
υ	σ	σ	α	α	ξ	δ	α	ι	ω
ο	ο	ζ	σ	υ	κ	ω	τ	ο	μ
τ	υ	π	ν	ο	ω	η	ι	δ	ρ
υ	α	β	λ	ι	δ	μ	ο	ξ	τ
α	π	ρ	ο	σ	κ	υ	ν	ε	ω
ε	ο	κ	ε	ν	γ	ν	ω	λ	ο
ρ	υ	μ	η	π	τ	ι	ν	ε	σ

Vocab words: find and circle in the puzzle

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| of himself/herself/itself | where? |
| my, mine | I worship |
| garment | someone, something |
| night | who? which? |
| whoever | here, hither |

Ch. 27: The Best Comparatives and Clauses foldunders
Fold under the right side of the sheet

Working with Adjectives/Comparatives/Superlatives

1. μικρά Adj. Nom. Sg. Fem. from μικρός meaning "little" (1 Cor. 5:6)
2. μεγάλους Adj. Acc. Pl. Masc. from μέγας meaning "great" (Mk. 4:32)
3. ἐλαχίστων Sup. Adj. Gen. Pl. M./F./N. from ἐλάχιστος meaning "least"
(Mat. 5:19)
4. μείζονα Comp. Adj. Acc. Sg. Masc. from μέγας meaning "greater"
(Heb. 11:26)
5. μικάν Adj. Acc. Sg. Fem. from μικρός meaning "little" (Rev. 3:8)
6. ἐλαχίστῳ Sup. Adj. Dat. Sg. Neut. from ἐλάχιστος meaning "least" (Lk. 16:10)
7. μείζων Adj. Nom. Sg. Masc. from μέγας meaning "greater" (Mat. 11:11)
8. μικρότερος Comp. Adj. Nom. Sg. Masc. from μικρός meaning "smaller"
(Mat. 11:11)
9. μείζονος Comp. Adj. Gen. Sg. Masc./Neut. from μέγας meaning "greater"
(Heb. 6:13)
10. μεγάλης Adj. Gen. Sg. Fem. from μέγας meaning "great" (Mat. 24:31)

For the comparatives and superlatives often one has to know the context which will determine whether the word is translated as a comparative or superlative. If two items are involved than it is a comparative; if more, then it is a superlative (vid. e.g. 2 and 5 below).

Translations

1. Άμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν· οὐκ ἐγήγερται
ἐν γεννητοῖς γυναικῶν μείζων
Ἰωάννου τοῦ βαπτιστοῦ· ὁ
δὲ μικρότερος ἐν τῇ βασιλείᾳ
τῶν οὐρανῶν μείζων αὐτοῦ
ἔστιν (Mat. 11:11)
- Truly I say to you, there has not risen among the ones born of women one greater than John the Baptist, yet the least in the kingdom of heaven is greater than he
2. οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ μείζων ἐν τῇ
βασιλείᾳ τῶν οὐρανῶν
(Mat. 18:4)
- This one is the greatest in the kingdom of heaven
3. ὁ δὲ μείζων ὑμῶν ἔσται
ὑμῶν διάκονος. (Mat. 23:11)
- But the greatest of you will be your servant
4. Ἐγένετο δὲ καὶ φιλονεικία
(argument) ἐν αὐτοῖς, τὸ τίς
αὐτῶν δοκεῖ εἶναι μείζων
(Lk. 22:24)
- But also there was an argument among them, which of them was thought to be the greatest
5. μὴ σὺ μείζων εἶ τοῦ πατρὸς
ἡμῶν Ἰακώβ; (Jn. 4:12)
- You are not greater than our father Jacob, are you?
6. ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, οὐκ
ἔστιν δοῦλος μείζων τοῦ
κυρίου αὐτοῦ οὐδὲ
ἀπόστολος μείζων τοῦ
πέμψαντος αὐτόν (Jn. 13:16)
- Truly, truly, I say to you, a servant is not greater than his master, nor a messenger greater than the one who sent him

7. ὁ γὰρ μικρότερος ἐν πᾶσιν ὑμῖν
ὑπάρχων (=εἰμί) οὗτός ἐστιν
μέγας (Lk. 9:48)
For the one being least among all
of you, this one is great
8. ὃς ἐὰν οὖν λύσῃ μίαν τῶν
ἐντολῶν τούτων τῶν
ἔλαχίστων καὶ διδάξῃ οὕτως
τοὺς ἀνθρώπους, ἔλαχιστος
κληθήσεται ἐν τῇ βασιλείᾳ
τῶν οὐρανῶν (Mat. 5:19)
Therefore whoever will break one
of the least of these commandments
and teach men so, he will be called
least in the kingdom of heaven
9. μειζοτέραν τούτων οὐκ ἔχω
χαράν, ἵνα ἀκούω τὰ ἐμὰ
τέκνα ἐν τῇ ἀληθείᾳ
περιπατοῦντα (3 Jn. 1:4)
I have no greater joy, in order that
I hear that my children are walking
in the truth
10. ὥστε τὸν ὄχλον θαυμάσαι
βλέποντας κωφοὺς (mute)
λαλοῦντας (Mat. 15:31)
So that the crowd marveled seeing
the mute speaking
11. ὥστε οὐκέτι εἰσὶν δύο
ἀλλὰ σάρξ μία (Mat. 19:6)
So that they are no longer two but
one flesh

Name _____

Chapter 27: Comparatives, Conjunctions, and Clause Types

1. Identify which structural markers are: Temporal, Causal, Purpose, Continuative, and/or Adversative: (30)

Kaī Continuative/adversative “and”

1. ἀχρι

2. ὅτι

3. ἀλλά

4. ἵνα

5. οὐδε

6. ἐπει

7. ως

8. ὅπως

9. πρίν

10. δέ

11. μέντοι

12. γάρ

13. τέ

14. ἐπειδή

15. διότι

2. Translate the following short lines: (15)

1. ὅτι Ἐγὼ οὐκ εἰμὶ ὁ Χριστός (Jn. 1:20)
2. οὐ γὰρ ἀπέστειλεν ὁ θεὸς τὸν νιὸν (Jn. 3:17)
3. ὅτε οὖν ἤγερθη ἐκ νεκρῶν (Jn. 2:22)
4. ὅτε οὖν εἶδεν ὁ ὄχλος ὅτι Ἰησοῦς οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκεῖ (Jn. 6:24)
5. ὥρα ἦν ὡς δεκάτη (Jn. 1:39)
6. ὡς δὲ ἦν ἐν τοῖς Ἱεροσολύμοις (Jn. 2:23)
7. ἄχρι γὰρ νόμου ἀμαρτία ἦν ἐν κόσμῳ (Rom. 5:13)
8. εἶπαν οὖν αὐτῷ· Τίς εἰ; (Jn. 1:22)
9. ἦλθαν οὖν καὶ εἶδαν ποῦ μένει (Jn. 1:39)
10. ἔλεγον οὖν οἱ μαθηταὶ πρὸς ἀλλήλους (Jn. 4:33)
11. ἵνα κρίνῃ τὸν κόσμον, ἀλλ᾽ ἵνα σωθῆ ὁ κόσμος (Jn. 3:17)
12. ἵνα ποιήσω τὸ θέλημα τοῦ πέμψαντός με (Jn. 4:34)

13. οἱ δὲ ἀκούσαντες ἐξήρχοντο (Jn. 8:9)
14. νῦν δὲ ζητεῖτε με ἀποκτεῖναι (Jn. 8:40)
15. ἐὰν αὐτὸν θέλω μένειν ἔως ἐρχομαι (Jn. 21:22)

3. Translate the following longer lines: (15)

1. ὅτι ὁ νόμος διὰ Μωϋσέως ἐδόθη, ἡ χάρις καὶ ἡ ἀλήθεια διὰ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ ἐγένετο (Jn. 1:17)
2. κἀγὼ ἑώρακα καὶ μεμαρτύρηκα ὅτι οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 1:34)
3. καὶ ὅτι οὐ χρείαν (need) εἶχεν ἵνα τις μαρτυρήσῃ περὶ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου· αὐτὸς γὰρ ἐγίνωσκεν τί ἦν ἐν τῷ ἀνρθρώπῳ (Jn. 2:25)
4. οὗτος ἦλθεν πρὸς αὐτὸν νυκτὸς καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Ὦ Παββί, οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἀπὸ θεοῦ ἐλήλυθας διδάσκαλος· οὐδεὶς γὰρ δύναται ταῦτα τὰ σημεῖα ποιεῖν ἢ σὺ ποιεῖς, ἐὰν μὴ ἦ ὁ θεὸς μετ' αὐτοῦ (Jn. 3:2)

5. οὗτος γὰρ ἡγάπησεν ὁ θεὸς τὸν κόσμον, ὥστε τὸν νιὸν τὸν μονογενῆ (unique) ἔδωκεν, ἵνα πᾶς ὁ πιστεύων εἰς αὐτὸν μὴ ἀπόληται ἀλλ᾽ ἔχῃ ζωὴν αἰῶνιον (Jn. 3:16)

6. λέγει ἀυτῇ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· Πίστευέ μοι, γύναι, ὅτι ἔρχεται ὥρα ὅτε οὗτε ἐν τῷ ὄρει τούτῳ οὕτε ἐν Ἱεροσολύμοις προσκυνήσετε τῷ πατρὶ (Jn. 4:21)

7. ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι ἔρχεται ὥρα καὶ νῦν ἐστιν ὅτε οἱ νεκροὶ ἀκούσουσιν τῆς φωνῆς τοῦ υἱοῦ τοῦ θεοῦ καὶ οἱ ἀκούσαντες ζήσουσιν (Jn. 5:25)

8. ὡς οὖν ἔγνω ὁ Ἰησοῦς ὅτι ἤκουσαν οἱ Φαρισαῖοι ὅτι Ἰησοῦς πλείονας (more) μαθητὰς ποιεῖ καὶ βαπτίζει ἢ Ἰωάννης (Jn. 4:1)

9. καὶ τὸ μνῆμα (grave) αὐτοῦ ἐστιν ἐν ἡμῖν ἕως τῆς ἡμέρας ταύτης (Acts 2:29)

10. δεῖ γὰρ αὐτὸν βασιλεύειν ἕως οὗ θῇ πάντας τοὺς ἔχθροὺς ὑπὸ τοὺς πόδας αὐτοῦ (1 Cor. 15:25)

11. καὶ ἡρώτησαν αὐτὸν καὶ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· Τί οὗν βαπτίζεις εἰ σὺ οὐκ εἶ ὁ Χριστὸς οὐδὲ Ἡλίας οὐδὲ ὁ προφήτης; (Jn. 1:25)
12. ἀπεκρίθησαν οὖν Ἰουδαῖοι καὶ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· Τί σημεῖον δεικνύεις ἡμῖν ὅτι ταῦτα ποιεῖς; (Jn. 2:18)
13. ἐγὼ δὲ οὐ παρὰ ἀνθρώπου τὴν μαρτυρίαν λαμβάνω, ἀλλὰ ταῦτα λέγω ἵνα ὑμεῖς σωθῆτε (Jn. 5:34)
14. ἀπεκρίθη [ό] Ἰησοῦς καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· Τοῦτο ἐστιν τὸ ἔργον τοῦ θεοῦ, ἵνα πιστεύητε εἰς ὃν ἀπέστειλεν ἐκεῖνος (Jn. 6:29)
15. ὁ δὲ δοῦλος οὐ μένει ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα, ὁ νιὸς μένει εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα (Jn. 8:35)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. for the night is coming after three days
2. we have come to worship in this place
3. already his twelve disciples were seeking him
4. that you (pl) might believe and have eternal life
5. why do you (pl) think in your hearts?

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. ἐαυτοῦ _____
2. ἀπόλλυμι _____
3. ἀγαπητός _____
4. φῆμα _____
5. πῦρ _____
6. I keep, guard _____
7. each _____
8. I worship _____
9. I say (-mi verb) _____
10. throne _____

6. Current Vocabulary (10)

10

8

9

3

2

1

4

6 7

5

Across

1. no, no one
 4. one hundred
 5. seven
 9. two
2. twelve
3. one
6. five
7. three
8. no, no one
10. one thousand

Down

Ch. 28: Gyrating with the Genitives
Fold under the right side of the sheet

Identify the part of speech and parse/decline each of the following:

λέγει αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς, Ἐγώ εἰμι ἡ ὁδὸς καὶ ἡ ἀλήθεια καὶ ἡ ζωή· οὐδεὶς ἔρχεται πρὸς τὸν πατέρα εἰ μὴ δι’ ἐμοῦ (Jn 14:6)

λέγει	Verb 3 SG. PAI from λέγω meaning "he/she/it said"
αὐτῷ	Pronoun 3 Dat. SG. Masc. from αὐτός "to him"
ὁ	Def. Art. Nom. SG. Masc. from ὁ "the"
Ἰησοῦς	Noun, Proper Nom. SG. Masc. from Ἰησοῦς "Jesus"
Ἐγώ	Pron 1 Nom. SG. from ἐγώ meaning "I"
εἰμι	Verb 1 SG. PAI from εἰμί meaning "I am"
ἡ	Def. Art. Nom. SG. Fem. from ἡ meaning "the"
ὁδὸς	Noun Nom. SG. Fem. from ὁδός meaning "way"
καὶ	Conj. καί meaning "and"
ἡ	Def. Art. Nom. SG. Fem. from ἡ meaning "the"
ἀλήθεια	Noun Nom. SG. Fem. from ἀλήθεια meaning "truth"
καὶ	Conj. καί meaning "and"
ἡ	Def. Art. Nom. SG. Fem. from ὁ meaning "the"
ζωή·	Noun Nom. SG. Fem. from ζωή meaning "life"
οὐδεὶς	Pron. Nom. SG. Masc. from οὐδείς meaning "no one"
ἔρχεται	Verb 3 SG. PDI from ἔρχομαι meaning "he/she comes"
πρὸς	Prep. + Acc. from πρὸς meaning "to"
τὸν	Def. Art. Acc. SG. Masc. from ὁ meaning "the"
πατέρα	Noun Acc. SG. Masc. from πατήρ meaning "father"
εἰ	Conditional εἰ meaning "if"
μὴ	Particle Negative meaning "not" (εἰ μὴ = "except")
δι'	Prep. + Gen. διά meaning "through" or "by"
ἐμοῦ	Pron. 1 SG. Gen. from ἐγώ meaning "me"

Translations

1. ἐν αὐτῷ ζωὴ ἦν, καὶ ἡ ζωὴ
ἦν τὸ φῶς τῶν ἀνθρώπων (Jn. 1:4)
- In him was life, and the life was the light of men
Gen. Poss: of men
2. καὶ τοῖς τὰς περιστερὰς (doves)
πωλοῦσιν (selling) εἶπεν· Ἐρατε
ταῦτα ἐντεῦθεν (from here), μὴ
ποιεῖτε τὸν οἶκον τοῦ πατρός μου
οἶκον ἐμπορίου (Jn. 2:16)
- And to the ones selling doves he said "Take these from here, do not make the house of my father a house of a marketplace"
Gen. Poss: my father's house,
Gen. Description: Activity done there
3. λέγει αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς, Γεμίσατε
(fill) τὰς ύδριας (water pots) ὕδατος
(Jn. 2:7)
- Jesus said to them, "Fill the water pots with water"
Gen. of Content: with water
4. ὅσοι δὲ ἔλαβον ἀντὸν ἔδωκεν αὐτοῖς
ἔξουσίαν τέκνα θεοῦ γενέσθαι,
τοῖς πιστεύουσιν εἰς τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ
(Jn. 1:12)
- But whoever receives him, he gave to them authority to become the children of God, to the ones believing in his name
Gen. Relational: children of God
Gen. Possessive: his name
5. οἱ οὐκ ἔξ αἵματων οὐδὲ ἐκ θελήματος
σαρκὸς οὐδὲ ἐκ θελήματος ἀνδρὸς
ἀλλ᾽ ἐκ θεοῦ ἐγννήθησαν (Jn. 1:13)
- Who were not born of blood nor from the will of the flesh nor of the will of man but of God.
Gen. Subjective: flesh's will, man's will, ἐκ: God's will (source)
6. Καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ μαρτυρία
τοῦ Ἰωάννου (Jn. 1:19)
- And this is the witness of John.
Gen. Subjective: John's witness
(Gen. source)
7. Τῇ ἐπαύριον (next day) βλέπει τὸν
Ἰησοῦν ἐρχόμενον πρὸς αὐτὸν
καὶ λέγει, Ἰδε ὁ ἀμνὸς τοῦ θεοῦ
ὁ αἴρων τὴν ἀμαρτίαν
τοῦ κόσμου. (Jn. 1:29)
- The next day he saw Jesus coming to him and he said "Behold the lamb of God the one taking away the sin of the world."
Gen. Poss: Lamb of God;
Gen. Poss.: World's sin
8. Ὡν Ἀδρέας ὁ ἀδελφός
Σίμωνος Πέτρου (Jn. 1:40)
- Andrew was the brother of Simon Peter;

- Gen. Relation: Simon's brother
9. Καὶ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ τῇ τρίτῃ
γάμος (wedding) ἐγένετο ἐν
Κανὰ τῆς Γαλιλαίας (Jn. 2:1)
- And it was the third day of the wedding in Kana of Galilee.
- Gen. Description: Kana, the one in Galilee
10. ἀπεκρίθη Ἰησοῦς καὶ εἶπεν
αὐτῷ, Σὺ εἶ ὁ διδάσκαλος τοῦ
Ἰρανὴλ. . . ; (Jn. 3:10)
- Jesus answered and said to him,
"You are the teacher of Israel?"
- Gen. Descriptive: Teacher of Israel

Name _____

Chapter 28: Case Revisited

Datives and Genitives—Next level

1. For the following sentence, identify the part of speech and parse/decline each word.

Ταύτην ἐποίησεν ἀρχὴν τῶν σημείων ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἐν Κανὰ τῆς Γαλιλαίας καὶ ἐφανέρωσεν τὴν δόξαν αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐπίστευσαν εἰς αὐτὸν οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ. (Jn. 2:11)

Ταύτην

ἐποίησεν

ἀρχὴν

τῶν

σημείων

ὁ

Ἰησοῦς

ἐν

Κανά

τῆς

Γαλιλαίας

καὶ

ἐφανέρωσεν

τῇν

δόξαν

αὐτοῦ

καί

ἐπίστευσαν

εἰς

αὐτόν

οἱ

μαθηταί

αὐτοῦ

2. Translate the following short lines: Indicate what type of genitive or dative the underlined word (s) represents (15).

1. οἵ . . . οὐδὲ ἐκ θελήματος σαρκὸς οὐδὲ ἐκ θελήματος ἀνδρὸς . . . ἐγεννήθησαν (Jn. 1:13)
2. εὐθύνατε (make straight) τὴν ὁδὸν κυρίου (Jn. 1:23)
3. Ἀνδρέας ὁ ἀδελφὸς Σίμωνος Πέτρου (Jn. 1:40)

4. ἐκ τῆς πόλεως Ἀνδρέου (Jn. 1:44)
5. ταύτην ἐποίησεν ἀρχὴν τῶν σημείων ὁ Ἰησοῦς (Jn. 2:11)
6. μὴ ποιεῖτε τὸν οἶκον τοῦ πατρός μου (Jn. 2:16)
7. οὗτος ἦλθεν πρὸς αὐτὸν νυκτός (Jn. 3:2)
8. οὐ δύναται ιδεῖν τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 3:3)
9. ἀλλ' ἡ ὄργὴ τοῦ θεοῦ μένει ἐπ' αὐτόν (Jn. 3:36)
10. καὶ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ τῇ τρίτῃ γάμος (wedding) ἐγένετο (Jn. 2:1)
11. ἀπεκρίθη αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰωάννης λέγων· Ἐγὼ βαπτίζω ἐν ὕδατι (Jn. 1:26)
12. κἀγὼ οὐκ ἥδειν (Plupf 1 Sg) αὐτόν, ἀλλ' ἵνα φανερωθῇ (he might be revealed) τῷ Ἰσραὴλ (Jn. 1:31)
13. ὁ ἔδωκεν Ἰακώβ [τῷ] Ισωσήφ τῷ νἱῷ αὐτοῦ (Jn. 4:5)
14. οἱ πατέρες ἡμῶν ἐν τῷ ὅρει τούτῳ προσεκύνησαν (Jn. 4:20)
15. προσκυνήσετε τῷ πατρὶ (Jn. 4:21)

3. Translate the following longer lines. Indicate what type of genitive or dative the underlined word(s) represents (15).
1. ὅσοι δὲ ἔλαβον αὐτόν, ἔδωκεν αὐτοῖς ἐξουσίαν τέκνα θεοῦ γενέσθαι, τοῖς πιστεύουσιν εἰς τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ (Jn. 1:12)
 2. τῇ ἑπαύριον (next day) βλέπει τὸν Ἰησοῦν ἐρχόμενον πρὸς αὐτὸν καὶ λέγει· Ὦ Ιδε ὁ ἀμνὸς (lamb) τοῦ θεοῦ ὁ αἴρων τὴν ἀμαρτίαν τοῦ κόσμου (Jn. 1:29)
 3. κάγὼ ἐώρακα καὶ μεμαρτύρηκα ὅτι οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ νίος τοῦ θεοῦ (Jn. 1:34)
 4. ἐκεῖνος δὲ ἔλεγεν περὶ τοῦ ναοῦ (temple) τοῦ σῶματος αὐτοῦ (Jn. 2:21)
 5. ἀπεκρίθη Ἰησοῦς καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ· Σὺ εἶ διδάσκαλος τοῦ Ισραὴλ καὶ ταῦτα οὐ γινώσκεις; (Jn. 3:10)
 6. ἐκ δὲ τῆς πόλεως ἐκεῖνης πολλοὶ ἐπίστευσαν εἰς αὐτὸν τῶν Σαμαριτῶν διὰ τὸν λόγον τῆς γυναικὸς μαρτυρούσης ὅτι Εἶπεν μοι πάντα ἡ ἐποίησα (Jn. 4:39)

7. ἀλλὰ ἔγνωκα ύμᾶς ὅτι τὴν ἀγάπην τοῦ θεοῦ οὐκ ἔχετε ἐν ἑαυτοῖς
(Jn. 5:42)
8. ἐγὼ ἐλήλυθα ἐν τῷ ὄνόματι τοῦ πατρός μου, καὶ οὐ λαμβάνετέ με·
ἐὰν ἄλλος ἔλθῃ ἐν τῷ ὄνόματι τῷ ίδιῳ, ἐκεῖνον λήμψεσθε
9. ἡ τε θάλασσα ἀνέμου (wind) μεγάλου πνέοντος (blowing) διεγείρετο
(arouse) (Jn. 6:18)
10. τίς ἡμᾶς χωρίσει (separate) ἀπὸ τῆς ἀγάπης τοῦ Χριστοῦ; (Rom. 8:35)
11. καὶ ἐξέβαλεν τὰ πνεύματα λόγω καὶ πάντας τοὺς κακῶς (ill, evil)
ἔχοντας ἐθεράπευσεν (Matt. 8:16)
12. ἀλλὰ ἔρχεται ὥρα καὶ νῦν ἐστιν, ὅτε οἱ ἀληθινοὶ προσκυνηταὶ
προσκυνήσουσιν τῷ πατρὶ ἐν πνεύματι καὶ ἀληθείᾳ (Jn. 4:23)

13. ἀφῆκεν οὖν τὴν ὑδρίαν (water pot) αὐτῆς ἡ γυνὴ καὶ ἀπῆλθεν εἰς τὴν πόλιν καὶ λέγει τοῖς ἀνθρώποις (Jn. 4:28)

14. τῇ γὰρ χάριτί ἔστε σεσωσμένοι διὰ πίστεως· καὶ τοῦτο οὐκ ἐξ ὑμῶν, θεοῦ τὸ δῶρον (Eph. 2:8)

15. ἐὰν δὲ ἐν τῷ φωτὶ περιπατῶμεν ως αὐτός ἔστιν ἐν τῷ φωτί, κοινωνίαν (fellowship) ἔχομεν μετ' ἄλληλων καὶ τὸ αἷμα Ἰησοῦ τοῦ νίοῦ αὐτοῦ καθαρίζει (it cleanses) ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ πάσης ἀμαρτίας (1 Jn. 1:7)

4. Think Greek (10)

1. give (pl) your teacher joy

2. where did you (pl) see the two Pharisees?

3. the throne was made of stone

4. this is the day that the Lord made

5. good night, the end

5. Vocabulary Review (20)

1. ἐκατόν _____
2. ὥδε _____
3. ἀνίστημι _____
4. ἔξω _____
5. μᾶλλον _____
6. I worship _____
7. where? _____
8. five _____
9. I give _____
10. I bear, carry _____

6. Current Vocabulary Word Search (10)

δ	η	τ	π	ω	χ	ρ	α	π	υ
ε	ι	κ	ο	γ	ε	κ	ο	ι	ε
χ	π	δ	λ	ι	η	ρ	α	ε	μ
ο	ω	ν	α	θ	ο	μ	ω	β	λ
μ	γ	ε	λ	σ	ο	υ	ι	ε	ι
α	α	ξ	χ	ζ	κ	ν	τ	ν	θ
ι	ν	ο	α	π	μ	α	σ	ο	ο
τ	υ	π	ρ	α	ζ	ο	λ	η	ς
φ	σ	υ	α	σ	κ	ι	ρ	ο	χ
α	ε	π	ε	ρ	ω	τ	α	ω	σ

Vocab words: find and circle in the puzzle

I take, receive I gather

teacher such

I ask I am, exist

I look at joy

1 John 1 Westcott-Hort-Robinson Greek Text

1 Ὁ νῦν ἀπ' ἀρχῆς, ὁ ἀκηκόαμεν, ὁ ἐωράκαμεν τοῖς ὀφθαλμοῖς ἡμῶν, ὁ ἐθεασάμεθα καὶ αἱ χεῖρες ἡμῶν ἐψηλάφησαν, περὶ τοῦ λόγου τῆς ζωῆς,

2 καὶ ἡ ζωὴ ἐφανερώθη, καὶ ἐωράκαμεν καὶ μαρτυροῦμεν καὶ ἀπαγγέλλομεν ὑμῖν τὴν ζωὴν τὴν αἰώνιον ἥτις ἦν πρὸς τὸν πατέρα καὶ ἐφανερώθη ἡμῖν

3 ὁ ἐωράκαμεν καὶ ἀκηκόαμεν ἀπαγγέλλομεν καὶ ὑμῖν, ἵνα καὶ ὑμεῖς κοινωνίαν ἔχητε μεθ' ἡμῶν: καὶ ἡ κοινωνία δὲ ἡ ἡμετέρα μετὰ τοῦ πατρὸς καὶ μετὰ τοῦ νιοῦ αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ

4 καὶ ταῦτα γράφομεν ἡμεῖς ἵνα ἡ χαρὰ ἡμῶν ἡ πεπληρωμένη.

5 Καὶ ἔστιν αὕτη ἡ ἀγγελία ἣν ἀκηκόαμεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ καὶ ἀναγγέλλομεν ὑμῖν, ὅτι ὁ θεὸς φῶς ἔστιν καὶ σκοτία οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν αὐτῷ οὐδεμία.

6 Ἐὰν εἴπωμεν ὅτι κοινωνίαν ἔχομεν μετ' αὐτοῦ καὶ ἐν τῷ σκότει περιπατῶμεν, ψευδόμεθα καὶ οὐ ποιοῦμεν τὴν ἀλήθειαν·

7 ἐὰν δὲ ἐν τῷ φωτὶ περιπατῶμεν ὡς αὐτὸς ἔστιν ἐν τῷ φωτί, κοινωνίαν ἔχομεν μετ' ἀλλήλων καὶ τὸ αἷμα Ἰησοῦ τοῦ νιοῦ αὐτοῦ καθαρίζει ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ πάσης ἀμαρτίας.

8 Ἐὰν εἴπωμεν ὅτι ἀμαρτίαν οὐκ ἔχομεν, ἐαυτοὺς πλανῶμεν καὶ ἡ ἀλήθεια οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν ἡμῖν.

9 ἐὰν ὄμολογῶμεν τὰς ἀμαρτίας ἡμῶν, πιστός ἔστιν καὶ δίκαιος ἵνα ἀφῇ ἡμῖν τὰς ἀμαρτίας καὶ καθαρίσῃ ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ πάσης ἀδικίας.

10 Ἐὰν εἴπωμεν ὅτι οὐχ ἡμαρτήκαμεν, ψεύστην ποιοῦμεν αὐτὸν καὶ ὁ λόγος αὐτοῦ οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν ἡμῖν.

Name _____
 Greek. II: 1 John 1:1-10

Box _____
 Date _____

1:1. Ὁ γεννητός από τοῦ πατρὸς, ὁ ἀκηκόαμεν, ὁ ἐωράκαμεν τοῖς ὄφθαλμοῖς ἡμῶν,
 ὁ ἐθεασάμεθα καὶ αἱ χεῖρες ἡμῶν ἐψηλάφησαν,
 περὶ τοῦ λόγου τῆς ζωῆς,

Hard words

θεάομαι	I see (v) (1:1)
χείρ	hand (n) (1:1)
ψηλαφάω	I touch, feel (v) (1:1)

Parsing

ἀκηκόαμεν	_____
ἐωράκαμεν	_____
ἐθεασάμεθα	_____
ἐψηλάφησαν	_____

Translation

Questions/Observations (The question sets are drawn out from Martin Culy's superb: *I, II, III John: A Handbook on the Greek Text* [Waco, TX: Baylor University Press, 2004].

- What beginning is being referenced here creation, incarnation or the beginning of Jesus' ministry? How does that compare with John 1:1?
- What role does the 1st person plural function in this introduction? Is the "we" exclusive or inclusive?
- What type of dative is τοῖς ὄφθαλμοῖς (indirect object, instrumental)?
- ὁφθαλμοῖς ἡμῶν: What type of genitive is ἡμῶν possessive or descriptive?
- How is αἱ χεῖρες ἡμῶν a synecdoche (what is a synecdoche?)?
- What four connections are seen between 1 Jn. 1:1 and John 1:1-2, 14?
- What type of genitive is τῆς ζωῆς in περὶ τοῦ λόγου τῆς ζωῆς (possessive or descriptive)? How would this second genitive be taken if it were appositional? How would that change the meaning?
- What does "touching" add to the seeing?

1:2 καὶ ἡ ζωὴ ἐφανερώθη, καὶ ἔωράκαμεν καὶ μαρτυροῦμεν καὶ
 ἀπαγγέλλομεν ὑμῖν τὴν ζωὴν τὴν αἰώνιον ἥτις ἦν
 πρὸς τὸν πατέρα καὶ ἐφανερώθη ἡμῖν

Parsing

ἐφανερώθη

ἔωράκαμεν

μαρτυροῦμεν

ἀπαγγέλλομεν

,,

ἦν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. Batemen asks, is the conjunctive καὶ conjunctive (adding) or explanatory (for)?
2. Is ἡ ζωὴ to be understood literally or figuratively (synecdoche or personification)?
3. How does John use repetition in 1:2 (cf. 1:1 also)?
4. What type of dative is ὑμῖν (indirect object, agency, instrument)?
5. How do the two ἐφανερώθη's connect the beginning and end (inclusio)?
6. What is the difference between μαρτυροῦμεν and ἀπαγγέλλομεν?
7. What is the relationship of 1:2 to 1:1 and 1:3 (resumptive, parenthetical, causal)?

1:3. ὁ ἐωράκαμεν καὶ ἀκηκόαμεν ἀπαγγέλλομεν καὶ ὑμῖν,
 ἵνα καὶ ὑμεῖς κοινωνίαν ἔχητε μεθ' ἡμῶν.
 καὶ ἡ κοινωνία δὲ ἡ ἡμετέρα μετὰ τοῦ πατρὸς
 καὶ μετὰ τοῦ νίοῦ αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ

Hard words

κοινωνία	fellowship (n) (1:3)
ἡμέτερος	our (adj) (1:3)

Parsing

ἐωράκαμεν	
ἀκηκόαμεν	
ἀπαγγέλλομεν	„
ἔχητε	

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. How is the opening of 1:3a resumptive in nature?
2. How is καὶ to be understood (conjunctive, adjunctive (also), ascensive (even), emphasis (indeed)? (vid. Bateman)
3. What is the relationship between the perfect verbs and the present tense verbs (past/present or perfect basis of present declaration)?
4. How do these perfect verbs tie in to what precedes and what follows?
5. What type of clause does the ἵνα introduce (purpose or result)?
6. What role does καὶ ὑμεῖς play as it is redundant subject because the verb already indicates 2 pl. subject (clarification or emphasis)? What does its position in the sentence also indicate (normal sentence order is VSO)?
7. What is κοινωνίαν? [Key term for a word study.] Why is that word important in this epistle?
8. What is the role of the doubled “conjunctions” δὲ and καὶ continuative or

adversative)?

9. Culy says the μετά is one of association, is that the best way to specify its function in this verse? How do the various μετά function here?
10. αὐτοῦ is what type of genitive?
11. What is the relationship of the two genitives νιοῦ and Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (possession, subjective, apposition)?
12. Where is there an ellipsis (something missing)?

1:4. καὶ ταῦτα γράφομεν ἡμεῖς ἵνα ἡ χαρὰ ἡμῶν ἡ πεπληρωμένη.

Parsing

γράφομεν

ἡ

πεπληρωμένη

Translation

Questions/Observations

1. Sentence initial καὶ plays what role (adverbial: “indeed”; or thematic continuity: “and”)?
2. To what does the ταῦτα refer, anaphoric (to what preceded), or to the whole letter?
3. Why is γράφομεν present tense? How have we seen the present tense to function in the epistolary flow (designating present tense or moving discussion along)?
4. Culy says ἡμεῖς here is probably stylistic, while earlier in 1:3 he said ἡμεῖς was emphatic, was the difference (note position of each)?
5. Why was the γράφομεν ἡμεῖς reading accepted rather than the γράφομεν ὑμῖν? Which reading is supported by the textual evidence? Which reading is more difficult? Why is the more difficult reading preferred?
6. How is ἡ πεπληρωμένη to be understood? Do you remember what a periphrastic is? How would that impact how this text is to be understood?
7. Why is ἵνα ἡ χαρὰ ἡμῶν ἡ πεπληρωμένη so important? Does John usually give the purpose of why he is writing at the beginning or end of his writing (cf. Jn 20:31; cf. 1 John 5:13)? How does that statement in John impact the textual variant between ὑμῶν and ἡμῶν here?

1:5. Καὶ ἔστιν αὕτη ἡ ἀγγελία ἣν ἀκηκόαμεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ
 καὶ ἀναγγέλλομεν ὑμῖν, ὅτι ὁ θεὸς φῶς ἐστὶν
 καὶ σκοτία οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν αὐτῷ οὐδεμία.

Hard words

ἀγγελία message, news (n) (1:5)

Parsing

ἔστιν

ἀκηκόαμεν

ἀναγγέλλομεν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. The αὕτη is called cataphoric (pointing down (*κατά*) into the text) as opposed to anaphoric (pointing up (*ἀντα*) into the text). What does it point to?
2. καὶ ἔστιν αὕτη is used repeatedly in 1 John (2:25; 3:23; 5:4, 11, 14). What important role does it play (emphasis, contrast, aside)?
3. Which one is the subject of the “is” copula verb, αὕτη or ἡ ἀγγελία?
4. When does the accent on ἔστιν move forward rather than the usual ἔστιν (cf. 1:5c; 8, 10—when it follows what two words)?
5. Where is the structural break 1:1-4 with verse 4 bringing closure or 1:1-5 A B A' B' pattern?
6. Is ἀπ' αὐτοῦ source (from), separation (away from), cause (because of), or agency (by)? What difference would each of these make?
7. ὅτι is said to play an epexegetical as opposed to causal role with αὕτη. What does that mean?
8. ὁ θεὸς φῶς ἐστὶν which noun is the subject and why?

9. What is point of the imagery of φῶς (purity, mystery, glory, etc.)? Why?
10. If the normal sentence order in Greek is VSO (verb, subject, object) how does that effect how one interprets the role of σκοτία in the sentence (emphasis, normal or de-emphasis?)
11. Should ἐν αὐτῷ be understood as: sphere (in), temporal (when/while), cause (because of), manner (with), instrumental (by), association (with) or locative?
12. Double negative...how do you handle that in Greek (οὐκ . . . οὐδεμία).
13. How does the article on ὁ θεὸς work (Colwell's rule)? What is the predicate nominative?

1:6. Ἐὰν εἴπωμεν ὅτι κοινωνίαν ἔχομεν μετ' αὐτοῦ
 καὶ ἐν τῷ σκότει περιπατῶμεν, ψευδόμεθα
 καὶ οὐ ποιοῦμεν τὴν ἀλήθειαν·

Hard words

σκότος darkness (n) (1:6)
 ψεύδομαι I lie (v) (1:6)

Parsing

εἴπωμεν	_____
ἔχομεν	_____
περιπατῶμεν	_____
ψευδόμεθα	_____
ποιοῦμεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. It is said 1:6-10 is set off by an inclusio (beginning and end match). Can you find the inclusio in verse 6 and 10?
2. What type of statement does the 'Ἐὰν εἴπωμεν formula introduce in 1 Jn. 1:6-10?
3. What class condition is 'Ἐὰν εἴπωμεν formula (1st, 2nd, 3rd)? What is the significance of that class condition?
4. Culy calls the 'Ἐὰμ εἴπωμεν formula a mitigated exhortation. What does that mean and how is it seen in the English “If you would get the door...”? Would it be better to call this a mitigated prohibition than a mitigated exhortation? What’s the difference?
5. Why the switch from the aorist in verbs of saying and present tense with verbs of doing (focus or discourse movement)?
6. How does the ὅτι clause function (causal, epexegetical or clausal complement)? What is fronted and what is the significance of that?
7. μετ’ αὐτοῦ Culy calls “association” is there a better way to designate its role here?
8. Harris takes the conjunction καὶ here as adversative? Is a better way of looking

at the adversative turn here as part of the condition or derived from the καί?

9. How do you translate ἐν τῷ σκότει περιπατῶμεν? By giving the meaning of the metaphor rather than the metaphor itself what is lost/gained (as in a dynamic equivalent translation)? What does the darkness represent?
10. What is the significance of the present tense of περιπατῶμεν (verb of doing or moving the discourse on)?
11. How is οὐ ποιοῦμεν τὴν ἀλήθειαν a litotes? What is a litotes and how is it seen in the English of “he is not a bad swimmer”? What does that statement really mean in English?
12. Why is there a little clash between the verb οὐ ποιοῦμεν and the noun ἀλήθειαν? Does one do or say the truth?

1:7. ἐὰν δὲ ἐν τῷ φωτὶ περιπατῶμεν ὡς αὐτὸς ἔστιν ἐν τῷ φωτί,
κοινωνίαν ἔχομεν μετ' ἀλλήλων καὶ τὸ αἷμα Ἰησοῦ τοῦ υἱοῦ αὐτοῦ
καθαρίζει ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ πάσης ἀμαρτίας.

Hard words

αἷμα	blood (n) (1:7)
καθαρίζω	I cleanse, purify (v) (1:7)

Parsing

περιπατῶμεν	_____
ἔστιν	_____
ἔχομεν	_____
καθαρίζει	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

- What is a third class condition and what does it mean? How is this conditional a mitigated exhortation/prohibition? Turn it around and make a plain statement (exhortation) out of it by removing the conditional element.
- How does the δέ function (contrast, continuity)? As a structural marker what does it do?
- What metaphor of ἐν τῷ φωτὶ περιπατῶμεν really saying?
- Is ἐν τῷ φωτὶ temporal (when, while); association (with), manner (with), instrumental (by), causal (because of), sphere (in); locational (in)?
- What role does the clause αὐτός ἔστιν ἐν τῷ φωτὶ parallel in 1:5? What two things are being subtly linked?
- How does the 1st plural of ᔁχομεν (1:7) differ from the 1st plural of 1:1 (exclusive “we” or inclusive “we”)?
- What type of μετά is used in 1:7 (Gen. association (in company with), spatial (among), manner (with); Acc. temporal (after), spatial (behind))? Does association really capture the thought of μετά here? What might be a better designation?
- τὸ αἷμα Ἰησοῦ is a metonymy that stands in for what concept?

9. What is the relationship between Ἰησοῦ and τοῦ νιοῦ (comparison, apposition)?
10. What type of genitive is αὐτοῦ?
11. Does the present tense mean continual process or statement of fact in καραρίζει? What difference does that make theologically?
12. How is ἀπὸ πάσης ἀμαρτίας to be understood (separation (from), source (out of), cause (because of), agency (by) or partitive (of))? Is the πάσης to be understood as a hyperbole here?

1:8. Ἐὰν εἴπωμεν ὅτι ἀμαρτίαν οὐκ ἔχομεν,
έσαντοὺς πλανῶμεν καὶ ἡ ἀλήθεια οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν ἡμῖν.

Hard words

πλανάω I deceive, mislead (v) (1:8)

Parsing

εἴπωμεν

ἔχομεν

πλανῶμεν

ἔστιν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. How does the *ὅτι* function (causal, epexegetical, complementary, introducing indirect speech, cf. 1:6)?
2. While *ἔχομεν* seems to bind the verses together how is its use here a little different than in the preceding verse (1:7) yet similar to 1:6?
3. *πλανῶμεν* is present tense, what present tense verb does it match in 1:7?
How is the reflexive idea here communicated without the use of the middle?
How much of a possibility is self-deception?
4. How does the clause *ἡ ἀλήθεια οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν ἡμῖν* bond 1:8 with 1:10? How is this a litotes? Why does the accent move forward on *ἔστιν*?
5. How are the two clauses *έσαντοὺς πλανῶμεν* and *καὶ ἡ ἀλήθεια ἔστιν ἐν ἡμῖν* related? Is this characteristic of John's literary style?

1:9. ἐὰν ὁμολογῶμεν τὰς ἀμαρτίας ἡμῶν, πιστός ἐστιν
 καὶ δίκαιος ἵνα ἀφῇ ἡμῖν τὰς ἀμαρτίας
 καὶ καθαρίσῃ ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ πάσης ἀδικίας.

Hard words

ὁμολογέω	I confess (v) (1:9)
πιστός	faithful (adj) (1:9)
ἀδικία	unrighteousness (n) (1:9)

Parsing

ὁμολογῶμεν	_____
ἐστιν	_____
ἀφῇ	_____
καθαρίσῃ	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. Is the conditional a mitigated exhortation of mitigated prohibition? What is the condition saying if the conditional is taken out?
2. Is ὁμολογῶμεν private or public in its usage in John? What would that look like today?
3. ἡμῶν is what type of genitive (subjective or possessive)?
 Subjective (Culy), I wonder if it is possessive. But can see his: Confess we
4. How does the location of πιστός effect how you understand it (normal sentence order is VSO)?
5. What type of clause does the ἵνα introduce: casual/purpose, result, or temporal?
6. What kind of dative is ἡμῖν (interest/advantage, time, indirect obj., instrument, sphere)?
7. What is noted in the shift from the dative ἡμῖν to the accusative ἡμᾶς?
8. ἀπὸ πάσης ἀδικίας is what type of prepositional phrase is this (source, cause, separation, partitive)?

1:10. Ἐὰν εἴπωμεν ὅτι οὐχ ἡμαρτήκαμεν, ψεύστην ποιοῦμεν αὐτὸν καὶ ὁ λόγος αὐτοῦ οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν ἡμῖν.

Hard words

ψεύστης liar (n) (1:10)

Parsing

εἴπωμεν

ἡμαρτήκαμεν

ποιοῦμεν

ἔστιν

Translation

Questions/Observations

1. How are 1:6 and 1:10 an inclusio (similar beginning and ending)?
2. Is 1:10 a mitigated exhortation or prohibition? What is its message stated flat out?
3. What syntactical structures have been repeated in 1:6-1:10? How would you portray the inter-verse relationships 1:6-1:10?
4. What does ὅτι indicate (causal, epexegetical, indirect speech)?
5. What shift takes place in the way “sin” is verbalized here in contrast to the other verses? Is that just stylistic or is it significant of a semantic shift?
6. What does the position of ψεύστην and also the relationship to the other accusative mean? Why was ψεύστην fronted? What is a double accusative?
7. How is λόγος to be understood (contrast Jn. 1:1)?
8. What kind of genitive is αὐτοῦ subjective, possessive or source?
9. Why is accent pulled forward on ᔓστιν (because it is following what word)?

1 John 2

1 Τεκνία μου, ταῦτα γράφω ὑμῖν ἵνα μὴ ἀμάρτητε. καὶ ἐάν τις ἀμάρτῃ,
παράκλητον ἔχομεν πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Ἰησοῦν Χριστὸν δίκαιον·

2 καὶ αὐτὸς ἰλασμός ἐστιν περὶ τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν ἡμῶν, οὐ περὶ τῶν ἡμετέρων
δὲ μόνον ἀλλὰ καὶ περὶ ὅλου τοῦ κόσμου.

3 Καὶ ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐγνώκαμεν αὐτόν, ἐὰν τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ
τηρῶμεν.

4 ὁ λέγων ὅτι Ἐγνωκα αὐτόν καὶ τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ μὴ τηρῶν ψεύστης
ἐστίν, καὶ ἐν τούτῳ ἡ ἀλήθεια οὐκ ἔστιν·

5 δὲ δ' ἂν τηρῇ αὐτοῦ τὸν λόγον, ἀληθῶς ἐν τούτῳ ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ
τετελείωται. Ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐν αὐτῷ ἔσμεν·

6 ὁ λέγων ἐν αὐτῷ μένειν ὄφείλει καθὼς ἐκεῖνος περιεπάτησεν καὶ αὐτὸς
περιπατεῖν.

7 Ἀγαπητοί, οὐκ ἐντολὴν καινὴν γράφω ὑμῖν, ἀλλ' ἐντολὴν παλαιὰν ἣν
εἶχετε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς· ἡ ἐντολὴ ἡ παλαιά ἔστιν ὁ λόγος ὃν ἡκούσατε.

8 πάλιν ἐντολὴν καινὴν γράφω ὑμῖν, ὅ ἐστιν ἀληθὲς ἐν αὐτῷ καὶ ἐν ὑμῖν, ὅτι
ἡ σκοτία παράγεται καὶ τὸ φῶς τὸ ἀληθινὸν ἥδη φαίνει.

9 Ὁ λέγων ἐν τῷ φωτὶ εἶναι καὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ μισῶν ἐν τῇ σκοτίᾳ
ἐστὶν ἔως ἄρτι.

10 ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἐν τῷ φωτὶ μένει, καὶ σκάνδαλον ἐν αὐτῷ
οὐκ ἔστιν·

11 ὁ δὲ μισῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἐν τῇ σκοτίᾳ ἔστιν καὶ ἐν τῇ σκοτίᾳ
περιπατεῖ, καὶ οὐκ οἶδεν ποῦ ὑπάγει, ὅτι ἡ σκοτία ἐτύφλωσεν τοὺς
ὄφθαλμοὺς αὐτοῦ.

12 Γράφω ὑμῖν, τεκνία, ὅτι ἀφέωνται ὑμῖν αἱ ἀμαρτίαι διὰ τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ·

13 γράφω ὑμῖν, πατέρες, ὅτι ἐγνώκατε τὸν ἀπ' ἀρχῆς· γράφω ὑμῖν, νεανίσκοι, ὅτι νενικήκατε τὸν πονηρόν. ἔγραψα ὑμῖν, παιδία, ὅτι ἐγνώκατε τὸν πατέρα.

14 ἔγραψα ὑμῖν, πατέρες, ὅτι ἐγνώκατε τὸν ἀπ' ἀρχῆς· ἔγραψα ὑμῖν, νεανίσκοι, ὅτι ἰσχυροί ἐστε καὶ ὁ λόγος [τοῦ θεοῦ] ἐν ὑμῖν μένει καὶ νενικήκατε τὸν πονηρόν.

15 Μὴ ἀγαπᾶτε τὸν κόσμον μηδὲ τὰ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ. εάν τις ἀγαπᾷ τὸν κόσμον, οὐκ ἔστιν ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ πατρὸς ἐν αὐτῷ.

16 ὅτι πᾶν τὸ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ, ἡ ἐπιθυμία τῆς σαρκὸς καὶ ἡ ἐπιθυμία τῶν ὄφθαλμῶν καὶ ἡ ἀλαζονία τοῦ βίου, οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκ τοῦ πατρός, ἀλλὰ ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου ἔστιν·

17 καὶ ὁ κόσμος παράγεται καὶ ἡ ἐπιθυμία [αὐτοῦ], ὁ δὲ ποιῶν τὸ θέλημα τοῦ θεοῦ μένει εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα.

18 Παιδία, ἐσχάτη ὥρα ἔστιν, καὶ καθὼς ἡκούσατε ὅτι ἀντίχριστος ἔρχεται, καὶ νῦν ἀντίχριστοι πολλοὶ γεγόνασιν: ὅθεν γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐσχάτη ὥρα ἔστιν

19 ἐξ ἡμῶν ἐξῆλθαν, ἀλλ' οὐκ ἡσαν ἐξ ἡμῶν: εἰ γὰρ ἐξ ἡμῶν ἡσαν, μεμενήκεισαν ἀν μεθ' ἡμῶν: ἀλλ' ἵνα φανερωθῶσιν ὅτι οὐκ εἰσὶν πάντες ἐξ ἡμῶν.

20 καὶ ὑμεῖς χρίσμα ἔχετε ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀγίου: οἴδατε πάντες

21 οὐκ ἔγραψα ὑμῖν ὅτι οὐκ οἴδατε τὴν ἀλήθειαν, ἀλλ' ὅτι οἴδατε αὐτήν, καὶ ὅτι πᾶν ψεῦδος ἐκ τῆς ἀληθείας οὐκ ἔστιν.

22 Τίς ἔστιν ὁ ψεύστης εἰ μὴ ὁ ἀρνούμενος ὅτι Ἰησοῦς οὐκ ἔστιν ὁ χριστός; οὗτος ἔστιν ὁ ἀντίχριστος, ὁ ἀρνούμενος τὸν πατέρα καὶ τὸν υἱόν.

23 πᾶς ὁ ἀρνούμενος τὸν υἱὸν οὐδὲ τὸν πατέρα ἔχει: ὁ ὄμολογῶν τὸν υἱὸν καὶ τὸν πατέρα ἔχει.

24 Ὦμεῖς ὃ ἡκούσατε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς, ἐν ὑμῖν μενέτω: ἐὰν ἐν ὑμῖν μείνῃ ὃ ἀπ' ἀρχῆς ἡκούσατε, καὶ ὑμεῖς ἐν τῷ υἱῷ καὶ [ἐν] τῷ πατρὶ μενεῖτε.

25 καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ ἐπαγγελία ἡν αὐτὸς ἐπηγγείλατο ἡμῖν, τὴν ζωὴν τὴν αἰώνιον.

26 Ταῦτα ἔγραψα ὑμῖν περὶ τῶν πλανώντων ὑμᾶς.

27 καὶ ὑμεῖς τὸ χρίσμα ὃ ἐλάβετε ἀπ' αὐτοῦ μένει ἐν ὑμῖν, καὶ οὐ χρείαν ἔχετε ἵνα τις διδάσκῃ ὑμᾶς: ἀλλ' ὡς τὸ αὐτοῦ χρίσμα διδάσκει ὑμᾶς περὶ πάντων, καὶ ἀληθές ἐστιν καὶ οὐκ ἐστιν ψεῦδος, καὶ καθὼς ἐδίδαξεν ὑμᾶς, μένετε ἐν αὐτῷ.

28 Καὶ νῦν, τεκνία, μένετε ἐν αὐτῷ, ἵνα ἐὰν φανερωθῇ σχῶμεν παρρησίαν καὶ μὴ αἰσχυνθῶμεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ ἐν τῇ παρουσίᾳ αὐτοῦ.

29 ἐὰν εἰδῆτε ὅτι δίκαιος ἐστιν, γινώσκετε ὅτι πᾶς ὁ ποιῶν τὴν δικαιοσύνην ἐξ αὐτοῦ γεγέννηται.

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2:1 Τεκνία μου, ταῦτα γράφω ὑμῖν
 ἵνα μὴ ἀμάρτητε. καὶ ἐάν τις ἀμάρτῃ,
 παράκλητον ἔχομεν πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Ἰησοῦν Χριστὸν δίκαιον·

Hard words

παράκλητος helper, intercessor, advocate (n)

Parsing

γράφω	_____
ἀμάρτητε	_____
ἀμάρτῃ	_____
ἔχομεν	_____

Translation

Questions/Observations

1. What is a diminutive form (*τέκνον* – *τεκνία*) and what function does it play here?
2. What change in person do you notice here and what does that mark? How does 2:1-2 provide a hinge binding the first chapter to the second?
3. How does 2:1-2 function as a janis or hinge?
4. What kind of genitive is *μου* (possessive, objective, relational)?
5. Is tau?ta anaphoric or kataphoric of whole letter?
6. What is the function of the present tense of *γράφω* (continuous, historical, advances the discourse)? What changes are seen from the reference to the same verb in 1:4?
7. What kind of dative is *ὑμῖν* (instrumental, locative, indirect object)?
8. What kind of clause does *ἵνα* introduce (purpose/result)? How does Longacre see this as a mitigated exhortation/prohibition? How does that change the way this clause is understood?

9. What does the person shift in the “sin” verbs indicate?
10. Why would one translate the *kai*< as “but”/”yet”? Is it an adversative?
11. Who is referenced by the term *παράκλητον*? Why is that a little different than its usage in John? Should the term be taken as a legal term (advocate/attorney) or as a more general sponsor/supporter? What is the role of such a person?
12. How does the heaping up of accusatives function as an appositive? Why is Jesus’ righteousness pointed to here?

2:2. καὶ αὐτὸς ἰλασμός ἐστιν περὶ τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν ἡμῶν,
οὐ περὶ τῶν ἡμετέρων δὲ μόνον ἀλλὰ καὶ περὶ ὅλου τοῦ κόσμου.

Hard words

ἱλασμός	atoning sacrifice by which sins are forgiven (n)
ἡμέτερος	our (pron)
ὅλος	whole (adj)

Parsing

ἐστιν _____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. How does a sentence-initial *καὶ* function (coordination, thematic continuity)?
2. Which one is the subject of the verb *ἐστιν*, *αὐτός* or *ἱλασμός*?
3. How is *ἱλασμός* to be understood: propitiation or expiation? Why? What difference does it make (cf. Ex. 32:30)? How does it relate to *παράκλητον*?
4. In *περὶ τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν ἡμῶν* what type of genitive is *ἡμῶν* (possessive, subjective, relational)?
5. How does the *ἀλλά* function?
6. In what sense did Jesus take care of the sins of the whole world? Does this fit with a limited atonement view which has Christ dying only for the chosen?
7. How is the “whole world” a metonymy? Is he really talking about the physical “world” itself? What theological ramifications are found here?

2:3. Καὶ ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐγνώκαμεν αὐτόν,
ἐὰν τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ τηρῶμεν.

Parsing

γινώσκομεν

ἐγνώκαμεν

τηρῶμεν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. How does the sentence initial καὶ function? Is it better to break things at 2:1 or 2:3?
What difference does it make?
2. How would you summarize the flow of the argument from 1:6ff in terms of
opponents claims and John's counter-claims?
3. How does 2:3 resume the theme of 1:7?
4. What kind of dative is ἐν τούτῳ (direct object, instrumental, locative)? Is it
cataphoric (down into text) or anaphoric (up into text)? To what does it point?
5. How do γινώσκομεν and ὅτι work together? Does ὅτι introduce a cause or is it
a clausal complement?
6. What significance is there in the word order of ἐὰν τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ τηρῶμεν?
7. What type of genitive is αὐτοῦ (subjective, objective, possessive or source)?
Who is the "his"?

2:4. ὁ λέγων ὅτι Ἔγνωκα αὐτόν καὶ τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ
μὴ τηρῶν ψεύστης ἐστίν,
καὶ ἐν τούτῳ ἡ ἀλήθεια οὐκ ἔστιν·

Hard words

ψεύστης liar (n)

Parsing

λέγων

'Εγγωκα

Τηροῦν

• 18

Translation

Questions/Observations

- What is the extended subject of the ἐστιν verb?
 - What is actually being said here? This is a mitigated _____. Is this a more or less direct than the 3rd class conditions in 1:6?
 - How do you take the participle ὁ λέγων (adjective, adverbial or substantive)?
 - What kind of genitive is αὐτοῦ (τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ) [objective, subjective or source]?
 - To what antecedent does ἐν τούτῳ point (anaphoric/kataphoric)?
ὁ λέγων . . . καὶ . . . μη τηρῶν anaphoric, this one, i.e. the one saying and not
 - What is the relationship of the first clause and the second? Does this fit John's style of saying something positively and then negatively?

2:5. ὃς δ' ἀν τηρῆ αὐτοῦ τὸν λόγον,
 ἀληθῶς ἐν τούτῳ ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ τετελείωται.
 Ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐν αὐτῷ ἐσμέν·

Hard words

ἀληθῶς	truly (adv)
τελειώω	I make perfect (v)

Parsing

τηρῆ	_____
τετελείωται	_____
γινώσκομεν	_____
ἐσμεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. ὃς . . . ἀν taken together is similar to what other type of pronoun (personal, indefinite, demonstrative)?
2. What role does δ] play (continuative, contrastive)?
3. To whom does ἐν τούτῳ refer and how does it differ from the second ἐν τούτῳ?
4. How does taking the genitive of ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ as an objective genitive change the meaning from taking it as a subjective genitive?
5. What noun is τελειώω related to? Is this literal or hyperbolic? Why is the perfect tense used (continuative or stative aspect)?
6. What kind of dative is the second ἐν τούτῳ? Is it cataphoric or anaphoric? What is the difference?
7. What does the indwelling language ἐν αὐτῷ mean?

2:6. ὁ λέγων ἐν αὐτῷ μένειν ὀφεῖλει
καθὼς ἔκεινος περιεπάτησεν καὶ αὐτὸς περιπατεῖ.

Hard words

όφεῖλος I ought, must, owe (v)

Parsing

λέγων

μένειν

όφεῖλει

περιεπάτησεν

περιπατεῖν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What is the subject of ὀφεῖλει?
2. What does μένειν or “abiding” mean in these contexts?
3. What type of infinitive use is going on with μένειν (purpose or indirect discourse)?
4. Who is the referent of ἔκεινος and is it different from the ἐν αὐτῷ preceding it?
5. Infinitive doesn’t take a subject so how does one construct a subject using the infinitive (cf. 2:6b)?
6. What is a complementary infinitive and how does it work with ὀφεῖλει?

2:7. Αγαπητοί, οὐκ ἐντολὴν καινὴν γράφω ὑμῖν,
 ἀλλ' ἐντολὴν παλαιὰν ἥν εἴχετε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς·
 ἡ ἐντολὴ ἡ παλαιά ἐστιν ὁ λόγος ὃν ἡκούσατε.

Hard words

καινός	new (adj)
παλαιός	old (adj)

Parsing

γράφω	_____
εἴχετε	_____
ἐστιν	_____
ἡκούσατε	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

- What does the vocative Αγαπητοί mark structurally?
- Westcott has suggested the use of Αγαπητοί seven times in 2:7-4:11 is because the topic is about love, in contrast to τεκνία. Does this distinction work (cf. 2:1, 12, 28, 3:2, 7, 18, 21; 4:1, 4; 5:21)?
- What are the ἐντολὴν καινὴν and ἐντολὴν παλαιὰν?
- What mode of communication is emphasized here and throughout the letter so far (oral or written)? Study verbs of “saying” versus verbs of “writing” in I John.
- To what “beginning” does ἀπ’ ἀρχῆς refer (creation, Christ’s ministry, Christian experience)?

6. How had they received the old commandment or $\lambda\circ\gamma\circ\varsigma$? What means of communication are being contrasted to John's present mode?

7. How does the tense of $\varepsilon\imath\chi\epsilon\tau\epsilon$ play into the discussion?

2:8. πάλιν ἐντολὴν καινὴν γράφω ὑμῖν,
 ὅ ἐστιν ἀληθὲς ἐν αὐτῷ καὶ ἐν ὑμῖν,
 ὅτι ἡ σκοτία παράγεται καὶ τὸ φῶς τὸ ἀληθινὸν ἥδη φαίνει.

Hard words

ἀληθής	true (adj)
παράγω	I pass on, pass away (v)
ἀληθινός	true (adj)
φαίνω	I shine (v)

Parsing

γράφω	_____
ἐστιν	_____
παράγεται	_____
φαίνει	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

- What does the *πάλιν* indicate?
- Culy says the present tense of *γράφω* “carries along the main line of the argument” but isn’t this a repetition? Does the present tense only have a singular discourse level function?
- What kind of dative is *ὑμῖν* (instrumental, locative, indirect object)?
- What is the neuter antecedent of the *ὅ* in *ὅ ἐστιν ἀληθὲς ἐν αὐτῷ καὶ ἐν ὑμῖν*?

2:9. Ὁ λέγων ἐν τῷ φωτὶ εῖναι καὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ
μισῶν ἐν τῇ σκοτίᾳ ἔστιν ἔως ἅρτι.

Hard words

μισέω	I hate (misogamist=hates ...)
ἄρτι	now (adv)

Parsing

λέγων	_____
εἶναι	_____
μισῶν	_____
ἔστιν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What is the subject of ἔστιν?
2. What role does the infinitive εἶναι play (complementary or indirect discourse)? What is the usual way of introducing indirect discourse (what two words)?
3. Is the καὶ used in a contrastive sense here?
4. How is μισέω to be understood here (syntactically and semantically)?
5. Associating μισέω with the “darkness” adds proof to our _____ (purity,

2:10. ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἐν τῷ φωτὶ μένει,
καὶ σκάνδαλον ἐν αὐτῷ οὐκ ἔστιν·

Hard words

σκάνδαλον an offense, obstacle, cause of ruin (n)

Parsing

ἀγαπῶν

μένει

ἔστιν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What is the subject of μένει?
2. What kind of genitive is αὐτοῦ (possessive, subjective, relationship)
3. Culy/Harris say using μένω rather than εἰναι as in 2:9 allows for the possibility that one may desert the light. What do you think?
4. How should σκάνδαλον ἐν αὐτῷ οὐκ ἔστιν be translated, is the one stumbling himself or someone else?

2:11. ὁ δὲ μισῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἐν τῇ σκοτίᾳ ἔστιν
 καὶ ἐν τῇ σκοτίᾳ περιπατεῖ,
 καὶ οὐκ οἶδεν ποῦ ὑπάγει,
 ὅτι ἡ σκοτίᾳ ἐτύφλωσεν τοὺς ὄφθαλμους αὐτοῦ.

Hard Words

ὑπάγω I go, depart (v)

Parsing

μισῶν

ἔστιν

περιπατεῖ

οἶδεν

ὑπάγει

ἐτύφλωσεν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What is the subject of ἔστιν?
2. How does 2:10 and 11 tie back to chapter 1 (cf. 1:5)? Does that fit with viewing John's opponents here as a form of incipient Gnosticism?
3. Should περιπατεῖ be translated literally (walk) or more as a dynamic equivalent translating it without the metaphor as "live"?
4. How is the metaphor of τυφλόω played with here in reference to light/darkness i.e. what blinds him?
5. What type of genitive is αὐτοῦ (possessive, subjective, relational)?
6. How do the metaphors of walk, darkness, blind, eyes interact and blend with one another?

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2:12. Γράφω ὑμῖν, τεκνία, ὅτι ἀφέωνται ὑμῖν αἱ ἄμαρτίαι
 διὰ τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ·

Hard Words

ἀφίημι I forgive (v)

Parsing

Γράφω

ἀφέωνται

Translation

Questions/Observations

1. What is the distinction between τέκνια // πατέρες, νεανίσκοι and μαιδία?
 Three groups or two? or is this a rhetorical device?
2. διὰ τὸ ὄνομα is what type of prepositional use (by [agency] or because of [causal])?
3. To what does τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ, a metonymy, refer? (one name for another)
4. Is the ὅτι to be understood as a complement (I write that ...tells what he writes) or
 is it causative (I write because... giving the reason)?

2:13. γράφω ὑμῖν, πατέρες, ὅτι ἐγνώκατε τὸν ἀπ' ἀρχῆς·
 γράφω ὑμῖν, νεανίσκοι, ὅτι νενικήκατε τὸν πονηρόν.
 ἔγραψα ὑμῖν, παιδία, ὅτι ἐγνώκατε τὸν πατέρα.

Hard Words

νεανίσκος	young man (n)
νικάω	I conquer (v)

Parsing

γράφω	_____
ἐγνώκατε	_____
νενικήκατε	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What is the relationship of the *πατέρες* to the author? What case is it?
2. How is *τὸν ἀπ' ἀρχῆς* to be understood (esp. the Def.Art.)?
3. Where else does this word *νικάω* occur in the New Testament?
4. Why is the masculine of *τὸν πονηρόν* used? To whom does it refer?

2:14. ἔγραψα ὑμῖν, πατέρες, ὅτι ἐγνώκατε τὸν ἀπ' ἀρχῆς·
 ἔγραψα ὑμῖν, νεανίσκοι,
 ὅτι ἰσχυροί ἔστε καὶ ὁ λόγος [τοῦ θεοῦ]
 ἐν ὑμῖν μένει καὶ νενικήκατε τὸν πονηρόν.

Hard Words

ἰσχυρός strong (adj)

Parsing

ἔγραψα	_____
ἐγνώκατε	_____
ἐστε	_____
μένει	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What is new with the verb *ἔγραψα* (cf. 1:4; 2:1, 7, 8, 12f)? How should one weigh this shift? Porter says the aorist downgrades prominence. How does that fit here?
2. How is the term *πατήρ* played on?
3. ὅτι is what kind of structural marker (causal or clause complement)?
4. In what does one *μένω* (2:6; 2:10, 2:14)?
5. What kind of genitive is *λόγος τοῦ θεοῦ* (subjective, source, possessive)?

2:15. Μὴ ἀγαπᾶτε τὸν κόσμον μηδὲ τὰ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ.
 ἐάν τις ἀγαπᾷ τὸν κόσμον, οὐκ ἔστιν
 ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ πατρὸς ἐν αὐτῷ.

Parsing

ἀγαπᾶτε

ἀγαπᾷ

ἔστιν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What do you make of the present tense imperative of ἀγαπᾶτε? Are they already loving and need to stop (imperfective continuous aspect)?
2. How does the article function in τὰ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ?
3. ἐάν + conditional (subj) is what type of condition (1st, 2nd, 3rd)? This introduces a mitigated _____
4. ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ πατρὸς is what type of genitive (objective or subjective)? Why not just love both?
5. ἐν αὐτῷ is what type of dative (indirect objective, instrument, locative)?
6. What does this say about the inclusivity or exclusivity of love? What is the difference between inclusive love and exclusive? Shouldn't all love be of the inclusive type?

2:16. ὅτι πᾶν τὸ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ, ἡ ἐπιθυμία τῆς σαρκὸς
 καὶ ἡ ἐπιθυμία τῶν ὄφθαλμῶν καὶ ἡ ἀλαζονία τοῦ βίου,
 οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκ τοῦ πατρός, ἀλλὰ ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου ἔστιν·

Hard Words

ἐπιθυμία	desire, longing (n)
ἀλαζονεία	pride, arrogance (n)
βίος	life, possessions (n)

Parsing

ἔστιν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. The *ὅτι* is what type of structural marker (causal, clause complement, epexegetical)?
2. How does the def. article *τὸ* ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ function?
3. What type of genitive is *ἡ ἐπιθυμία τῆς σαρκὸς* (objective or subjective)?
 What difference does it make?
4. What type of genitive is *ἡ ἐπιθυμία τῶν ὄφθαλμῶν* (producer, separation or subjective)?
5. What does *ἡ ἀλαζονεία τοῦ βίου* mean? What type of genitive (objective or subjective)?
6. What type of phrase is *ἐκ τοῦ πατρὸς* and *ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου* (source, cause, separation)?
7. Why is the *τὸ* singular? [2:15 *τα>* is plural]

2:17. καὶ ὁ κόσμος παράγεται καὶ ἡ ἐπιθυμία [αὐτοῦ],
 ὁ δὲ ποιῶν τὸ θέλημα τοῦ θεοῦ μένει εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα.

Hard Words

παράγω I pass away (v)

Parsing

παράγεται

ποιῶν

μένει

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What tense is *παράγεται* and how is it to be understood (historical, present, future, destined)?
2. What role/case does ὁ . . . ποιῶν τὸ θέλημα τοῦ θεοῦ play in the sentence?
3. What type of genitive is τὸ θέλημα τοῦ θεοῦ (objective or subjective)?
4. What does τὸ θέλημα modify?
5. What does εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα mean? Good to do a word study on this
6. What three contrasts are drawn in this verse?

2:18. Παιδία, ἐσχάτη ὥρα ἔστιν, καὶ καθὼς ἡκούσατε
 ὅτι ἀντίχριστος ἔρχεται, καὶ νῦν ἀντίχριστοι πολλοὶ γεγόνασιν·
 ὅθεν γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐσχάτη ὥρα ἔστιν

Hard Words

ἐσχατος	last, final (adj)
ὅθεν	from where (adv)

Parsing

ἔστιν	_____
ἡκούσατε	_____
ἔρχεται	_____
γεγόνασιν	_____
γινώσκομεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. How is the vocative Παιδία used in the context of this discourse?
2. To what does ἐσχάτη ὥρα refer? How does this relate to the concept of eschatological imminence? What does imminence promote in believers? If Christ were coming back tomorrow and you really believed that how would that impact your behavior today? If you knew you were going to be dead tomorrow how would that impact your today?
3. What does καθὼς introduce? What is being compared?
4. Is the ὅτι introducing a cause, a clausal complement or indirect discourse?
5. How should one understand ἀντίχριστος in this context? How is the concept of the antichrist here differ from the one portrayed in Revelation? Is that actual term used in Revelation?
6. Why does ἀντίχριστος not have the article here (2:18 anarthrous) but in 2:22 and 4:3 is arthrous (has the Def. Art.)?
7. How does the middle/deponency function here with ἔρχεται? Is the present of ἔρχεται used to portray an event that is present or future?

8. How does ὅθεν (thence; from which) function as an inferential adverb?
9. How and where do these “antichrists” appear in postmodern dress?
10. What inclusion is present in the verse?

2:19. ἐξ ἡμῶν ἐξῆλθαν, ἀλλ' οὐκ ἦσαν ἐξ ἡμῶν·
 εἰ γὰρ ἐξ ἡμῶν ἦσαν,
 μεμενήκεισαν ἀν μεθ' ἡμῶν·
 ἀλλ' ἵνα φανερωθῶσιν ὅτι οὐκ εἰσὶν πάντες ἐξ ἡμῶν.

Parsing

ἐξῆλθαν

ἦσαν

μεμενήκεισαν

φανερωθῶσιν

εἰσὶν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. How do the different prepositional phrases *ἐξ* *ἡμῶν* function (source or separation)?
2. What is the role of *ἀλλ'* (expectation or counter-expectation)?
3. What kind of conditional is *εἰ + ἦσαν* (possibility [3rd] or contrary to fact [2nd]?)
4. What role does the particle *γάρ* play here (causal or explanatory)?
5. *ἵνα* introduces what type of clause (purpose or result)?
6. How would you parse *φανερωθῶσιν* and why is that deceptive? How is a passive translation different than an active which is required here?
7. *ὅτι* is said to introduce a cause, clause complement or epexegetical clause? What does that mean and how does it impact the way one translates this?

2:20. καὶ ὑμεῖς χρῖσμα ἔχετε ἀπὸ τοῦ ἁγίου: οἴδατε πάντες.

Hard Words

χρῖσμα anointing (n)

Parsing

ἔχετε

Translation

Questions/Observations

1. καὶ here is translated “but” by some. How do you understand that?
2. What does the fronting of the pronoun ὑμεῖς do here?
3. Does the χρῖσμα refer to the word of God (i.e. the gospel) or to the Holy Spirit?
Do a comparison between 1 Jn 2:27 and John 14:17, 26.
4. How does the ἀπὸ τοῦ ἁγίου function here, as source or separation?
5. How does the variant reading πάντα rather than πάντες effect the reading here?

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2:21. οὐκ ἔγραψα ὑμῖν ὅτι οὐδατε τὴν ἀλήθειαν,
 ἀλλ’ ὅτι οἶδατε αὐτήν,
 καὶ ὅτι πᾶν ψεῦδος ἐκ τῆς ἀληθείας οὐκ ἔστιν.

Hard Words

ψεῦδος lie, untruth (n) (2:21)

Parsing

ἔγραψα

οἶδατε

ἔστιν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. ἔγραψα aorist in chapter two contrasts with what in chapter 1?
2. How do the three ὅτι's function in 2:21? (all three causal, all three introducing clausal compliments, first two causal last one clause compliment). How would they be translated differently (causal =because; compliment=that)?

2:22. Τίς ἔστιν ὁ ψεύστης εἰ μὴ ὁ ἀρνούμενος
 ὅτι Ἰησοῦς οὐκ ἔστιν ὁ χριστός;
 οὗτός ἔστιν ὁ ἀντίχριστος,
 ὁ ἀρνούμενος τὸν πατέρα καὶ τὸν υἱόν.

Hard Words

ψεύστης	liar (n)
ἀρνέομαι	I deny (v)

Parsing

ἔστιν	_____
ἀρνούμενος	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

- What is the function of the rhetorical question introduced by *τίς* (rebuke, focus)?
- What role does *εἰ μὴ* play?
- What participial function does *ὁ ἀρνοῦμενος* play (attributive, adverbial, or substantival)?
- What type of *ὅτι* is used here in 2:22 (cause, clausal complement, epexegetical)?
 What is this *ὅτι* clause supplying to or specify in the sentence?
- How is the *ὁ ἀρνούμενος τὸν πατέρα καὶ τὸν υἱόν* to be understood
 in relation to the rest of the sentence and what is the difference?

2:23. πᾶς ὁ ἀρνούμενος τὸν νίὸν οὐδὲ τὸν πατέρα ἔχει·
ὁ ὄμολογῶν τὸν νίὸν καὶ τὸν πατέρα ἔχει.

Hard Words

όμολογέω

I confess (v)

Parsing

ἀρνούμενος

ἔχει

όμολογῶν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What is the subject of the verb ἔχει?
2. What is the relationship between πᾶς and ὁ ἀρνούμενος? What are the options: substantival or attributive (what's the difference?)
3. What does “having the father” mean?
4. What contrast is being drawn here? How are those inside/outside the community designated?

2:24. Ὑμεῖς ὁ ἡκούσατε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς, ἐν ὑμῖν μενέτω·
 ἐὰν ἐν ὑμῖν μείνῃ ὁ ἀπ' ἀρχῆς ἡκούσατε,
 καὶ ὑμεῖς ἐν τῷ νίῳ καὶ [ἐν] τῷ πατρὶ μενεῖτε.

Parsing

ἡκούσατε
 μενέτω
 μείνῃ
 μενεῖτε

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. How is ὑμεῖς a fronted hanging nominative?
2. What does ὁ ἡκούσατε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς remind you of?
3. What is the protasis (if) and apodosis (then) here in this third class conditional sentence?
4. What is the subject of the verb μείνῃ?
5. The writer is connecting what two things and contrasting what two groups?
6. What is ἀπ' ἀρχῆς referring to (creation, Jesus' birth, public ministry)?

2:25. καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ ἐπαγγελία ἣν αὐτὸς ἐπηγγείλατο ἡμῖν,
τὴν ζωὴν τὴν αἰώνιον.

Hard Words

ἐπαγγέλλομαι I promise (v)

Parsing

ἐστὶν	_____
ἐπηγγείλατο	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What does the sentence initial καὶ link?
2. Is the αὕτη anaphoric or cataphoric (pointing up or down/forward in the text)?
To what is it pointing?
3. Who is the referent of the αὐτός making the promise?
4. Why would the middle voice be used in the verb ἐπιγγείλατο (reflexive or reciprocity or middle where it emphasizes the action of the subject in the activity of the verbal action)?

2:26. Ταῦτα ἔγραψα ὑμῖν περὶ τῶν πλανώντων ὑμᾶς.

Hard Words

πλανάω I wander, mislead (v)

Parsing

ἔγραψα

πλανώντων

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. To what does the *ταῦτα* refer (anaphoric/cataphoric)?
2. How is the participle *πλανώντων* to be understood (attributive, adverbial or substantive)? What is a conative (Wallace, NTS, 228)? present (even though it is probably not here)?

2:27. καὶ ὑμεῖς τὸ χρίσμα ὃ ἐλάβετε ἀπ' αὐτοῦ μένει ἐν ὑμῖν,
 καὶ οὐ χρείαν ἔχετε ἵνα τις διδάσκῃ ὑμᾶς·
 ἀλλ’ ὡς τὸ αὐτοῦ χρίσμα διδάσκει ὑμᾶς περὶ πάντων,
 καὶ ἀληθές ἔστιν καὶ οὐκ ἔστιν ψεῦδος,
 καὶ καθὼς ἐδίδαξεν ὑμᾶς, μένετε ἐν αὐτῷ.

Hard Words

χρεία	need (n)
χρῖσμα	anointing (n)

Parsing

ἐλάβετε	_____
μένει	_____
ἔχετε	_____
διδάσκῃ	_____
διδάσκει	_____
ἔστιν	_____
ἐδίδαξεν	_____
μένετε	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

- Where have we seen this “hanging” nominative before? What is its function?
- With what is the χρῖσμα contrasted in the preceding verse?
- What is the sense of the ἀπ’αὐτοῦ (source or separation) and who is the referent of αὐτοῦ?
- Is the ἵνα to be understood as a purpose, result clause or epexegetical? What is the difference?
- What type of genitive is αὐτοῦ in τὸ αὐτοῦ χρῖσμα?
- Interesting to think of what the περὶ πάντων refers to? Is it hyperbolic?
- How does the καὶ καθὼς function?
- Is μένετε indicative or imperative? Why?

2:28. Καὶ νῦν, τεκνία, μένετε ἐν αὐτῷ,
 ἵνα ἔὰν φανερωθῇ σχῶμεν παρρησίαν
 καὶ μὴ αἰσχυνθῶμεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ ἐν τῇ παρουσίᾳ αὐτοῦ.

Hard Words

παρρησία	openness, boldness (n)
αἰσχύνω	I am ashamed (v)
παρουσία	arrival (n)

Parsing

μένετε	_____
φανερωθῇ	_____
σχῶμεν	_____
αἰσχυνθῶμεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. καὶ νῦν τεκνία frequently begins a new section but how does it function here?
 Where have we seen something similar?
2. Should ἔὰν be understood here as a conditional or as more of a conjunction similar to ὅταν (when)?
3. Should φανερωθῇ be translated as a passive or middle even though it has the passive marker θ?
4. With σχῶμεν, how is the writer arguing here on the basis of community?
5. In what sense is the word παρρησίαν used here? Does boldness get it all?
6. While Culy takes αἰσχυνθῶμεν as aor. middle from αἰσχύνω how could this be read as a true passive?
7. Culy takes ἀπ' αὐτοῦ as separation could it be source or agency?
 separation shame separating us from him or shame from (source; coming from)
8. What kind of prepositional phrase is ἐν τῇ παρουσίᾳ temporal, spatial, agency etc.?
9. What type of genitive is αὐτοῦ in ἐν τῇ παρουσίᾳ αὐτοῦ?

2:29. ἐὰν εἰδῆτε ὅτι δίκαιος ἐστιν,
 γινώσκετε ὅτι πᾶς ὁ ποιῶν τὴν δικαιοσύνην
 ἐξ αὐτοῦ γεγέννηται.

Parsing

εἰδῆτε

ἐστιν

γινώσκετε

ποιῶν

γεγέννηται

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. How does the *ὅτι* function here (causal or clausal compliment)?
2. What is the mitigated exhortation which is being made here using the third class condition?
3. What is the subject of *γεγέννηται*?
4. What is the idea of “being born of him” really saying?
5. Where have we seen *πᾶς* + Ptc before?
6. Where does the expression *ἐξ αὐτοῦ γεγέννηται* occur? Does this link back to the book of John at all? (Jn 3:8; cf. 1 John 5:18)
7. Is *ἐξ αὐτοῦ* source, separation or agency?

1 John 3

1 Ἰδετε ποταπὴν ἀγάπην δέδωκεν ἡμῖν ὁ πατὴρ ἵνα τέκνα θεοῦ κληθῶμεν, καὶ ἐσμεν. διὰ τοῦτο ὁ κόσμος οὐ γινώσκει ἡμᾶς ὅτι οὐκ ἔγνω αὐτόν.

2 Ἀγαπητοί, νῦν τέκνα θεοῦ ἐσμέν, καὶ οὕπω ἐφανερώθη τί ἐσόμεθα. οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἐὰν φανερωθῇ ὅμοιοι αὐτῷ ἐσόμεθα, ὅτι ὄψόμεθα αὐτὸν καθώς ἐστιν.

3 καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἔχων τὴν ἐλπίδα ταύτην ἐπ' αὐτῷ ἀγνίζει ἑαυτὸν καθὼς ἐκεῖνος ἀγνός ἐστιν.

4 Πᾶς ὁ ποιῶν τὴν ἀμαρτίαν καὶ τὴν ἀνομίαν ποιεῖ, καὶ ἡ ἀμαρτία ἐστὶν ἡ ἀνομία

5 καὶ οἴδατε ὅτι ἐκεῖνος ἐφανερώθη ἵνα τὰς ἀμαρτίας ἄρῃ, καὶ ἀμαρτία ἐν αὐτῷ οὐκ ἔστιν.

6 πᾶς ὁ ἐν αὐτῷ μένων οὐχ ἀμαρτάνει: πᾶς ὁ ἀμαρτάνων οὐχ ἔώρακεν αὐτὸν οὐδὲ ἔγνωκεν αὐτόν.

7 Τεκνία, μηδεὶς πλανάτω ὑμᾶς· ὁ ποιῶν τὴν δικαιοσύνην δίκαιος ἐστιν, καθὼς ἐκεῖνος δίκαιος ἐστιν.

8 ὁ ποιῶν τὴν ἀμαρτίαν ἐκ τοῦ διαβόλου ἐστίν, ὅτι ἀπ' ἀρχῆς ὁ διάβολος ἀμαρτάνει. εἰς τοῦτο ἐφανερώθη ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ θεοῦ ἵνα λύσῃ τὰ ἔργα τοῦ διαβόλου.

9 Πᾶς ὁ γεγεννημένος ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἀμαρτίαν οὐ ποιεῖ, ὅτι σπέρμα αὐτοῦ ἐν αὐτῷ μένει, καὶ οὐ δύναται ἀμαρτάνειν, ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ γεγέννηται.

10 ἐν τούτῳ φανερά ἐστιν τὰ τέκνα τοῦ θεοῦ καὶ τὰ τέκνα τοῦ διαβόλου· πᾶς ὁ μὴ ποιῶν δικαιοσύνην οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ, καὶ ὁ μὴ ἀγαπῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ.

11 ὅτι αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ ἀγγελία ἡν ἡκούσατε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς, ἵνα ἀγαπῶμεν ἀλλήλους·

12 οὐ καθὼς Καὶν ἐκ τοῦ πονηροῦ ἦν καὶ ἔσφαξεν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ: καὶ χάριν τίνος ἔσφαξεν αὐτόν; ὅτι τὰ ἔργα αὐτοῦ πονηρὰ ἦν, τὰ δὲ τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ αὐτοῦ δίκαια.

13 Μὴ θαυμάζετε, ἀδελφοί, εἰ μισεῖ ὑμᾶς ὁ κόσμος.

14 ἡμεῖς οἴδαμεν ὅτι μεταβεβήκαμεν ἐκ τοῦ θανάτου εἰς τὴν ζωήν, ὅτι ἀγαπῶμεν τοὺς ἀδελφούς· ὁ μὴ ἀγαπῶν μένει ἐν τῷ θανάτῳ.

15 πᾶς ὁ μισῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἀνθρωποκτόνος ἐστίν, καὶ οἴδατε ὅτι πᾶς ἀνθρωποκτόνος οὐκ ἔχει ζωὴν αἰώνιον ἐν αὐτῷ μένουσαν.

16 Ἐν τούτῳ ἐγνώκαμεν τὴν ἀγάπην, ὅτι ἐκεῖνος ὑπὲρ ἡμῶν τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ ἔθηκεν: καὶ ἡμεῖς ὀφείλομεν ὑπὲρ τῶν ἀδελφῶν τὰς ψυχὰς θεῖναι.

17 ὃς δ' ἂν ἔχῃ τὸν βίον τοῦ κόσμου καὶ θεωρῇ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ χρείαν ἔχοντα καὶ κλείσῃ τὰ σπλάγχνα αὐτοῦ ἀπ' αὐτοῦ, πῶς ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ μένει ἐν αὐτῷ

18 Τεκνία, μὴ ἀγαπῶμεν λόγῳ μηδὲ τῇ γλώσσῃ ἀλλὰ ἐν ἔργῳ καὶ ἀληθείᾳ.

19 Ἐν τούτῳ γνωσόμεθα ὅτι ἐκ τῆς ἀληθείας ἐσμέν, καὶ ἔμπροσθεν αὐτοῦ πείσομεν τὴν καρδίαν ἡμῶν

20 ὅτι ἐὰν καταγινώσκῃ ἡμῶν ἡ καρδία, ὅτι μείζων ἐστὶν ὁ θεὸς τῆς καρδίας ἡμῶν καὶ γινώσκει πάντα.

21 Ἀγαπητοί, ἐὰν ἡ καρδία μὴ καταγινώσκῃ, παρρησίαν ἔχομεν πρὸς τὸν θεόν,

22 καὶ ὃ ἂν αἰτῶμεν λαμβάνομεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ, ὅτι τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ τηροῦμεν καὶ τὰ ἀρεστὰ ἐνώπιον αὐτοῦ ποιοῦμεν.

23 καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ ἐντολὴ αὐτοῦ, ἵνα πιστεύσωμεν τῷ ὀνόματι τοῦ νιοῦ αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ καὶ ἀγαπῶμεν ἀλλήλους, καθὼς ἔδωκεν ἐντολὴν ἡμῖν.

24 καὶ ὁ τηρῶν τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ ἐν αὐτῷ μένει καὶ αὐτὸς ἐν αὐτῷ καὶ ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι μένει ἐν ἡμῖν, ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος οὗ ἡμῖν ἔδωκεν.

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3:1 Ἰδετε ποταπὴν ἀγάπην δέδωκεν ἡμῖν ὁ πατὴρ
 ἵνα τέκνα θεοῦ κληθῶμεν, καὶ ἐσμεν.
 διὰ τοῦτο ὁ κόσμος οὐ γινώσκει ἡμᾶς ὅτι οὐκ ἔγνω αὐτόν.

Hard Words

ποταπός what sort of, what kind of

Parsing

ἴδετε	_____
δέδωκεν	_____
κληθῶμεν	_____
ἐσμέν	_____
γινώσκει	_____
ἔγνω	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. How does this new paragraph start in contrast to past paragraph markers?
 Why doesn't he start with the *τέκνια* vocative?
2. Culy says the perfect marks prominence but is that all that can be deduced from the use of the perfect tense in *δέδωκεν*?
3. What is the function of *ἡμῖν* (indirect object, instrumental)?
4. *ἵνα* introduces an epexegetical remark. What is that?
5. *Θεοῦ* is what type of genitive?
6. What role does *καὶ ἐσμέν* play in the sentence?

7. In διὰ τοῦτο is the τοῦτο anaphoric or cataphoric? In each case what does it point to?
8. Culy says ὁ κόσμος is a metonymy? What does that mean?
9. How does this verse link to the Gospel of John in terms of “children of God” and the world not knowing the father?

3:2 Ἀγαπητοί, νῦν τέκνα θεοῦ ἐσμέν, καὶ οὕπω ἐφανερώθη τί ἐσόμεθα.
 οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἐὰν φανερώθῃ ὅμοιοι αὐτῷ ἐσόμεθα,
 ὅτι ὄψόμεθα αὐτὸν καθώς ἐστιν.

Hard Words

ἀγαπητός	beloved
ὅμοιος	like, same

Parsing

ἐσμεν	_____
ἐφανερώθη	_____
οἴδαμεν	_____
φανερώθῃ	_____
ἐσόμεθα	_____
ὄψόμεθα	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. What does the *vōv* contrast with?
2. How would you translate *καὶ* here?
3. What type of *ὅτι* is the first *ὅτι*, causal or complementary?
4. *ἐάν* introduces what type of conditional? (1st, 2nd or 3rd class condition)
5. How is translating *φανερώθῃ* as a middle different from taking it as a passive?
6. What type of *ὅτι* is the second *ὅτι*, causal or complementary?
7. Who is the referent of the *ὄψόμεθα*—*αὐτὸν*?

3:3 καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἔχων τὴν ἐλπίδα ταύτην ἐπ' αὐτῷ ἀγνίζει ἑαυτὸν
καθὼς ἐκεῖνος ἀγνός ἐστιν.

Hard Words

ἀγνίζω	I purify
ἀγνός	pure, holy, innocent

Parsing

ἔχων	_____
ἀγνίζει	_____
ἐστιν	_____

Translation

Questions

- What is the subject of the verb ἀγνίζει?
- How is 3:3a this a mitigated exhortation?
- What verb is a synonym to ἀγνίζει meaning “to purify” (cf. 1 Jn 1:9)?
- What is the function of καθὼς comparative (just as), causal (since), or to the degree that?
- Who is the referent of ἐκεῖνος?
- Is ταῦτην anaphoric or cataphoric?

3:4 Πᾶς ὁ ποιῶν τὴν ἀμαρτίαν καὶ τὴν ἀνομίαν ποιεῖ,
καὶ ἡ ἀμαρτία ἐστὶν ἡ ἀνομία.

Hard Words

ἀνομία lawlessness, wickedness

Parsing

ποιῶν

ἐστιν

Translation**Questions**

1. What kind of *καὶ* is used here (continuative, adversative, emphatic (indeed); adjunctive (also) or ascensive (even)?
2. How is ἀνομίαν different from ἀμρτίαν?
3. What is an alpha-privative (ἀνομίαν)? What are examples in English?
3. What is an equative construction and how is it formed here?

3:5 καὶ οἴδατε ὅτι ἐκεῖνος ἐφανερώθη ἵνα τὰς ἀμαρτίας ἄρῃ,
καὶ ἀμαρτία ἐν αὐτῷ οὐκ ἔστιν.

Parsing

ἄρῃ

Translation**Questions**

1. What role does the *καὶ* play in sentence initial positions (coordination or thematic continuity)?
2. What kind of *ὅτι* is seen here (causal/complementary/epexegetical)?
3. Who is the referent of *ἐκεῖνος*?
4. What is the function of the *ἵνα* (purpose or result)?
5. What passage in John does *καὶ ἀμαρτία ἐν αὐτῷ οὐκ ἔστιν* parallel?

3:6 πᾶς ὁ ἐν αὐτῷ μένων οὐχ ἀμαρτάνει·
 πᾶς ὁ ἀμαρτάνων οὐχ ἔώρακεν αὐτὸν οὐδὲ ἔγνωκεν αὐτόν.

Parsing

μένων	_____
ἀμαρτάνων	_____
ἔώρακεν	_____
ἔγνωκεν	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. What is the subject of the verb ἀμαρτάνει?
2. How are we to understand this verse? Does the continuity of the present tense solve the problem (habitual/repeated/process/continuity)? How does 1 John 1 help us understand this verse? How does this verse relate to the immediate context?

3:7 Τεκνία, μηδεὶς πλανάτω ὑμᾶς·
 ὁ ποιῶν τὴν δικαιοσύνην δίκαιος ἐστιν,
 καθὼς ἐκεῖνος δίκαιος ἐστιν·

Hard Words

πλανάτω I wander, deceive

Parsing

πλανάτω

Translation**Questions**

1. What marks this as a new paragraph? Is this a janis/hinge?
2. What role does *καθὼς* play in connecting the parts of the sentence?
3. Who is the referent of *ἐκεῖνος*?
4. What is John describing about the relationship between us and Jesus?

3:8 ὁ ποιῶν τὴν ἀμαρτίαν ἐκ τοῦ διαβόλου ἐστίν,
 ὅτι ἀπ' ἀρχῆς ὁ διάβολος ἀμαρτάνει.
 εἰς τοῦτο ἐφανερώθη ὁ νιὸς τοῦ θεοῦ
 ἵνα λύσῃ τὰ ἔργα τοῦ διαβόλου.

Parsing

ἐστίν
 ἀμαρτάνει
 λύσῃ

Translation**Questions**

1. Why do you think he said ὁ ποιῶν ἀμαρτίαν rather than just more simply ὁ ἀμαρτάνων?
2. ἐκ τοῦ διαβόλου is what type of prepositional use (separation or source)?
3. What does διαβόλου have as its root idea? What is the root idea of “Satan”?
4. What type of ὅτι is seen here (causal or complementary)?
5. Why type of prepositional phrase is εἰς τοῦτο location or purpose?

3:9 Πᾶς ὁ γεγεννημένος ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἀμαρτίαν οὐ ποιεῖ,
 ὅτι σπέρμα αὐτοῦ ἐν αὐτῷ μένει,
 καὶ οὐ δύναται ἀμαρτάνειν, ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ γεγέννηται.

Hard Words

σπέρμα seed

Parsing

γεγεννημένος	_____
ποιεῖ	_____
δύναται	_____
ἀμαρτάνειν	_____
γεγέννηται	_____

Translation**Questions**

- What type of ὅτι is seen here (causal, complementary or epexegetical)?
- ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ is what type of prepositional use (separation or source)?
- To what does the σπέρμα refer (Word of God, Holy Spirit, spiritual character traits—metaphorical)?
- How is it that one born of God is not able to sin?
- Any parallels with John 3:6, 8?

3:10 ἐν τούτῳ φανερά ἔστιν τὰ τέκνα τοῦ θεοῦ
 καὶ τὰ τέκνα τοῦ διαβόλου·
 πᾶς ὁ μὴ ποιῶν δικαιοσύνην οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ,
 καὶ ὁ μὴ ἀγαπῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ.

Hard Words

φανερός known, plain, visible

Parsing

ἔστιν	_____
ποιῶν	_____
ἀγαπῶν	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. ἐν τούτῳ should be understood as instrumental (by) or purpose (for)? Is the τούτῳ anaphoric or cataphoric? To what does it point?
2. What type of genitive is τὰ τέκνα τοῦ διαβόλου (source, separation, relationship)?
3. What role is the final καὶ playing (continuative [and], epexegetical [that is] or coordinating[and])?

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3:11 ὅτι αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ ἀγγελία ἣν ἠκούσατε ἀπ' ἀρχῆς,
ἵνα ἀγαπῶμεν ἀλλήλους·

Hard Words

ἀγγελία message (n)

Parsing

ἐστὶν	_____
ἀκούσατε	_____
ἀγαπῶμεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What type of ὅτι causal (because) or complementary (that)?
2. Brown breaks the text here at 3:11 because of the clause αὕτη
ἐστὶν ἡ ἀγγελία which in 1:5 also marks a major text break. Why
is that probably not correct (hint: ὅτι)?
3. Is αὕτη anaphoric or cataphoric? What does it point to?
4. What does it mean that ἵνα is epexegetical to αὕτη?

3:12 οὐ καθὼς Καὶν ἐκ τοῦ πονηροῦ ἦν καὶ ἔσφαξεν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ·
 καὶ χάριν τίνος ἔσφαξεν αὐτόν;
 ὅτι τὰ ἔργα αὐτοῦ πονηρὰ ἦν,
 τὰ δὲ τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ αὐτοῦ δίκαια.

Hard Words

σφάζω	I murder (v)
χάριν	because of, “why” with τίνος? (prep); not = χάρις

Parsing

ἦν	_____
ἔσφαξεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. Culy says καθὼς introduces a comparison. How so?
2. Should ἐκ be taken as separation, source, or cause?
3. To whom does the πονηροῦ refer?
4. While ἔσφαξεν is a rare word from σφάζω meaning to “slasher, murder” what is the only other book in the NT that uses this word?
5. While χάριν τίνος is unique in the NT meaning “why, what was the underlying purpose” what could it easily be confused with?

3:13 Μὴ θαυμάζετε, ἀδελφοί, εἰ μισεῖς ὑμᾶς ὁ κόσμος.

Hard Words

θαυμάζω I wonder, marvel (v)

Parsing

θαυμάζετε
μισεῖς

Translation

Questions/Observations

1. Why is the *καὶ* in brackets?
2. Does the move from *τεκνία* to *ἀδελφοί* signal anything (vid. context)?
3. *εἰ + indicative* is what type of conditional sentence? What does that mean?
Young takes the *εἰ* as a complementizer (cf. *ὅτι*) with verbs of emotion or wonder. How does that change the reading?

3:14 ἡμεῖς οἴδαμεν ὅτι μεταβεβήκαμεν ἐκ τοῦ θανάτου εἰς τὴν ζωήν,
ὅτι ἀγαπῶμεν τοὺς ἀδελφούς· ὁ μὴ ἀγαπῶν μένει ἐν τῷ θανάτῳ.

Hard Words

μεταβαίνω I leave, cross over (v)

Parsing

οἴδαμεν

μεταβεβήκαμεν

ἀγαπῶμεν

ἀγαπῶν

μένει

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. Why is the ἡμεῖς emphatic?
2. Is the first ὅτι causal or complementary?
3. Where is the only other place in the NT where the perfect form of μεταβαίνω + ἐκ τοῦ θανάτου is found?
4. Is the second ὅτι causal or complementary?
5. Is ἐκ cause, separation or means?

3:15 πᾶς ὁ μισῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἀνθρωποκτόνος ἐστίν,
 καὶ οἴδατε ὅτι πᾶς ἀνθρωποκτόνος οὐκ ἔχει
 ζωὴν αἰώνιον ἐν αὐτῷ μένουσαν.

Hard Words

ἀνθρωποκτόνος murderer (n)

Parsing

μισῶν	_____
ἐστίν	_____
οἴδατε	_____
ἔχει	_____
μένουσαν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

- Where have we seen this construction before πᾶς + ὁ + ptc.?
- What two things are subtly being linked by hatred?
- Where is the other place in the NT where ἀνθρωποκτόνος occurs?
- Culy says the present tense of ᔓχει does not have a durative force but only that it is a process. Where does he find the durative force in this part of the verse and is that a function of the tense or the semantics?

3:16 Ἐν τούτῳ ἐγνώκαμεν τὴν ἀγάπην,
 ὅτι ἐκεῖνος ὑπὲρ ἡμῶν τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ ἔθηκεν·
 καὶ ἡμεῖς ὀφείλομεν ὑπὲρ τῶν ἀδελφῶν τὰς ψυχὰς θεῖναι.

Hard Words

ὁφείλω I ought, am obligated (v)

Parsing

ἐγνώκαμεν	_____
ἔθηκεν	_____
ὁφείλομεν	_____
θεῖναι	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. ἐν τούτῳ is what type of dative sphere, interest or instrumental?
2. Is the τούτῳ anaphoric or cataphoric? To what does it point?
3. Is ὅτι causal or complementary here?
4. Who is the referent of ἐκεῖνος?
5. ὑπὲρ ἡμῶν has substitutionary atonement or benefaction as its main focus here?
6. How does Culy take clause initial καί (coordination or thematic continuity)?
 How do you translate this καί (and, even, also, but, so)? Why?
7. What type of infinitive is θεῖναι complementary, indirect discourse or articular?

3:17 ὃς δ' ἀν ἔχῃ τὸν βίον τοῦ κόσμου καὶ θεωρῇ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ
 χρείαν ἔχοντα καὶ κλείσῃ τὰ σπλάγχνα αὐτοῦ ἀπ' αὐτοῦ,
 πῶς ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ μένει ἐν αὐτῷ

Hard Words

βίος	life, possessions (n)
χρεία	need (n)
κλείω	I shut, close, lock (v)
σπλάγχνον	inner self, feelings, entrails (n)

Parsing

ἔχῃ	_____
θεωρῇ	_____
ἔχοντα	_____
κλείσῃ	_____
μένει	_____

Translation

Questions/Observations

- Where have we seen this relative pronoun structure before?
- What type of genitive is τοῦ κόσμου (subjective or descriptive)?
- What is the function of the rhetorical question introduced by πῶς (focus or rebuke)?
- What type of genitive is ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ (subjective or objective)?

3:18 Τεκνία, μὴ ἀγαπῶμεν λόγῳ μηδὲ τῇ γλώσσῃ
ἀλλὰ ἐν ἔργῳ καὶ ἀληθείᾳ.

Hard Words

γλῶσσα tongue (n)

Parsing

ἀγαπῶμεν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. While *τεκνία* usually begins a new section does it do that here? What is its function here?
2. What kind of subjunctive is *ἀγαπῶμεν* (possibility, hortatory or prohibitive)?
3. What kind of dative is *λόγῳ μηδὲ τῇ γλώσσῃ* (locative, indirect object, instrumental)?
4. What is a hendiadys [Greek *ἐν δια* duoin: one through two] and how does it differ from a doublet (signs and wonders)?

3:19 Ἐν τούτῳ γνωσόμεθα ὅτι ἐκ τῆς ἀληθείας ἐσμέν,
καὶ ἔμπροσθεν αὐτοῦ πείσομεν τὴν καρδίαν ἡμῶν

Hard Words

πείθω I persuade, convince (v)

Parsing

γνωσόμεθα

ἐσμέν

πείσομεν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What type of dative is ἐν τούτῳ dative of sphere, interest or instrumental?
2. Is τούτῳ here anaphoric or cataphoric?
3. What type of ὅτι is it complementary or causal?
4. What brings the believer assurance?

3:20 ὅτι ἐὰν καταγινώσκῃ ἡμῶν ἡ καρδία, ὅτι μείζων ἐστὶν ὁ θεὸς τῆς καρδίας ἡμῶν καὶ γινώσκει πάντα.

Hard Words

καταγινώσκω	I condemn (v)
μείζων / μέγας	greater (comparative adj)

Parsing

Καταγινώσκῃ	_____
ἐστὶν	_____
γινώσκει	_____

Translation

Questions/Observations

- How should the initial ὅτι be read (causal or complement)? How should the second ὅτι be understood?
- “God knows all things” is this a statement that can be used to disprove those who place limitations in God’s knowing of the future?

3:21 Ἀγαπητοί, ἐὰν ἡ καρδία μὴ καταγινώσκῃ,
παρρησίαν ἔχομεν πρὸς τὸν θεόν,

Hard Words

παρρησία boldness, confidence (n)

Parsing

καταγινώσκῃ
ἔχομεν

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. Is the boldness before God eschatological or in reference to prayer (see next verse)?

2. What is the function of the third class conditional here?

3:22 καὶ ὁ ἀν αἰτῶμεν λαμβάνομεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ,
 ὅτι τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ τηροῦμεν
 καὶ τὰ ἀρεστὰ ἐνώπιον αὐτοῦ ποιοῦμεν.

Hard Words

αἰτέω	I ask (v)
ἀρεστός	pleasing (adj)
ἐνώπιον	before, in the presence of (prep)

Parsing

αἰτῶμεν	_____
λαμβάνομεν	_____
τηροῦμεν	_____
ποιοῦμεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What other verse in the NT does 1 Jn 3:22 sound like (cf. Jn 16:24)?
2. How should ἀπ' αὐτοῦ be understood source, agency or separation?
3. What are the implications of this verse for our prayers?

3:23 καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ ἐντολὴ αὐτοῦ,
 ὅτι πιστεύσωμεν τῷ ὀνόματι τοῦ υἱοῦ αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ
 καὶ ἀγαπῶμεν ἄλλήλους, καθὼς ἔδωκεν ἐντολὴν ἡμῖν.

Parsing

ἐστὶν	_____
πιστεύσωμεν	_____
ἀγαπῶμεν	_____
ἔδωκεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What does the aorist tense of *πιστεύσωμεν* signify?
2. What is the significance of “believing in the name” or what is the connection between the name and the person in that time?
3. What role does *Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ* play in relation to *υἱοποιητικοῦ αὐτοῦ* (source, apposition)?
4. What type of dative is *ἡμῖν* (instrument, indirect object)?
5. Sentence-initial *καί* acts to coordinate or to continue thematic flow the of the discourse?
6. The *ἵνα* introduces a purpose or result? This clause is a mitigated exhortation or prohibition?
7. The second *καί* acts to coordinate or to continue thematic flow the of the discourse?

3:24 καὶ ὁ τηρῶν τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ ἐν αὐτῷ μένει
 καὶ αὐτὸς ἐν αὐτῷ καὶ ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν
 ὅτι μένει ἐν ἡμῖν, ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος οὗ ἡμῖν ἔδωκεν.

Parsing

τηρῶν	_____
μένει	_____
γινώσκομεν	_____
ἔδωκεν	_____

Translation**Questions/Observations**

1. What does the sentence initial *καὶ* signify (coordination or thematic continuity)?
2. What is the subject of *μένει*?
3. What is missing from the words *καὶ αὐτὸς ἐν αὐτῷ*? Is it okay to add things in? What is an ellipsis?
4. How do you understand *ἐν τούτῳ* location or agency?
5. What type of *ὅτι* follows *γινώσκομεν* (cause, clausal complement or epexegetical)?
6. *ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος* should be understood as source, separation or means?
7. Why is the *οὗ* in the genitive not in the accusative?

1 John 4

1 Ἀγαπητοί, μὴ παντὶ πνεύματι πιστεύετε, ἀλλὰ δοκιμάζετε τὰ πνεύματα εἰς τοῦ θεοῦ ἐστίν, ὅτι πολλοὶ ψευδοπροφῆται ἔξεληλύθασιν εἰς τὸν κόσμον.

2 Ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκετε τὸ πνεῦμα τοῦ θεοῦ: πᾶν πνεῦμα ὃ ὁμολογεῖ Ἰησοῦν Χριστὸν ἐν σαρκὶ ἐληλυθότα ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐστίν,

3 καὶ πᾶν πνεῦμα ὃ μὴ ὁμολογεῖ τὸν Ἰησοῦν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ οὐκ ἐστιν: καὶ τοῦτο ἐστιν τὸ τοῦ ἀντιχρίστου, ὃ ἀκηκόατε ὅτι ἔρχεται, καὶ νῦν ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ ἐστὶν ἡδη.

4 Ὅμεις ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐστέ, τεκνία, καὶ νενικήκατε αὐτούς, ὅτι μείζων ἐστὶν ὁ ἐν ὑμῖν ἡ ὁ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ.

5 αὐτοὶ ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου εἰσίν: διὰ τοῦτο ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου λαλοῦσιν καὶ ὁ κόσμος αὐτῶν ἀκούει.

6 ἡμεῖς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐσμέν: ὁ γινώσκων τὸν θεὸν ἀκούει ἡμῶν, ὃς οὐκ ἐστιν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ οὐκ ἀκούει ἡμῶν. ἐκ τούτου γινώσκομεν τὸ πνεῦμα τῆς ἀληθείας καὶ τὸ πνεῦμα τῆς πλάνης.

7 Ἀγαπητοί, ἀγαπῶμεν ἀλλήλους, ὅτι ἡ ἀγάπη ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐστίν, καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἀγαπῶν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ γεγέννηται καὶ γινώσκει τὸν θεόν.

8 ὁ μὴ ἀγαπῶν οὐκ ἔγνω τὸν θεόν, ὅτι ὁ θεὸς ἀγάπη ἐστίν.

9 ἐν τούτῳ ἐφανερώθη ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ ἐν ὑμῖν, ὅτι τὸν νίὸν αὐτοῦ τὸν μονογενῆ ἀπέσταλκεν ὁ θεὸς εἰς τὸν κόσμον ἵνα ζήσωμεν δι' αὐτοῦ.

10 ἐν τούτῳ ἐστὶν ἡ ἀγάπη, οὐχ ὅτι ἡμεῖς ἡγαπήκαμεν τὸν θεόν, ἀλλ' ὅτι αὐτὸς ἡγάπησεν ἡμᾶς καὶ ἀπέστειλεν τὸν νίὸν αὐτοῦ ἴλασμὸν περὶ τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν ἡμῶν.

11 Ἀγαπητοί, εἰ οὕτως ὁ θεὸς ἡγάπησεν ἡμᾶς, καὶ ἡμεῖς ὀφείλομεν ἀλλήλους ἀγαπᾶν.

12 θεὸν οὐδεὶς πώποτε τεθέαται· ἐὰν ἀγαπῶμεν ἀλλήλους, ὁ θεὸς ἐν ὑμῖν μένει καὶ ἡ ἀγάπη αὐτοῦ τετελειωμένη ἐν ὑμῖν ἐστίν.

13 ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐν αὐτῷ μένομεν καὶ αὐτὸς ἐν ἡμῖν, ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος αὐτοῦ δέδωκεν ἡμῖν.

14 Καὶ ἡμεῖς τεθεάμεθα καὶ μαρτυροῦμεν ὅτι ὁ πατὴρ ἀπέσταλκεν τὸν υἱὸν σωτῆρα τοῦ κόσμου.

15 ὃς ἐὰν ὁμολογήσῃ ὅτι Ἰησοῦς [Χριστός] ἐστιν ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ θεοῦ, ὁ θεὸς ἐν αὐτῷ μένει καὶ αὐτὸς ἐν τῷ θεῷ.

16 Καὶ ἡμεῖς ἐγνώκαμεν καὶ πεπιστεύκαμεν τὴν ἀγάπην ἣν ἔχει ὁ θεὸς ἐν ἡμῖν. Ὁ θεὸς ἀγάπη ἐστίν, καὶ ὁ μένων ἐν τῇ ἀγάπῃ ἐν τῷ θεῷ μένει καὶ ὁ θεὸς ἐν αὐτῷ [μένει].

17 Ἐν τούτῳ τετελείωται ἡ ἀγάπη μεθ' ἡμῶν, ἵνα παρρησίαν ἔχωμεν ἐν τῇ ἡμέρᾳ τῆς κρίσεως, ὅτι καθὼς ἐκεῖνός ἐστιν καὶ ἡμεῖς ἐσμὲν ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ τούτῳ.

18 φόβος οὐκ ἐστιν ἐν τῇ ἀγάπῃ, ἀλλ' ἡ τελεία ἀγάπη ἔξω βάλλει τὸν φόβον, ὅτι ὁ φόβος κόλασιν ἔχει, ὁ δὲ φοβούμενος οὐ τετελείωται ἐν τῇ ἀγάπῃ.

19 Ἡμεῖς ἀγαπῶμεν, ὅτι αὐτὸς πρῶτος ἤγαπησεν ἡμᾶς.

20 ἐάν τις εἴπῃ ὅτι Ἀγαπῶ τὸν θεόν, καὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ μισῇ, ψεύστης ἐστίν: ὁ γὰρ μὴ ἀγαπῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ὃν ἐώρακεν, τὸν θεὸν ὃν οὐχ ἐώρακεν οὐ δύναται ἀγαπᾶν.

21 καὶ ταύτην τὴν ἐντολὴν ἔχομεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ, ἵνα ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν θεὸν ἀγαπᾷ καὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ.

Name _____
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4:1 Ἀγαπητοί, μὴ παντὶ πνεύματι πιστεύετε,
 ἀλλὰ δοκιμάζετε τὰ πνεύματα εἰ ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἔστιν,
 ὅτι πολλοὶ ψευδοπροφῆται ἔξεληλύθασιν εἰς τὸν κόσμον.

Hard words

δοκιμάζω I test, examine (v)

Parsing

πιστεύετε

δοκιμάζετε

ἔστιν

ἔξεληλύθασιν

Translation**Questions**

1. What does a vocative + imperative indicate structurally?
2. What type of dative is *πνεύματι* instrumental, locative or verbal complement?
3. What is the number of the verb *ἔστιν* and why is its subject plural?
4. What type of phrase is *ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ* separation, source, or cause?
5. What type of *ὅτι* is in verse one (causal, complement or epexegetical)?
6. What type of phrase is *εἰς τὸν κόσμον* purpose (for), spatial (in/into) or temporal (throughout)?

4:2 Ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκετε τὸ πνεῦμα τοῦ θεοῦ·
 πᾶν πνεῦμα ὃ ὁμολογεῖ Ἰησοῦν Χριστὸν ἐν σαρκὶ
 ἐληλυθότα ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐστίν,

Hard words

ὁμολογέω I confess (v)

Parsing

γινώσκετε	_____
ὁμολογεῖ	_____
ἐληλυθότα	_____
ἐστίν	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. What type of phrase is ἐν τούτῳ locative, caustive (because) or instrumental (by)?
2. What type of genitive is τοῦ θεοῦ separation, source, or cause?
3. What type of dative is ἐν σαρκὶ manner, caustive (because) or instrumental?
4. What type of phrase is ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ separation, source, or cause?
5. How do you translate the participle ἐληλυθότα ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ εστίν?
 Is it a paraphrastic?

4:3 καὶ πᾶν πνεῦμα ὃ μὴ ὁμολογεῖ τὸν Ἰησοῦν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ οὐκ ἔστιν·
 καὶ τοῦτο ἔστιν τὸ τοῦ ἀντιχρίστου, ὃ ἀκηκόατε ὅτι ἔρχεται,
 καὶ νῦν ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ ἔστιν ἡδη.

Parsing

ὁμολογεῖ
 ἔστιν
 ἀκηκόατε
 ἔρχεται

Translation**Questions**

1. What does a clause initial *καὶ* indicate (coordination or theme continuity)?
2. Why is *μή* used with the indicative *όμολογεῖ*?
3. What is implied [ellipsis] that should naturally follow *τὸν Ἰησοῦν*?
4. What type of phrase is *ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ* separation, source, or cause?
5. What type of genitive is *τοῦ ἀντιχρίστου* separation, possession or source?
6. What type of *ὅτι* is it causal or complementary?
7. What type of phrase is *ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ* temporal, instrumental, or spatial?
8. How is the *ἔρχεται* to be taken as a future, present or past time?
9. What words indicate the exact time of the *ἔστιν*?

4:4 Ὅμεις ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἔστε, τεκνία, καὶ νενικήκατε αὐτούς,
ὅτι μείζων ἔστιν ὁ ἐν ὑμῖν ἡ ὁ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ·

Hard words

νικάω I conquer, overcome

Parsing

ἔστε
νενικήκατε
ἔστιν

Translation**Questions**

1. To whom does the αὐτούς refer?
2. To what does the νενικήκατε refer?
3. What are three types of ὅτι's we have seen in 1 John and how are each of them used? Which type is used here?
4. Is μείζων a comparative or a superlative?
5. How does the ὁ article function both on ὁ ἐν ὑμῖν and ὁ ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ? What is a nominalizer?

4:5 αὐτοὶ ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου εἰσίν·
 διὰ τοῦτο ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου λαλοῦσιν
 καὶ ὁ κόσμος αὐτῶν ἀκούει.

Parsing

εἰσίν
 λαλοῦσιν
 ἀκούει

Translation**Questions**

1. With what does ἐκ τοῦ κόσμου contrast? What is the general sense of the ἐκ separation or source?
2. How should διὰ τοῦτο be understood as agency (by), temporal (during) or causal (because of)?
3. Is the τοῦτο cataphoric or anaphoric and to what does it refer?
4. What kind of role does the καὶ play (coordinative [and], adjunctive [also, or ascensive [even]])?
5. How does the genitive αὐτῶν relate to the verb ἀκούει?
6. What roles does κόσμος play in this verse?

4:6 ἡμεῖς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐσμέν· ὁ γινώσκων τὸν θεὸν ἀκούει ἡμῶν,
 ὃς οὐκ ἔστιν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ οὐκ ἀκούει ἡμῶν.
 ἐκ τούτου γινώσκομεν τὸ πνεῦμα τῆς ἀληθείας
 καὶ τὸ πνεῦμα τῆς πλάνης.

Hard words

πλάνη deceit, error (n)

Parsing

ἐσμεν	_____
γινώσκων	_____
ἀκούει	_____
ἔστιν	_____
γινώσκομεν	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. What role does the ἡμεῖς play linking 4:5 and 4:6 continuative or contrastive? What does its position in the sentence indicate?
2. ὁ γινώσκων is what type of participle (attributive, adverbial (while), or substantive)?
3. What is the relationship of the genitive ἡμῶν to the verb ἀκούω?
4. What does the ὃς οὐκ ἔστιν . . . clause add and is it characteristic of John's writing style?
5. How do you take ἐκ τούτου (source, separation, means, from [on the basis of])? Is the τούτου anaphoric or cataphoric and to what does it refer?
6. How does this verse suggest we distinguish between the spirit of error and the spirit of truth? What is the spirit of truth, is it the Holy Spirit or an attitude?
7. How are the first words of 4:4, 5 and 6 connected?

Name _____
Greek II: 1 John 4:7-16Box _____
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4:7 Ἀγαπητοί, ἀγαπῶμεν ἀλλήλους, ὅτι ἡ ἀγάπη ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἔστιν,
 καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἀγαπῶν ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ γεγέννηται
 καὶ γινώσκει τὸν θεόν.

Parsing

ἀγαπῶμεν

ἔστιν

ἀγαπῶν

γεγέννηται

γινώσκει

Translation**Questions**

1. What role does the subjunctive ἀγαπῶμεν play (probability, possibility cohortative)? How should it be translated?
2. What are three types of ὅτι's we have seen in 1 John and how are each of them used (causal, complementary, epexegetical)? Which type is used here?
3. The prepositional phrase ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ is separation or source?
4. What is John's style like? $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\varsigma + \circlearrowleft +$ _____
 Where is another example of this type of construction in 1 John? (Hint ch. 3)
5. What role does the passive of γεγέννηται play?

4:8 ὁ μὴ ἀγαπῶν οὐκ ἔγνω τὸν θεόν, ὅτι ὁ θεὸς ἀγάπη ἐστίν.

Parsing

ἀγαπῶν

ἔγνω

ἐστίν

Translation

Questions

1. Is the participle ἀγαπῶν an attributive, predicate or substantival use of the participle?
2. Is ὅτι causal, clause complement or epexegetical?
3. Why is God the subject of ὁ θεὸς ἀγάπη ἐστίν when ἀγάπη is also nom.?
4. What is the meaning of “is”? (x is 5; Jack is Irish, Jack is smart)
What’s the difference? How does that relate to “God is love”?

4:9 ἐν τούτῳ ἐφανερώθη ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ ἐν ἡμῖν,
 ὅτι τὸν νὶὸν αὐτοῦ τὸν μονογενῆ ἀπέσταλκεν ὁ θεὸς
 εἰς τὸν κόσμον ἵνα ζήσωμεν δι' αὐτοῦ.

Hard words

φανερόω I reveal, make known (v)

Parsing

ἐφανερώθη
 ἀπέσταλκεν
 ζήσωμεν

Translation**Questions**

1. ἐν τούτῳ is temporal (when/while), cause (because of) or instrumental (by)? Is the τούτῳ anaphoric or cataphoric? To what does it refer?
2. Culy correctly takes ἐφανερώθη as having a middle force. What does that change?
3. What is the difference between taking ἐν ἡμῖν as “in us” or “among us”?
4. How is this ὅτι an epexegetical usage?
5. In the ὅτι clause what is being emphasized and how? Give 3 ways?
6. What type of usage is found in εἰς τὸν κόσμον (purpose [for, in order to (goal)]; result [so that, with the result that], or spatial (in/into)? How does 4:9 tie back into 4:5?
7. What type of clause does the ἵνα introduce (purpose [in order that], result [with the result that; so that]; causal [because] or epexegetical [that])?
8. What type of subjunctive is ζήσωμεν (cohortative, possibility, result, or purpose)?
9. Love of God: Obj. or Subj?

4:10 ἐν τούτῳ ἔστιν ἡ ἀγάπη, οὐχ ὅτι ἡμεῖς ἡγαπήκαμεν τὸν θεόν,
 ἀλλ’ ὅτι αὐτὸς ἡγάπησεν ἡμᾶς καὶ ἀπέστειλεν τὸν νίὸν αὐτοῦ
 ἰλασμὸν περὶ τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν ἡμῶν.

Hard words

ἱλασμός propitiation, expiation, means of grace, atoning sacrifice

Parsing

ἔστιν	_____
ἡγαπήκαμεν	_____
ἡγάπησεν	_____
ἀπέστειλεν	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. ἐν τούτῳ is temporal (when/while), cause (because of) or instrumental (by) or reference (in or untranslated)? Is the tou<t& anaphoric or cataphoric?
2. How are the two ὅτι clauses another example of John's style?
3. What type of ὅτι's here (causal, complementary or epexegetical)? Why? How does that change the meaning?
4. What role does the ἀλλ’ play (purpose, contrastive, coordinating)?
5. Why are there two accusatives following ἀπέστειλεν (son and atoning sacrifice)?
6. In what way is περὶ τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν use (representation: on behalf of; or reference: concerning)?
7. Where have we seen ἱλασμός before and what does it mean (propitiation or expiation) (cf. 2:2)?

4:11 Ἀγαπητοί, εἰ οὕτως ὁ θεὸς ἡγάπησεν ἡμᾶς,
καὶ ἡμεῖς ὀφείλομεν ἀλλήλους ἀγαπᾶν.

Hard words

ὁφείλω I ought (v)

Parsing

ἡγάπησεν

ὁφείλομεν

ἀγαπᾶν

Translation**Questions**

1. What type of conditional does the *εἰ* introduce (1st, 2nd, 3rd, class) and what is its significance?
2. What kind of infinitive is *ἀγαπᾶν* (articular, complementary, or for indirect discourse)?
3. What is the appropriate response of being loved by God?

4:12 θεὸν οὐδεὶς πώποτε τεθέαται· ἐὰν ἀγαπῶμεν ἀλλήλους,
 ὁ θεὸς ἐν ἡμῖν μένει καὶ ἡ ἀγάπη αὐτοῦ τετελειωμένη
 ἐν ἡμῖν ἔστιν.

Hard words

πώποτε	ever (adv)
θεάομαι	I see (v)
ἀφείλω	I ought, must (v)
τελείω	I make perfect/complete (v)

Parsing

τεθέαται	_____
ἀγαπῶμεν	_____
μένει	_____
τετελειωμένη	_____
ἔστιν	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. In what way is θεὸν emphasized?
2. How is the middle to be understood in τεθέαται (reflexive or subject emphasis)?
3. What type of subjunctive is ἀγαπῶμεν (cohortative, conditional possibility, deliberative)?
4. What type of genitive (objective, subjective) is ἡ ἀγάπη αὐτοῦ and how does each change the meaning?
5. What is grammatical type is τετελειωμένη ἔστιν and how is this construction translated?

4:13 ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἐν αὐτῷ μένομεν καὶ αὐτὸς ἐν ἡμῖν,
 ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος αὐτοῦ δέδωκεν ἡμῖν.

Parsing

γινώσκομεν

μένομεν

δέδωκεν

Translation

Questions

1. How should ἐν τούτῳ be understood as causal (because of); instrumental (by) or temporal (when)?
2. Is τούτῳ anaphoric or cataphoric and to what does it point/refer?
3. Is the first ὅτι in this context causal (because), complementary (that) or exegetical (explanatory “that”)?
4. What kind of role does the καὶ play (coordinative [and], adjunctive [also, or ascensive [even]])?
5. Is the second ὅτι in this context causal (because), complementary (that) or epexegetical (explanatory “that”)?
6. Where have we seen ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος before (ch. 3)?
5. Is the ἐκ τοῦ πνεύματος source (from) or partitive (of—a portion of)?
 What is the difference?
8. What type of dative is the final ἡμῖν instrumental (by), indirect object (to) or sphere (in)?

4:14 Καὶ ἡμεῖς τεθεάμεθα καὶ μαρτυροῦμεν
 ὅτι ὁ πατὴρ ἀπέσταλκεν τὸν υἱὸν σωτῆρα τοῦ κόσμου.

Hard words

θεάομαι I see (v)

Parsing

τεθεάμεθα

μαρτυροῦμεν

ἀπέσταλκεν

Translation**Questions**

1. What does the sentence initial *καὶ* signify (coordinative [and], adjunctive ascensive [even] or thematic continuity)?
2. What is the significance of the middle in *τεθεάμεθα*? What verse does this remind you of?
3. Is the *ὅτι* in this context causal (because), clausal complementary (that) or epexegetical (explanatory “that”)?
4. What kind of accusative relationship is there between *τὸν υἱὸν* and *σωτῆρα τοῦ κόσμου*?
5. What type of genitive is *τοῦ κόσμου* (objective/subjective)?

4:15 ὃς ἐὰν ὁμολογήσῃ ὅτι Ἰησοῦς [Χριστός] ἐστιν
ὁ νιὸς τοῦ θεοῦ, ὁ θεὸς ἐν αὐτῷ μένει καὶ αὐτὸς ἐν τῷ θεῷ.

Hard words

ὁμολογέω I confess, declare (v)

Parsing

ὁμολογήσῃ

ἐστιν

μένει

Translation**Questions**

1. Is the *ὅτι* in this context causal (because), clausal complementary (that) or epexegetical (explanatory “that”)?
2. The *ὁ νιός* is nominative, why is it not the subject of the verb *ἐστιν* especially when it has the definite article?
3. What shift is made in this verse in the principle of abiding in him?
4. What kind of role does the *καὶ* play (coordinative [and], adjunctive [also, or ascensive [even]])?

4:16 Καὶ ἡμεῖς ἐγνώκαμεν καὶ πεπιστεύκαμεν τὴν ἀγάπην ἣν ἔχει
ὁ θεὸς ἐν ἡμῖν.

Ο θεὸς ἀγάπη ἐστίν, καὶ ὁ μένων ἐν τῇ ἀγάπῃ ἐν τῷ θεῷ μένει
καὶ ὁ θεὸς ἐν αὐτῷ [μένει].

Parsing

ἐγνώκαμεν	_____
πεπιστεύκαμεν	_____
ἔχει	_____
ἐστίν	_____
μένων	_____
μένει	_____

Translation

Questions

- What does the sentence initial *καὶ* signify (coordinative [and], adjunctive ascensive [even] or thematic continuity)?
- How does the accusative *τὴν ἀγάπην* relate to the two verbs?
- How is *ἐν ἡμῖν* to be understood here is it oddly an object or means (by) or reference/respect?
- What does the use of the present tense indicate in the participle *μένων*? Is this participle attributive, adverbial or substantive?
- The final *καὶ* (coordinative [and], adjunctive (also), ascensive [even] or thematic continuity)?

Name _____
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4:17 Ἐν τούτῳ τετελείωται ἡ ἀγάπη μεθ' ἡμῶν,
 ἵνα παρρησίαν ἔχωμεν ἐν τῇ ἡμέρᾳ τῆς κρίσεως,
 ὅτι καθὼς ἐκεῖνός ἐστιν καὶ ἡμεῖς ἔσμεν ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ τούτῳ.

Hard words

τελείω	I make perfect, complete, finish (v)
παρρησία	openness, confidence, boldness (n)

Parsing

τετελείωται	_____
ἔχωμεν	_____
ἔσμεν	_____

Translation**Questions**

- How should ἐν τούτῳ be understood as causal (because of); instrumental (by) or temporal (when)?
- Is the τούτῳ here cataphoric or anaphoric and to what is it pointing?
- Is the μεθ' ἡμῶν (with us) spatial; (among) association or manner (with)?
- Is the ἵνα clause purpose (in order that/because) or result (with the result that)?
- Is ἐν τῇ ἡμέρᾳ instrumental (by), sphere (in) or temporal (in)?
- Is the second ὅτι in this context causal (because), clausal complementary (that) or epexegetical (explanatory “that”)?
- What does καθὼς introduce (new topic, comparison, circumstances)?
- How should ἐν τῷ κόσμῳ τούτῳ be understood (means [by]; locative [in] or temporal [when])?

4:18 φόβος οὐκ ἔστιν ἐν τῇ ἀγάπῃ,
 ἀλλ' ἡ τελεία ἀγάπη ἔξω βάλλει τὸν φόβον,
 ὅτι ὁ φόβος κόλασιν ἔχει,
 ὁ δὲ φοβούμενος οὐ τετελείωται ἐν τῇ ἀγάπῃ.

Hard words

τέλειος	complete, perfect, whole (adj)
κόλασις	punishment (N)
τελειόω	I make perfect, complete (v)

Parsing

ἔστιν	_____
βάλλει	_____
ἔχει	_____
φοβούμενος	_____
τετελείωται	_____

Translation**Questions**

- How do you take ἐν τῇ ἀγάπῃ (instrumental (by), locative (in), reference (with respect to))?
- Is the second ὅτι in this context causal (because), clausal complementary (that) or epexegetical (explanatory “that”)?
- If ὁ φόβος κόλασιν ἔχει means literal “fear has punishment” what is a smoother reading which captures that meaning?
- What does the middle φοβούμενος stress? Culy notes that verbs of emotion often have a middle flavor. Why?
- How do you relate the OT wisdom saying that the “fear of God is the beginning of wisdom” and this verse? (Do use the “reverence” of God argument; or does fear=fear).

4:19 Ἡμεῖς ἀγαπῶμεν, ὅτι αὐτὸς πρῶτος ἡγάπησεν ἡμᾶς.

Hard words

πρῶτος first (adj)

Parsing

ἀγαπῶμεν

Translation**Questions**

1. What does the fronting of ἡμεῖς do both in this sentence and also in relation to the preceding one?
2. What does having an implicit object mean in regard to the verb ἀγαπῶμεν (God, others, or both, cf. NLT=others)?
3. Is the ὅτι in this context causal (because), clausal

4:20 ἐάν τις εἴπῃ ὅτι Ἀγαπῶ τὸν θεόν,
καὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ μισῇ, ψεύστης ἔστιν·
ό γάρ μὴ ἀγαπῶν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ὃν ἐώρακεν,
τὸν θεὸν ὃν οὐχ ἐώρακεν οὐ δύναται ἀγαπᾶν.

Hard words

ψεύστης liar (n)

Parsing

εἰπη

Ἄγαπῶ

μετί^ρ
έστιν

ἀγαπῶν

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

εωρακεν
δύναται

ἀγαπᾶν

Translation

Questions

1. What kind of condition does ἐάν introduce (1st class, 2nd or 3rd) and what does that suggest? Does it function as a mitigated exhortation or prohibition?
 2. Is the ὅτι in this context causal (because), clausal complementary (that) or epexegetical (explanatory “that”) or introduce indirect discourse?
 3. How is the καὶ to be understood (coordinative [and], adjunctive [also, or ascensive [even] or adversative [but]]?)
 4. Should the nominative ψεύστης be read as a subject or predicate nominative?
 5. How is the γάρ to be understood (causal [because]; explanatory [for, namely] or inferential [therefore])?
 6. What is the subject of δύναται?
 7. What kind of infinitive is ἀγαπᾶν (articular or complementary) in relation to the verb δύναται?

4:21 καὶ ταύτην τὴν ἐντολὴν ἔχομεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ,
 ἵνα ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν θεὸν ἀγαπᾷ καὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ.

Parsing

ἔχομεν

ἀγαπῶν

ἀγαπᾷ

Translation**Questions**

1. What does the sentence initial *καὶ* signify (coordinative [and], adjunctive ascensive [even] or thematic continuity)?
2. *ἀπ'* *αὐτοῦ* should be understood as separation or source?
3. How do you understand *ἵνα* (purpose [in order that]; result [with the result that]; or epexegetical [that])?
4. How is the second *καὶ* to be understood (coordinative [and], adjunctive [also, or ascensive [even] or adversative [but]])?
5. What kind of participial usage is *ἀγαπῶν* (attributive, predicate or substantival)?

1 John 5

1 Πᾶς ὁ πιστεύων ὅτι Ἰησοῦς ἐστὶν ὁ χριστὸς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ γεγέννηται, καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν γεννήσαντα ἀγαπᾷ τὸν γεγεννημένον ἐξ αὐτοῦ.

2 ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἀγαπῶμεν τὰ τέκνα τοῦ θεοῦ, ὅταν τὸν θεὸν ἀγαπῶμεν καὶ τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ ποιῶμεν·

3 αὕτη γάρ ἐστιν ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ ἵνα τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ τηρῶμεν, καὶ αἱ ἐντολαὶ αὐτοῦ βαρεῖαι οὐκ εἰσίν,

4 ὅτι πᾶν τὸ γεγεννημένον ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ νικᾷ τὸν κόσμον· καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ νίκη ἡ νικήσασα τὸν κόσμον, ἡ πίστις ἡμῶν·

5 τίς ἐστιν [δὲ] ὁ νικῶν τὸν κόσμον εἰ μὴ ὁ πιστεύων ὅτι Ἰησοῦς ἐστὶν ὁ νίὸς τοῦ θεοῦ

6 Οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ ἔλθων δι' ὄντος καὶ αἵματος, Ἰησοῦς Χριστός: οὐκ ἐν τῷ ὄντι μόνον ἀλλ' ἐν τῷ ὄντι καὶ ἐν τῷ αἵματι· καὶ τὸ πνεῦμα ἐστιν τὸ μαρτυροῦν, ὅτι τὸ πνεῦμα ἐστιν ἡ ἀλήθεια.

7 ὅτι τρεῖς εἰσὶν οἱ μαρτυροῦντες,

8 τὸ πνεῦμα καὶ τὸ ὄντος καὶ τὸ αἷμα, καὶ οἱ τρεῖς εἰς τὸ ἔν εἰσιν.

9 εἰ τὴν μαρτυρίαν τῶν ἀνθρώπων λαμβάνομεν, ἡ μαρτυρία τοῦ θεοῦ μείζων ἐστίν, ὅτι αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ μαρτυρία τοῦ θεοῦ ὅτι μεμαρτύρηκεν περὶ τοῦ νίοῦ αὐτοῦ.

10 ὁ πιστεύων εἰς τὸν νίον τοῦ θεοῦ ἔχει τὴν μαρτυρίαν ἐν αὐτῷ: ὁ μὴ πιστεύων τῷ θεῷ ψεύστην πεποίηκεν αὐτόν, ὅτι οὐ πεπίστευκεν εἰς τὴν μαρτυρίαν ἣν μεμαρτύρηκεν ὁ θεὸς περὶ τοῦ νίοῦ αὐτοῦ.

11 καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ μαρτυρία, ὅτι ζωὴν αἰώνιον ἔδωκεν ὁ θεὸς ἡμῖν, καὶ αὕτη ἡ ζωὴ ἐν τῷ νίῳ αὐτοῦ ἐστίν.

12 ὁ ἔχων τὸν νίον ἔχει τὴν ζωήν: ὁ μὴ ἔχων τὸν νίον τοῦ θεοῦ τὴν ζωὴν οὐκ ἔχει.

13 Ταῦτα ἔγραψα ὑμῖν ἵνα εἰδῆτε ὅτι ζωὴν ἔχετε αἰώνιον, τοῖς πιστεύουσιν εἰς τὸ ὄνομα τοῦ υἱοῦ τοῦ θεοῦ.

14 καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ παρρησία ἣν ἔχομεν πρὸς αὐτόν, ὅτι ἐάν τι αἰτώμεθα κατὰ τὸ θέλημα αὐτοῦ ἀκούει ἡμῶν.

15 καὶ ἐὰν οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἀκούει ἡμῶν ὃ ἐὰν αἰτώμεθα, οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἔχομεν τὰ αἰτήματα ἢ ητήκαμεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ.

16 Ἐάν τις ἴδῃ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἀμαρτάνοντα ἀμαρτίαν μὴ πρὸς θάνατον, αἰτήσει, καὶ δώσει αὐτῷ ζωήν, τοῖς ἀμαρτάνουσιν μὴ πρὸς θάνατον. ἔστιν ἀμαρτία πρὸς θάνατον: οὐ περὶ ἐκείνης λέγω ἵνα ἐρωτήσῃ.

17 πᾶσα ἀδικία ἀμαρτία ἐστίν, καὶ ἔστιν ἀμαρτία οὐ πρὸς θάνατον.

18 Οἴδαμεν ὅτι πᾶς ὁ γεγεννημένος ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ οὐχ ἀμαρτάνει, ἀλλ᾽ ὁ γεννηθεὶς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ τηρεῖ αὐτόν, καὶ ὁ πονηρὸς οὐχ ἄπτεται αὐτοῦ.

19 οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐσμέν, καὶ ὁ κόσμος ὅλος ἐν τῷ πονηρῷ κεῖται.

20 οἴδαμεν δὲ ὅτι ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ θεοῦ ἥκει, καὶ δέδωκεν ἡμῖν διάνοιαν ἵνα γινώσκομεν τὸν ἀληθινόν: καὶ ἐσμεν ἐν τῷ ἀληθινῷ, ἐν τῷ υἱῷ αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦ Χριστῷ. οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ ἀληθινὸς θεὸς καὶ ζωὴ αἰώνιος.

21 Τεκνία, φυλάξατε ἑαυτὰ ἀπὸ τῶν εἰδώλων.

Name _____
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5:1 Πᾶς ὁ πιστεύων ὅτι Ἰησοῦς ἐστὶν ὁ χριστὸς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ
 γεγέννηται, καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἀγαπῶν τὸν γεννήσαντα
 ἀγαπᾷ τὸν γεγενημένον ἐξ αὐτοῦ.

Parsing

πιστεύων	_____
ἐστιν	_____
γεγέννηται	_____
ἀγαπῶν	_____
γεννήσαντα	_____ „
ἀγαπᾷ	_____
γεγενημένον	_____

Translation

Questions

1. What is the subject of the verb γεγέννηται?
2. What is the function of the ὅτι causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?
3. Is ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ source or separation?
4. What role does the perfect tense play in the verb γεγέννηται here?
5. To whom does the γεννήσαντα refer? To whom does the γεγενημένον refer?
 Is there any significance on the tense shift from aorist to perfect?
6. What role does the [καὶ] play (coordinative [and], adjunctive [also], ascensive [even] or thematic continuity)?
7. Bible Works, ὁ πιστεύων click search. Huge in John (only rarely in Acts (2x), Romans (2x) 1 Pet (1x); while in John (15x); in 1 John 5 (4x)
 More than that: ὁ πιστεύων + εἰς only in John 3:36 and 1 John 5 + ἔχει
 While Romans has ὁ πιστεύων + επι (eis only found in John+ 1 John)
 Same for γεγενημένον only here in 1 Jn 5:1 and John 3:6.
 Compare also ὁ ἀγαπῶν with John 14:21 father/son loving back and forth

5:2 ἐν τούτῳ γινώσκομεν ὅτι ἀγαπῶμεν τὰ τέκνα τοῦ θεοῦ,
ὅταν τὸν θεὸν ἀγαπῶμεν καὶ τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ ποιῶμεν·

Parsing

γινώσκομεν

ἀγαπῶμεν

ἀγαπῶμεν

ποιῶμεν

Translation**Questions**

1. How do you understand the *ἐν τούτῳ* (cause [because of]; instrumental [by] or temporal [while/during])? Is the *τούτῳ* anaphoric or cataphoric and to what does it point?
2. What is the function of the *ὅτι* causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?
3. What kind of genitive is found in *τὰ τέκνα τοῦ θεοῦ* (objective, subjective, descriptive or relationship)?
4. How did you know that the first *ἀγαπῶμεν* was indicative and the second *ἀγαπῶμεν* subjunctive when the forms are exactly the same?
5. When *ὅταν* is called epexegetical to *τούτῳ* what does that mean?
6. If the manuscript evidence is split between reading *ποιῶμεν* and *τηρῶμεν* why was *ποιῶμεν* picked?

5:3 αὕτη γάρ ἐστιν ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ ἵνα τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ τηρῶμεν, καὶ αἱ ἐντολαὶ αὐτοῦ βαρεῖαι οὐκ εἰσίν,

Hard Words

βαρύς heavy, hard, difficult (adj)

Parsing

ἐστιν

τηρῶμεν

εἰσίν

Translation

Questions

1. Is αὕτη anaphoric or cataphoric and to what does it point?
2. What type of genitive is ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ (objective or subjective)?
3. ἵνα is said to be an epexegetical comment on αὕτη. What does that mean?
4. According to this verse how does one love God?

5:4 ὅτι πᾶν τὸ γεγεννημένον ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ νικᾷ τὸν κόσμον·
καὶ αὕτη ἔστιν ἡ νίκη ἡ νικήσασα τὸν κόσμον, ἡ πίστις ἡμῶν·

Hard Words

νικάω	I conquer, overcome (v)
νίκη, -ης, ἡ	victory (n)

Parsing

γεγεννημένον	_____
νικᾷ	_____
ἔστιν	_____
νικήσασα	_____

Translation

Questions

1. What is the function of the ὅτι causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?
2. Why the switch to the neuter in πᾶν?
3. How do you translate ἡ νίκη ἡ νικήσασα?
4. Is αὕτη anaphoric or cataphoric and to what does it point?
5. What is the relationship of ἡ νίκη to ἡ νικήσασας τὸν κόσμον (attributive or appositional)?

5:5 τίς ἔστιν [δὲ] ὁ νικῶν τὸν κόσμον εἰ μὴ ὁ πιστεύων ὅτι Ἰησοῦς
ἔστιν ὁ νιὸς τοῦ θεοῦ

Parsing

ἔστιν
νικῶν
πιστεύων

Translation**Questions**

1. What is the function of the rhetorical question here?
2. What idiomatic translation is given to εἰ μή?
3. What is the function of the ὅτι causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?

Do a BW search on the lemma of νικάω.

ὁ νικῶν τὸν κόσμον only other place where νικάω + τὸν κόσμον

found: 1 John 5:4 and John 16:33

lemma occurs 28x: 17 times in Rev. 6x in 1 John, 1x in John; = 24x
3x in Rom. 1x in Luke. (contexts very different)

5:6 Οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ ἔλθων δι' ὕδατος καὶ αἵματος,
 Ἰησοῦς Χριστός: οὐκ ἐν τῷ ὕδατι μόνον
 ἀλλ ἐν τῷ ὕδατι καὶ ἐν τῷ αἵματι·
 καὶ τὸ πνεῦμά ἐστιν τὸ μαρτυροῦν,
 ὅτι τὸ πνεῦμα ἐστιν ἡ ἀλήθεια.

Parsing

ἐστιν

ἔλθων

μαρτυροῦν

Translation**Questions**

1. Is the *ou\$toj* anaphoric or cataphoric and to whom does it point?
2. How do you understand δι' ὕδατος spatial, agency (by) or means? What is the difference between agency/instrumental and means?
3. What is a metonymy and what does it mean here?
4. What role do the repeated *èv*'s play in this verse (instrumental [by], cause [because of], temporal[while])?
5. What is the function of the *òti* causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?

5:7 ὅτι τρεῖς εἰσὶν οἱ μαρτυροῦντες,

Hard Words

τρεῖς three (adj)

Parsing

εἰσὶν

μαρτυροῦντες

Translation

Questions

1. What is the function of the ὅτι causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?
2. What options are available in the text critical apparatus and how would you weigh these? This is called the Johannine Comma.
What option did the KJV translators take? Why is this option which so clearly teaches the trinity rejected? What is the manuscript evidence? What support or lack of support is found in the church fathers?
3. How would you translate the Johannine Comma: μαρτυροῦντες ἐν τῷ οὐρανῷ,
οἱ πατὴρ οἱ λόγος καὶ τὸ ἄγιον πνεῦμα, καὶ οὗτοι οἱ τρεῖς ἐν εἰσιν. 8. Καὶ τρεῖς
εἰσεν οἱ μαρτυροῦντες ἐν τῇ γῇ, τὸ πνεῦμα καὶ τὸ ὄντος καὶ τὸ αἷμα

5:8 τὸ πνεῦμα καὶ τὸ ὄδωρ καὶ τὸ αἷμα, καὶ οἱ τρεῖς εἰς τὸ ἐν εἰσιν.

Parsing
εἰσιν

Translation

Questions

1. εἰς is used as a substitute for a predicate modifier of equivalence. What does that mean here? (X=Y) How would that be understood differently if taken as indicating a goal?

5:9 εἰ τὴν μαρτυρίαν τῶν ἀνθρώπων λαμβάνομεν,
 ἡ μαρτυρία τοῦ θεοῦ μείζων ἐστίν,
 ὅτι αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ μαρτυρία τοῦ θεοῦ
 ὅτι μεμαρτύρηκεν περὶ τοῦ νίοῦ αὐτοῦ.

Parsing

λαμβάνομεν

ἐστίν

μεμαρτύρηκεν

Translation**Questions**

1. What type of genitive is $\tauῶν$ ἀνθρώπων and $\tauοῦ$ θεοῦ (objective or subjective)?
2. What is the function of the first $\circ\tau\imath$ causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?
3. What is the function of the $\circ\tau\imath$ causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?
4. Is the $\alpha\circ\tau\imath$ anaphoric or kataphoric? To what does it point?

BW search on :

μαρτυρίαν : 19x in NT: Jn = 6x; 1 Jn 3x; Rev. = 7x = 16x total

3x elsewhere in NT

μαρτυρία : 15x in NT: 8x in John, 3x in 1 Jn; 1x in 3 Jn, 1x in Rev.

2x elsewhere in NT:

μεμαρτύρηκεν 5x in NT: Jn = 3x; 1 Jn 2x; no where else in NT.

5:10 ὁ πιστεύων εἰς τὸν νίον τοῦ θεοῦ ἔχει τὴν μαρτυρίαν ἐν αὐτῷ·
 ὁ μὴ πιστεύων τῷ θεῷ ψεύστην πεποίηκεν αὐτόν,
 ὅτι οὐ πεπίστευκεν εἰς τὴν μαρτυρίαν ἣν μεμαρτύρηκεν
 ὁ θεὸς περὶ τοῦ νίου αὐτοῦ.

Parsing

πιστεύων

ἔχει

πεποίηκεν

πεπίστευκεν

μεμαρτύρηκεν

Translation**Questions**

1. What phrase is used to mark the object of belief?
2. Is ὅτι causal or complementary?
3. Where have we seen before this “making God a liar”?
4. What kind of binary structure is +/- is seen here once again?

5:11 καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ μαρτυρία,
 ὅτι ζωὴν αἰώνιον ἔδωκεν ὁ θεὸς ἡμῖν,
 καὶ αὕτη ἡ ζωὴ ἐν τῷ υἱῷ αὐτοῦ ἐστίν.

Parsing

ἐστὶν
 ἔδωκεν

Translation**Questions**

1. Is αὕτη anaphoric or cataphoric and to what does it point?
2. How big of a concept is “life” in our culture?
3. Is ὅτι causal or clausal complement, or epexegetical?
4. What type of dative is ἡμῖν (instrument, indirect object)?

5:12 ὁ ἔχων τὸν νίὸν ἔχει τὴν ζωήν·
οὐ μὴ ἔχων τὸν νίὸν τοῦ θεοῦ τὴν ζωὴν οὐκ ἔχει.

Parsing

ἔχων

ἔχει

Translation**Questions**

1. What kind of binary structure is +/- is seen here once again?
2. In what sense do we “have” the son?
3. Is the participle ἔχων to be taken as attributive, predicate or substantive?

Name _____
 Greek II: 1 John 5:13-21

Box _____
 Date _____

5:13 Ταῦτα ἔγραψα ὑμῖν ἵνα εἰδῆτε ὅτι ζωὴν ἔχετε αἰώνιον,
 τοῖς πιστεύουσιν εἰς τὸ ὄνομα τοῦ νίοῦ τοῦ θεοῦ.

Parsing

ἔγραψα	_____
εἰδῆτε	_____
ἔχετε	_____
πιστεύουσιν	_____

Translation

Questions

1. How would you compare 1 Jn 5:13 and Jn 20:31?
2. How is the dative τοῖς πιστεύουσιν to be understood in relationship to the ὑμῖν (appositional, complementary, or instrumental)?
3. What other purpose statements in the book reveal the author's reason for writing?

5:14 καὶ αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ παρρησία ἡν̄ ἔχομεν πρὸς αὐτόν,
ὅτι ἔάν τι αἰτώμεθα κατὰ τὸ θέλημα αὐτοῦ ἀκούει ἡμῶν.

Hard Words

<i>παρρησία</i>	confidence
<i>αἰτέω</i>	I ask

Parsing

ἐστὶν	_____
ἔχομεν	_____
αἰτώμεθα	_____
ἀκούει	_____

Translation

Questions

1. Is αὕτη anaphoric or cataphoric and to what does it point?
2. How is κατὰ τὸ θέλημα to be understood (temporal (during); purpose (for the purpose of); or standard (in accordance with))?
3. Why is the middle used in αἰτώμεθα?
4. What type of role does the genitive ἡμῶν play (possessive, separation, object of verb)?

5:15 καὶ ἐὰν οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἀκούει ἡμῶν ὁ ἐὰν αἰτώμεθα,
οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἔχομεν τὰ αἰτήματα ἢ ἡτήκαμεν ἀπ' αὐτοῦ.

Hard Words

αἰτημα requests

Parsing

οἴδαμεν

ἀκούει

αἰτώμεθα

ἔχομεν

ἡτήκαμεν

Translation**Questions**

1. Why is this third class condition different than most and what is the point?
2. What type of role does the genitive ἡμῶν play (possessive, separation, object of verb)?
3. What is the role of ἀπ' αὐτοῦ (separation, source or cause)?
4. How does the present tense αἰτώμεθα and the perfect tense ἡτήκαμεν work together in this sentence?

5:16 Ἐάν τις ἴδῃ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἀμαρτάνοντα ἀμαρτίαν
 μὴ πρὸς θάνατον,
 αἰτήσει, καὶ δώσει αὐτῷ ζωήν, τοῖς ἀμαρτάνουσιν μὴ πρὸς θάνατον.
 ἔστιν ἀμαρτία πρὸς θάνατον· οὐ περὶ ἐκείνης λέγω ἵνα ἐρωτήσῃ.

Parsing

ἴδῃ	_____
ἀμαρτάνοντα	_____
αἰτήσει	_____
δώσει	_____
ἀμαρτάνουσιν	_____
ἔστιν	_____
λέγω	_____
ἐρωτησῃ	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. What is the function of the third class condition?
2. What is a cognate accusative and what is a possible example here?
3. The preposition *πρὸς* focuses attention on the beginning, middle or end of an event?
 Does it focus on the cause or the result?
4. While *αἰτήσει* is a future indicative what is its sense (subjunctive or imperative)?
5. Who is the subject of *δώσει*?
6. What is this sin unto death?
7. Is *ἐκείνης* anaphoric or cataphoric? To what does it point?

5:17 πᾶσα ἀδικία ἄμαρτία ἐστίν,
καὶ ἐστιν ἄμαρτία οὐ πρὸς θάνατον.

Hard Words

ἀδικία wrong, injustice

Parsing

ἐστίν

Translation**Questions**

1. Which is the subject ἀδικία or ἄμαρτία and why?
2. What is the difference between ἀδικία and ἄμαρτία?

5:18 Οἴδαμεν ὅτι πᾶς ὁ γεγεννημένος ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ οὐχ ἀμαρτάνει,
 ἀλλ᾽ ὁ γεννηθεὶς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ τηρεῖ αὐτόν,
 καὶ ὁ πονηρὸς οὐχ ἄπτεται αὐτοῦ.

Hard Words

ἄπτω I light, ignite Mid. touch

Parsing

Οἴδαμεν

γεγεννημένος

ἀμαρτάνει

γεννηθεὶς

τηρεῖ

ἄπτεται

Translation**Questions**

1. Is the ὁ γεννηθεὶς referring to Jesus or the believer?
2. How is αὐτὸν to be understood?
3. What type of role does the genitive αὐτοῦ? play (possessive, separation, object of verb)?
4. Is ἐκ (from) in ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ source or separation?

5:19 οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ ἐσμέν,
καὶ ὁ κόσμος ὅλος ἐν τῷ πονηρῷ κεῖται.

Hard Words

κεῖμαι	I lie, stand
ὅλος	whole

Parsing

οἴδαμεν	_____
ἐσμεν	_____
κεῖται	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. What is the function of the first ὅτι causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?
2. What way should ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ be understood: source, separation, cause?
3. What is the significance of the middle κεῖται (what role does the subject play)?
4. What role does this verse play in our world view?
5. Is the ἐν in ἐν τῷ πονηρῷ temporal, instrumental, or spatial?

5:20 οἴδαμεν δὲ ὅτι ὁ νίὸς τοῦ θεοῦ ἡκει,
 καὶ δέδωκεν ἡμῖν διάνοιαν ἵνα γινώσκομεν τὸν ἀληθινόν·
 καὶ ἐσμεν ἐν τῷ ἀληθινῷ, ἐν τῷ νίῷ αὐτοῦ Ἰησοῦ Χριστῷ.
 οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ ἀληθινὸς θεὸς καὶ ζωὴ αἰώνιος.

Hard Words

ῆκω	I come
διάνοια	mind, understanding

Parsing

οἴδαμεν	_____
ῆκει	_____
δέδωκεν	_____
γινώσκομεν	_____
ἐσμὲν	_____

Translation**Questions**

1. What is the function of the first ὅτι causal (because), complementary (x + that) or epexegetical (that)?
2. Should the δὲ be taken as a coordinating conjunction (and) or a contrastive (but)?
3. Does the ἵνα introduce a purpose (fo the purpose that) or result (with the result that) clause?
4. Does the ἀληθινῷ refer to Jesus or the father? What does Culy mean when he says John often uses trinitarian ambiguity?
5. Is οὗτος anaphoric or cataphoric and to what does it point?

5:21 Τεκνία, φυλάξατε ἑαυτὰ ἀπὸ τῶν εἰδώλων.

Hard Words

φυλάσσω I guard, keep

Parsing

φυλάξατε

Translation**Questions**

1. Is ἀπὸ τῶν εἰδώλων to be understood as separation or source?
2. How do you recognize post-modern idols? How do you recognize personal idols?

Mastering New Testament Greek Vocabulary Builder

Ted Hildebrandt

Baker Academic

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Introduction

This Greek Vocabulary Builder ebook is designed to help you master the vocabulary of the Greek New Testament. After learning the basic grammar of the parts of speech (verbs, nouns, adjectives, pronouns, etc.), vocabulary is the most important content you must master in order to be able to read the New Testament easily.

In the past, the following word lists have been useful to students of New Testament Greek:

- Field, Clyde. *Practical New Testament Greek Vocabularies*. Mims, Fla.: self-published, 1997.
- Metzger, Bruce M. *Lexical Aids for Students of New Testament Greek*, 3d ed. Grand Rapids: Baker, 1997.
- Robinson, Thomas. *Mastering Greek Vocabulary*. Peabody, Mass.: Hendrikson, 1991.
- Trenchard, Warren. *The Student's Complete Guide to the Greek New Testament*. Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1992.

The following word list was built off a word frequency count derived from *Bible Works* 4.0 (Hermeneutica) that is a phenomenal electronic concordancing and exegetical tool for Windows PCs. The definitions were derived from multiple sources in consultation with *A Greek-English Lexicon of the New Testament*, 2d ed., by W. Bauer, W. F. Arndt, F. W. Gingrich, and F. W. Danker (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1979). The definitions were sifted through a pedagogical grid; that is, I chose meanings that could be easily remembered. Though such an approach is justified in a list intended to aid students in memorizing large amounts of vocabulary words, for exegesis and detailed semantic analysis of words, the lexicons and word books should be consulted.

The electronic “Flash card” program is based on this same list and is available on the *Mastering New Testament Greek* CD-ROM under “Greek Vocabulary Builder.” It will drill you interactively on each set of ten words, allowing you to show or hide the English or Greek and to hear the words pronounced.

I am committed to using the power of computers for the glory of God and the good of others in instructional contexts. It is hoped that this will provide an initial model of how digital tools can be harnessed in service of the proclamation of the good news that Jesus was the Son of God who died for our sins so that a good relationship with God and others could be established. The New Testament records the story of his life and the lives of his followers. This is the primary motivation for our wanting to learn Greek.

In Christ’s grace,
Ted

Word	Meaning	Frequency
Set 1		
ό, ἥ, τό	the	19863
καὶ	and, even, also	9018
αὐτός, -ή, -ό	he, she, it (pron.); self, same (adj.)	5596
	auto-matic	
σύ, σοῦ; ύμεῖς, ύμῶν	you (sg.); you (pl.)	2905
δέ	but, and, then	2792
ἐν (Dat.)	in, by, among (Dat.)	2752
	en-code	
ἐγώ, ἐμοῦ; ἡμεῖς, ἡμῶν	I (sg.); we (pl.)	2582
	ego	
εἰμί	I am, occur, live	2462
εἰς (Acc.)	into, toward, to (Acc.)	1767
	eis-egesis (read into a text)	
οὐ	no (question expects yes answer)	1623
Set 2		
ὅς, ᾧ, ὅ	who, which, what	1418
οὗτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο	this; he, she, it (subst.)	1387
λέγω	I say, tell, declare	1329
	eu-logy (speak well)	
θεός,-οῦ, ὁ, ἥ	God, god, goddess	1317
	theo-logy	
ὅτι	that, because, for	1293
πᾶς, πᾶσα, πᾶν	all, every, any	1243
	Pan-American	
μή	not (question expects negative answer)	1042
γάρ	for, so, then	1041
εἶπον	I said	1024
Ἰησοῦς, -οῦ, ὁ	Jesus, Joshua	917
Set 3		
ἐκ	from, out of	914
	ex-pire (breathe out)	
ἐπί (Gen.)	on, over, when (Gen.)	890
	epi-demic (on the people)	
ἐπί (Dat.)	on, in, above (Dat.)	890
ἐπί (Acc.)	across, over to, against (Acc.)	890
ἵνα	in order that, that	779
κύριος, -ου, ὁ	Lord, master, sir	717
ἔχω	I have, wear, keep	708
πρός (Gen.)	for (Gen.)	700
πρός (Dat.)	at, by (Dat.)	700
πρός (Acc.)	toward, to, against (Acc.)	700

Set 4

γίνομαι	I become, am, happen	669
διά (Gen.)	through, during, by (Gen.)	667
	dia-meter	
διά (Acc.)	on account of, because (Acc.)	667
ἀπό (Gen.)	from, of, by (Gen.)	646
	apo-stasy (standing away from)	
ἀλλά	but, except, rather	637
ἔρχομαι	I come, go	632
ποιέω	I do, make	568
	poem (making or creation)	
τίς, τί	who? which? what? why?	554
ἄνθρωπος	man, human, husband	550
	anthrop-ology (study of humankind)	
τὶς, τὶ	someone, something, anyone	532

Set 5

Χριστός, -οῦ, ὁ	Christ, Messiah, Anointed One	529
ὅς	as, that, about	504
εἰ	if, whether	502
οὖν	then, so, therefore	498
κατά (Gen.)	down from, against (Gen.)	473
	cata-pult	
κατά (Acc.)	according to, during (Acc.)	473
μετά (Gen.)	with, against (Gen.)	469
μετά (Acc.)	after, behind (Acc.)	469
	meta-phor (to carry beyond)	
ἀκούω	I hear, understand, learn	428
	acoustics	
πολύς, πολλή, πολύ	many, much, great	416

Set 6

δίδωμι	I give, entrust, yield	415
	anti-dote	
πατήρ, πατρός, ὁ	father, ancestor	413
	patristic (church fathers)	
ἡμέρα, -ας, ἡ	day, daylight, time	389
πνεῦμα, -ατος, τό	spirit, Spirit, wind, breath	379
	pneumonia (problem breathing)	
υἱός, -οῦ, ὁ	son, descendant	377
εἷς, μία, ἕν	one, single, someone	345
ἀδελφός, -οῦ, ὁ	brother, member	343
	Phil-adelphia (brotherly love)	
ἢ	or, than	343
εἶδον (όράω)	I saw, perceived	341

έάν	if, when	333
-----	----------	-----

Set 7

περί (Gen.)	concerning, about (Gen.)	333
περί (Acc.)	around (Acc.)	333
λόγος, -ου, ὁ	peri-meter word, Word, statement	330
έαυτοῦ, -ῆς, -οῦ	logo, logic of himself, of herself, of itself	319
οἶδα	I know, understand	318
λαλέω	I speak, say	296
οὐρανός, -οῦ, ὁ	glosso-lalia (speak in tongues) heaven, sky, God	273
μαθητής, -οῦ, ὁ	uranium disciple, apprentice	261
λαμβάνω	I take, receive, seize	258
γῆ, γῆς, ἡ	earth, land, region	250
	geo-graphy	

Set 8

ἐκεῖνος, -η, -ο	that (one)	243
μέγας, μεγάλη, μέγα	large, great	243
πίστις, -εως, ἡ	mega-byte	
πιστεύω	faith, belief, trust	243
οὐδείς, οὐδεμία, οὐδέν	I believe (in), have faith (in)	241
ἄγιος, -α, -ον	no one, none, nothing	234
ἀποκρίνομαι	holy, consecrated, saints (pl.)	233
ὄνομα, ἄτος, τό	I answer, reply	231
γινώσκω	name, title, reputation	230
ὑπό (Gen.)	I know, learn, realize	222
	by (Gen.)	220

Set 9

ὑπό (Acc.)	under (Acc.)	220
ἐξέρχομαι	hypo-dermic (under the skin)	
ἀνήρ, ἀνδρός, ὁ	I go out	218
γυνή, -αικός, ἡ	man, husband, someone	216
τέ	poly-andry (many husbands)	
δύναμαι	woman, wife	215
θέλω	gynec-ology	
οὕτως	and, so	215
ἰδού	I am powerful, am able	210
	dyna-mic	
	I will, wish, desire	208
	thus, so, in this manner	208
	behold! see! consider!	200

Ἰουδαῖος, -αία, -αιον	Jewish (adj.), Jew (noun)	195
Set 10		
εἰσέρχομαι	I come in, go in, enter	194
νόμος, -ου, ὁ	law, Law, principle	194
παρά (Gen.)	from (Gen.)	194
παρά (Dat.)	beside, with (Dat.)	194
παρά (Acc.)	alongside of (Acc.)	194
γράφω	para-medic	
κόσμος,-ου, ὁ	I write	191
καθώς	world, universe, humankind	186
μέν	cosmo-logy, cosmic	
χείρ, χειρός, ἡ	as, even as	182
	indeed, on the one hand	178
	hand, arm, power	177
Set 11		
εύρισκω	I find	176
ἄγγελος, -ου, ὁ	heuristic	
ὄχλος, -ου, ὁ	angel, messenger	175
ἀμαρτία, -ας, ἡ	angel	
ἔργον, -ου, τό	crowd, multitude	175
ἄν	sin	173
δόξα, -ης, ἡ	harmarti-ology (study of sin)	
πόλις, -εως, ἡ	work, deed	169
βασιλεία, -ας, ἡ	ergo-nomics (study of work equipment design)	
ἔθνος, -ους, τό	(untranslated contingency particle)	166
	glory	166
	dox-ology	
	city	163
	Indiana-polis	
	kingdom	162
	basilica	
	nation, heathen/Gentiles (pl.)	162
Set 12		
τότε	then, at that time	160
ἐσθίω	I eat	158
Παῦλος, -ου, ὁ	Paul	158
καρδία, -ας, ἡ	heart, mind	156
	cardiac	
Πέτρος, -ου, ὁ	Peter	156
πρῶτος, -η, -ον	first, earlier	155
χάρις, -ιτος, ἡ	proto-type	
	grace, favor, kindness	155

ἄλλος, -η, -ο	other, another	154
	alle-gory	
πορεύομαι	I go, live	153
ἵστημι	I stand, set	153

Set 13

ὑπέρ (Gen.)	in behalf of, for (Gen.)	150
ὑπέρ (Acc.)	above (Acc.)	150
	hyper-active	
καλέω	I call, invite	148
νῦν	now	147
σάρξ, σαρκός, ἡ	flesh, body	147
	sarco-phagus	
ἕως	until (conj.)	146
ἕως (Gen.)	until, as far as (improper prep.; Gen.)	146
ἐγείρω	I raise up, restore, wake	144
προφήτης, -ου, ὁ	prophet	144
ὅστις, ἥτις, ὅτι	whoever, whatever, whichever	144

Set 14

ἀγαπάω	I love	143
ἀφίημι	I permit, let go, forgive	143
οὐδέ	and not, not even, neither, nor	143
λαός, -ου, ὁ	people, crowd	142
	laity	
σῶμα, -ατος, τό	body	142
	somatic	
πάλιν	again	141
	palimpsest (written again manuscript)	
ζάω	I live	140
Ἱεροσόλυμα, τά/ἡ	Jerusalem	139
φωνή, -ῆς, ἡ	sound, voice, noise	139
	phono-graph, phon-etics	
δύο	two	135
	dual, dualism	

Set 15

ζωή, -ής, ἡ	life	135
	zoology	
Ἰωάννης, -ου, ὁ	John	135
ἀποστέλλω	I send, send out	132
βλέπω	I see, look at	132
ἀμήν	truly, amen, let it be so	129
νεκρός, -ά, -όν	dead; dead person (subst.)	128
	necro-polis (city of the dead)	
σύν (Dat.)	with (Dat.)	128

δοῦλος, -ου, ὁ	servant, slave	124
ὅταν	whenever	123
αιών, -ῶνος, ὁ	age, eternity	122
	aeon	

Set 16

ἀρχιερεύς, -έως, ὁ	high priest, chief priest	122
βάλλω	I throw, put	122
	ballistics	
θάνατος, -ου, ὁ	death	120
	thanato-logy (study of death)	
δύναμις, -εως, ἡ	power, miracle	119
	dynamite	
παραδίδωμι	I hand over, betray, entrust	119
μένω	I remain, stay, live	118
ἀπέρχομαι	I depart	117
ζητέω	I seek, desire, request	117
ἀγάπη, -ης, ἡ	love	116
βασιλεὺς, -έως, ὁ	king	115

Set 17

ἐκκλησία, -ας, ἡ	church, congregation, assembly	114
	ecclesi-ology (study of the church)	
ἴδιος, ἀ, -ον	one's own, belonging to one	114
	idio-syncrasy, idiomatic	
κρίνω	I judge, decide	114
	critic	
μόνος, -η, -ον	only, alone	114
	monologue, monopoly	
οἶκος, -ου, ὁ	house	114
ὄράω	I see	113
	pan-orama (see all)	
ἀποθνήσκω	I die	111
ὅσος, -η, -ον	as great as, as many as	110
ἀλήθεια, -ας, ἡ	truth	109
μέλλω	I am about to	109

Set 18

ὅλος, -η, -ον	whole (adj.); entirely (adv.)	109
	holo-caust	
παρακαλέω	I call, urge, exhort, console	109
ἀνίστημι	I raise, cause to rise	108
σώζω	I save, rescue	106
ὥρα, -ας, ἡ	hour, time	106
ψυχή, -ῆς, ἡ	soul, person, self	109

ὅτε	psych-ology	
ἀγαθός, -ή, -όν	when, while	103
	good	102
	Agatha	
ἐξουσία, -ας, ἡ	authority, power, jurisdiction	102
καλός, -ή, -όν	beautiful, good	102
	kaleidoscope (see beautiful)	

Set 19

πῶς	how?	102
αἴρω	I take up, take away, raise	101
δεῖ	it is necessary,	101
όδός, -οῦ, ἡ	way, road, journey	101
ἄλληλων	one another	100
όφθαλμός, -οῦ, ὁ	eye, sight	100
	ophthalmo-logy	
τίθημι	I put, place, set	100
	antithesis (set against)	
τέκνον,-ου, τό	child, descendant	99
ἕτερος, -α, -ον	other, another	98
	heterosexual	
Φαρισαῖος, -ου, ὁ	Pharisee	98

Set 20

αἷμα, -ατος, τό	blood	97
	anaemia	
ἄρτος, -ου, ὁ	bread, food	97
γεννάω	I give birth to, produce	97
	generation	
διδάσκω	I teach	97
	didactic	
ἔκει	there	95
περιπατέω	I walk, live	95
	peripatetics	
φοβέομαι	I fear	95
	phobia	
ἐνώπιον (Gen.)	before (Gen.)	94
τόπος, -ου, ὁ	place	94
	topography	
ἔτι	still, yet, even	93

Set 21

οἰκία, -ας, ἡ	house	93
πούς, ποδός, ὁ	foot	93
δικαιοσύνη, -ης, ἡ	podium, monopod	
	righteousness, justice	92

εἰρήνη, -ης, ἡ	peace	92
θάλασσα, -ης, ἡ	sea	91
κάθημαι	I sit, live	91
ἀκολουθέω	I follow, accompany	90
ἀπόλλυμι	acolyte (follows a priest)	
μηδείς, μηδεμία, μηδέν	I destroy, ruin; I die (Mid.)	90
πίπτω	no one, nobody, nothing	90
	I fall	90

Set 22

έπτά	seven	88
οῦτε	heptagon (seven sided figure)	
ἄρχω	and not, neither, nor	87
	I rule; begin (usually Mid.)	86
πληρόω	archbishop	
προσέρχομαι	I fill, finish, fulfill	86
καιρός,-οῦ, ὁ	I come to, I go to	86
προσεύχομαι	time (appointed), season	85
κάγω	I pray	85
μήτηρ, μητρός, ἡ	and I, I also	84
ώστε	mother	83
	therefore, so that, in order that	83

Set 23

ἀναβαίνω	I go up, ascend	82
ἕκαστος, -η, -ον	each, every	82
ὅπου	where, since	82
ἐκβάλλω	I cast out	81
καταβαίνω	I go down, descend	81
μᾶλλον	more, rather	81
ἀπόστολος, -ου, ὁ	apostle, messenger	80
Μωϋσῆς, -έως, ὁ	Moses	80
δίκαιος, -α, -ον	righteous, just, upright	79
πέμπω	I send	79

Set 24

ύπάγω	I go away, go, depart	79
πονηρός, -ά, -όν	evil, bad, sick	78
στόμα, -ατος, τό	mouth	78
	stomach	
ἀνοίγω	I open	77
βαπτίζω	I baptize	77
	baptize	
σημεῖον, -ου, τό	sign, miracle	77
ἐμός, -ή, -όν	my, mine	76
εὐαγγέλιον, -ου, τό	good news, gospel	76

μαρτυρέω	evangelical I testify, bear witness	76
πρόσωπον, -ου, τό	martyr face, appearance, person	76

Set 25

ὕδωρ, -ατος, τό	water	76
δώδεκα	twelve	75
κεφαλή, -ῆς, ἡ	head	75
Σίμων, -ωνος, ὁ	Simon	75
ἀποκτείνω	I kill	74
χαίρω	I rejoice	74
Ἄβραάμ, ὁ	Abraham	73
πίνω	I drink	73
Φῶς, φωτός, τό	light	73
αἰώνιος, -ον	photo-graphy eternal	71
	aeon	

Set 26

ἱερόν, -οῦ, τό	temple	71
πῦρ, -ός, τό	hierarchy	
αἰτέω	fire	71
τηρέω	I ask	70
ἄγω	I keep, guard	70
τρεῖς, τρία	I lead, bring, arrest	69
	three	69
	tri-angle	
Ἰσραήλ, ὁ	Israel	68
ῥῆμα, -ατος, τό	word, saying, thing	68
	rhetoric	
σάββατον, -ου, τό	Sabbath	68
ἐντολή, -ῆς, ἡ	commandment, order	67

Set 27

πιστός, -ή, -όν	faithful, trusting	67
πλοῖον, -ου, τό	boat	67
ἀπολύω	I release, divorce	66
καρπός, -οῦ, ὁ	fruit, crop	66
πρεσβύτερος, -α, -ον	elder	66
	presbyterian	
φέρω	I bear, carry, endure	66
	Christo-pher (bearing Christ)	
φημί	I say	66
εἴτε	if, whether	65
γραμματεύς, -έως, ὁ	scribe	63

δαιμόνιον, -ου, τό	grammar demon, evil spirit	63
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Set 28

ἔξω	without (adv.)	63
ἔξω (Gen.)	outside (prep.; Gen.)	63
ἐρωτάω	I ask, request	63
ὄρος, -ους, τό	mountain, hill	63
δοκέω	I think, suppose, seem	62
	Docetism (Christ merely seemed human)	
θέλημα, -ατος, τό	will, wish, desire	62
θρόνος,-ου, ὁ	throne	62
	throne	
ἀγαπητός, -ή, -ον	beloved	61
Γαλιλαία, -ας, ἡ	Galilee	61
δοξάζω	I praise, glorify	61
	doxo-logy	

Set 29

ἡδη	now, already	61
κηρύσσω	I proclaim, preach	61
νύξ, νυκτός, ἡ	night	61
ῶδε	here, hither	61
ἱμάτιον, -ου, τό	garment	60
προσκυνέω	I worship	60
ὑπάρχω	I am, exist	60
ἀσπάζομαι	I greet, salute	59
Δαυίδ, ὁ	David	59
διδάσκαλος, -ου, ὁ	teacher	59

Set 30

εὐθύς	immediately	59
λίθος, -ου, ὁ	stone	59
συνάγω	I gather together, invite	59
	synagogue	
χαρά, -ᾶς, ἡ	joy, delight	59
θεωρέω	I look at, see	58
	theory	
μέσος,-η, -ον	middle	58
	Meso-potamia (middle of the rivers)	
τοιοῦτος, -αύτη, -οῦτον	such, such as this	57
δέχομαι	I take, receive	56
ἐπερωτάω	I ask, question	56
μηδέ	but not, nor, not even	56

Set 31

συναγωγή, -ῆς, ἡ	synagogue	56
τρίτος, -η, -ον	third	56
ἀρχή, -ῆς, ἡ	beginning, ruler archaic	55
κράζω	I cry out	55
λοιπός, -ή, -όν	remaining (adj.); the rest (noun)	55
Πιλᾶτος, -ου, ό	Pilate	55
δεξιός, -ά, -όν	right (hand)	54
εὐαγγελίζω	I proclaim, preach good news evangelize	54
οὐχί	not, no (question expects yes answer)	54
χρόνος, -ου, ό	time	54
	chrono-logy	

Set 32

διό	therefore, for this reason	53
ἐλπίς, -ίδος, ἡ	hope	53
ὅπως	how, that, in order that	53
ἐπαγγελία, -ας, ἡ	promise	52
ἔσχατος, -η, -ον	last, end	52
παιδίον, -ου, τό	eschato-logy (study of the end times)	
πείθω	child, infant	52
σπείρω	I persuade, convince	52
σοφία, -ας, ἡ	I sow (seed)	52
	wisdom	51
	philo-sophy (love of wisdom)	
γλῶσσα, -ης, ἡ	language, tongue	50
	glosso-lalia (speaking in tongues)	

Set 33

γραφή, -ῆς, ἡ	writing, Scripture	50
κακός, -ή, -όν	graphics	
μαράριος, -α, -ον	bad, evil	50
παραβολή, -ῆς, ἡ	caco-phony (bad sound)	
τυφλός, -ή, -όν	blessed, happy, fortunate	50
ἄρα	(macarism is a beatitude or blessing)	
ἄχρι / ἄχρις (Gen.)	parable	50
ἄχρι / ἄχρις	blind person	50
ἔτος, -ους, τό	so, then, therefore	49
παραλαμβάνω	as far as (prep.; Gen.)	49
	until (conj.)	49
	year	49
	I take, receive, accept	49

Set 34

φανερόω	I reveal, make known	49
χρεία, -ας, ἡ	a need,	49
ἀποδίδωμι	I give back, pay	48
ἔμπροσθεν (Gen.)	in front of, before (Gen.)	48
ἔρημος, -ον	deserted (adj.); desert (noun)	48
ποῦ	hermit	
ἀμαρτωλός, -όν	where? whither?	48
κρατέω	sinful (adj.); sinner (noun)	47
κρίσις, -εως, ἡ	I grasp, attain	47
οὐκέτι	judgment, condemnation	47
	crisis	
	no longer	47

Set 35

πρό (Gen.)	before (Gen.)	47
προσφέρω	pro-gress	
φόβος, -ου, ὁ	I bring to, offer	47
φυλακή, -ῆς, ἡ	fear, terror	47
θηρίον, -ου, τό	phobia	
καθίζω	a guard, prison	47
μικρός, -ά, -όν	wild beast	46
οὐαί	I seat, sit	46
σταυρόω	cathedral	
σωτηρία, -ας, ἡ	small, little	46
	micro-biology	
	woe, alas	46
	I crucify	46
	salvation	46
	soteriology (study of salvation)	

Set 36

ἀπαγγέλλω	I announce, report	45
διώκω	I pursue, persecute	45
θλῖψις, -εως, ἡ	trouble, oppression	45
ναός, -οῦ, ὁ	temple	45
ὅμοιος, -α, -ον	like, similar	45
ἐπιγινώσκω	homonym (sounds the same: their/there)	
Ἰούδας, -α, ὁ	I come to know, recognize	44
κατοικέω	Judas, Judah	44
ἀμαρτάνω	I live, dwell, inhabit	44
γενεά, -ᾶς, ἡ	I sin	43
	generation, family, race	43
	genea-logy	

Set 37

δεύτερος, -α, -ον	second	43
	Deuteronomy (second law)	
δέω	I tie, bind	43
	dia-dem	
διέρχομαι	I pass through	43
Ἡρώδης, -ου, ὁ	Herod	43
θαυμάζω	I wonder, marvel	43
θεραπεύω	I heal	43
	therapeutic	
Ἰδουδαία, -ας, ἡ	Judea	43
σεαυτοῦ, -ῆς	of yourself	43
σπέρμα, -ατος, τό	seed	43
	sperm	
φωνέω	I call	43
	phono-graph	

Set 38

ἀνάστασις, -εως, ἡ	resurrection	42
ἐγγίζω	I come near	42
Ιάκωβος, -ου, ὁ	James	42
καινός, -ή, -όν	new	42
λύω	I loose, destroy	42
μέρος, -ους, τό	part	42
πάσχω	I suffer, endure	42
ἄξιος, -α, -ον	worthy, comparable	41
	axiom	
ἐργάζομαι	I work	41
	energy	
εὐλογέω	I bless	41
	eulogy	

Set 39

πάντοτε	always	41
παρίστημι	I am present, approach, stand by	41
σήμερον	today	41
τέσσαρες, -α	four	41
τιμή, -ῆς, ἡ	honor, price	41
	Timothy (honoring God)	
χωρίς (Gen.)	without, apart from (prep.; Gen.)	41
χωρίς	separately, by itself (adv.)	
έτοιμάζω	I prepare	40
κλαίω	I weep	40
λογίζομαι	I calculate, account, reckon	40

logistics

Set 40

μισέω	I hate	40
μνημεῖον, -ου, τό	misogamy (hatred of marriage)	
οἰκοδομέω	tomb, monument	40
δύλιγος, -η, -ον	I build, edify, erect	40
τέλος,-ους, τό	small, few	40
ἄπτω	oligarchy (rule by the few)	
δικαιόω	end, goal	40
ἐπιτίθημι	tele-scope	
θύρα, -ας, ḥ	I touch (Mid.)	39
ἴκανός, -ή, -όν	haptic	
	I justify, pronounce righteous	39
	I lay upon, inflict upon	39
	door	39
	sufficient, able, considerable	39

Set 41

περισσεύω	I abound, am rich	39
πλανάω	I lead astray, misguide	39
	planet (wandering heavenly body)	
πράσσω	I do, perform	39
	praxis	
πρόβατον, -ου, τό	sheep	39
ἐπιθυμία, -ας, ḥ	desire, passion	38
εὐχαριστέω	I give thanks	38
	Eucharist	
πειράζω	I test, tempt	38
πέντε	five	38
	penta-gon	
ὑποτάσσω	I subject, subordinate	38
ἄρχων, -οντος, ὁ	ruler	37
	monarch	

Set 42

βούλομαι	I wish, want, determine	37
διάβολος, -ον	slanderous (adj.); Devil (noun)	37
	diabolical	
διακονέω	I serve, minister, wait upon	37
	deacon	
ἐμαυτοῦ, -ῆς	of myself	37
καυχάομαι	I boast	37
μαρτυρία, -ας, ḥ	witness, testimony	37
παραγίνομαι	I come, arrive	37
ἀγρός, -οῦ, ὁ	field, country	36

ἀρτί	agrarian	
ἐπιστρέφω	now, just now, immediately	36
	I turn to, return	36

Set 43

εὐθέως	immediately	36
καλῶς	well, beautifully	36
ὀργή, -ῆς, ἡ	anger	36
οὖς, ὥτος, τό	ear	36
περιτομή, -ῆς, ἡ	circumcision	36
προσευχή, -ῆς, ἡ	prayer	36
σατανᾶς, -ᾶ, ὁ	Satan	36
Φίλιππος, -ου, ὁ	Philip	36
ὡσπερ	just as, even as	36
Ἰωσήφ, ὁ	Joseph	35

Set 44

μάρτυς, -υρος, ὁ	witness	35
ὁπίσω (Gen.)	behind, after (Gen.)	35
ὁφείλω	I owe, ought	35
ὑποστρέφω	I return, turn back	35
ἄπας, -ασα, -αν	all	34
βιβλίον, -ου, τό	book, scroll	34
	Bible	
βλασφημέω	I blaspheme, revile	34
διακονία, -ας, ἡ	service, ministry	34
	deacon	
μέλος,-ους, τό	member, part	34
μετανοέω	I repent, change my mind	34

Set 45

μήτε	neither, and not, nor	34
οἶνος, -ου, ὁ	wine	34
πτωχός, -ή, -όν	poor	34
ἀρνέομαι	I deny, refuse	33
ἀσθενέω	I am weak, sick, powerless	33
δείκνυμι	I show, explain	33
διαθήκη, -ης, ἡ	covenant, decree	33
ἐκπορεύομαι	I go out	33
ναί	yes, truly	33
ποῖοις, -α, -ον	of what sort, what? which?	33

Set 46

ἀκάθαρτος, -ον	unclean, impure	32
ἀναγινώσκω	I read, read aloud	32
δυνατός, -ή, -όν	powerful, able, possible	32

έχθρος, -ά, -όν	dynamite	
παραγγέλλω	hostile (adj.); enemy (noun)	32
ύπομονή, -ῆς, ἡ	I command, order, charge	32
ἡλιος, -ου, ὁ	patience, endurance	32
ἀνεμος, -ου, ὁ	sun	32
ἐγγύς	wind	31
ἐλπίζω	near	31
	I hope	31

Set 47

ἔξεστι	it is lawful	31
ἱερεύς, -έως, ὁ	priest	31
καθαρίζω	I cleanse, purify	31
	catharize	
παρρησία, -ας, ἡ	boldness, confidence	31
πλῦθος, -ους, τό	multitude	31
πλήν	but, however (adv.)	31
πλήν (Gen.)	except (prep.; Gen.)	31
ποτήριον, -ου, τό	cup	31
σκότος, -ους, τό	darkness	31
φαίνω	I shine, appear	31

Set 48

φυλάσσω	I guard, protect	31
φυλή, -ῆς, ἡ	tribe, nation	31
	phylum (large class of animals)	
ἀγοράζω	I buy	30
	agora (market)	
ἀρνίον, -ου, τό	lamb	30
διδαχή, -ῆς, ἡ	teaching	30
	didactic	
ἐπικαλέω	I call, name; invoke (Mid.)	30
όμοιώς	likewise, so	30
συνείδησις, -εως, ἡ	conscience	30
συνέρχομαι	I come together	30
γνῶσις, -εως, ἡ	knowledge, wisdom	29
	gnostics	

Set 49

διάκονος, -ου, ὁ, ἡ	servant, deacon	29
ἔλεέω	I have mercy	29
ἐπιτιμάω	I rebuke, warn	29
Ἐλιάς, -ου, ὁ	Elijah	29
ἴδε	look! behold!	29
ἰσχυρός, -ά, -όν	strong, mighty	29
Καῖσαρ, -αρος, ὁ	Caesar	29

μάχαιρα, -ης, ἡ	sword	29
μισθός, -οῦ, ὁ	wages, reward	29
παράκλησις, -εως, ἡ	exhortation, consolation	29

Set 50

παρέρχομαι	I pass by, pass away, arrive	29
πάσχα, τό	Passover	29
πόθεν	from where?	29
ποτέ	at some time, once, ever	29
προσκαλέομαι	I summon, invite, call	29
σκανδαλίζω	I cause to stumble, cause to sin scandalize	29
φεύγω	I flee, escape	29
φίλος, -η, -ον	fugitive loving, beloved, friend	29
ἀγιάζω	biblio-phile (loves books)	
ἀδικέω	I consecrate, make holy, sanctify	28
	I wrong, do wrong	28

Set 51

ἀληθίνος, -ή, -όν	true	28
Βαρναβᾶς, -ᾶ, ὁ	Barnabas	28
γαμέω	I marry	28
ἡγέομαι	mono-gamy	
θυγάτηρ, -τρός, ἡ	I am chief, think, regard	28
θυσία, -ας, ἡ	daughter, girl	28
ἰσχύω	sacrifice, offering	28
μυστήριον, -ου, τό	I am strong, able, healthy	28
νικάω	mystery, secret	28
πλούσιος, -α, -ον	mystery I conquer, win	28
	Nicho-las (conquer people)	
	rich	28

Set 52

προφητεύω	I prophesy, preach	28
τελέω	I finish, complete, fulfill	28
χώρα, -ας, ἡ	country, region	28
βαστάζω	I bear, carry	27
ἐκεῖθεν	from that place	27
ἐκχέω	I pour out, shed	27
ἔλεος, -ους, τό	mercy	27
ἐνδύω	I put on, clothe, dress	27
Ἰακώβ, ὁ	Jacob	27
καθαρός,-ά, -όν	clean, pure	27

catharsis

Set 53

καταργέω	I abolish, bring to naught	27
κρίμα, -ατος, τό	judgment, decision	27
κώμη, -ης, ἡ	village	27
Μαρία, -ας, ἡ	Mary	27
Μαριάμ, ἡ	Mariam	27
πόσος, -η, -ον	how great? how much?	27
σός, σή, σόν	your, yours (sg.)	27
σταυρός, -οῦ, ὁ	cross	27
ἀδελφή, -ῆς, ἡ	sister	26
ἀληθής, -ές	true, honest	26

Set 54

ἀποκαλύπτω	I reveal, uncover	26
ἀσθενής, -ές	apocalypse	
ἔνεκα / ἔνεκεν (Gen.)	weak, sick, powerless	26
ἐπεί	on account of (Gen.)	26
ῆκω	when, because, since, for	26
ἰάομαι	I have come	26
λυπέω	I heal	26
ὅμνύω / ὅμνυμι	I grieve	26
ὅμοιογέω	I swear, take an oath	26
οὐπώ	I confess, declare	26
	not yet	26

Set 55

πνευματικός, -ή, -όν	spiritual	26
στρατιώτης, -ου, ὁ	soldier	26
συνίημι	I understand	26
φρονέω	I think	26
χήρα, -ας, ἡ	widow	26
ἀδικία, -ας, ἡ	unrighteousness, injustice	25
Αἴγυπτος, -ου, ἡ	Egypt	25
ἀναβλέπω	I look up, receive sight	25
γέ	indeed, really, even	25
γνωρίζω	I make known, reveal	25

Set 56

δέκα	ten	25
δένδρον, -ου, τό	deca-polis (ten-city region)	
	tree	25
	rhodo-dendron (rose tree)	
δουλεύω	I serve, obey	25
"Ελλην, -ηνος, ὁ	Greek, Gentile, heathen	25

έορτή, -ῆς, ἡ	feast	25
κελεύω	I order, command	25
λευκός, -ή, -όν	white	25
μανθάνω	I learn	25
	mathematics	
μήποτε	lest, that . . . not, perhaps	25
νεφέλη, -ης, ἡ	cloud	25

Set 57

πορνεία, -ας, ἡ	immorality, fornication	25
φιλέω	pornography	
ἀκοή, -ῆς, ἡ	I love, like	25
ἀναιρέω	report, hearing	24
ἀσθένεια, -ας, ἡ	I take up, kill	24
ἀστήρ, -έρος, ὁ	weakness, sickness	24
	star	24
ἐπιστολή, -ῆς, ἡ	asteroid	
καταλείπω	letter, epistle	24
κεῖμαι	I leave, abandon	24
νοῦς, νοός, ὁ	I lie, recline, am laid	24
	mind, intellect	24
	noetic	

Set 58

οὖ	where	24
παῖς, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ	child, boy, girl	24
πάρειμι	I have arrived, am present	24
παρουσία, -ας, ἡ	presence, arrival, coming	24
πίμπλημι	I fill	24
προσέχω	I attend to, pay attention to	24
σωτήρ, -ῆρος, ὁ	Savior	24
	soteriology (study of salvation)	
Τιμόθεος, -ου, ὁ	Timothy	24
ἀπελών, -ῶνος, ὁ	vineyard	23
ἀνάγω	I lead up; set sail (Mid.)	23

Set 59

ἄπιστος, -ον	unbelieving, faithless	23
αὐξάνω	I grow, increase	23
διότι	because, therefore, for	23
εἰκών, -όνος, ἡ	image, likeness	23
	icon	
έλευθερος, -α, -ον	free	23
ζῷον, -ου, τό	animal, living creature	23
	zoology	
θυσιαστήριον, -ου, τό	altar	23

κατηγορέω	I accuse categorize	23
κοπιάω	I labor, work hard	23
κωλύω	I forbid, hinder	23

Set 60

μιμνήσκομαι	I remember	23
νέος, -α, -ον	new, young	23
πεινάω	I hunger	23
πέραν (Gen.)	beyond (Gen.)	23
περιβάλλω	I clothe, put around	23
σκεῦος, -ους, τό	vessel, object; goods (pl.)	23
τελειώω	I fulfill, make perfect	23
χαρίζομαι	I forgive, give freely	23
χιλιάς, -άδος, ἡ	a thousand	23
ἀγνοέω	I do not know	22
	agnostic	

Set 61

ἀντί (Gen.)	instead of, for (Gen.)	22
γρηγορέω	anti-thesis	
δέομαι	I watch, keep awake	22
δοκιμάζω	I ask, beg, pray	22
ἐκλέγομαι	I prove by testing, approve	22
	I pick out, choose	22
ἐκλεκτός, -ή, -όν	eclectic	
Ἴσαιας, -ου, ὁ	chosen, elect, select	22
θεάομαι	Isaiah	22
	I see, look at	22
καθεύδω	theater	
κάκεῖνος, -η, -ο	I sleep	22
	and that one	22

Set 62

κατεργάζομαι	I work out, achieve	22
κοιλία, -ας, ἡ	belly, womb	22
Μακεδονία, -ας, ἡ	Macedonia	22
μετάνοια, -ας, ἡ	repentance	22
μηκέτι	no longer	22
πληγή, -ῆς, ἡ	plague, blow, wound	22
πλοῦτος, -ου, ὁ	wealth	22
	Pluto	
πωλέω	I sell	22
συνέδριον, -ου, τό	Sanhedrin, council	22
τεσσεράκοντα	forty	22

Set 63

βασιλεύω	I rule, reign	21
διδασκαλία, -ας, ἡ	teaching, instruction	21
ἐνεργέω	I work, produce energy	21
εὐδοκέω	I am pleased with	21
ἐφίστημι	I stand over, come upon, attack	21
θερίζω	I reap, harvest	21
καθίστημι	I set, appoint	21
λατρεύω	I serve, worship ido-latry	21
μνημονεύω	I remember mnemonics	21
πειρασμός, -οῦ, ὁ	temptation, test	21

Set 64

στρέφω	I turn, change	21
τελώνης, -ου, ὁ	tax collector	21
τιμάω	I honor	21
ὑπακούω	Timothy (honoring God)	
χιλίαρχος, -ου, ὁ	I obey, follow	21
ώσει	military tribune over 1000	21
αἰτία, -ας, ἡ	as, like, about	21
ἀκροβθστία, -ας, ἡ	cause, accusation	20
ἀργύριον, -ου, τό	uncircumcision, Gentiles	20
γένος, -ους, τό	silver, money	20
	race, family	20
	genus	

Set 65

γονεύς, -έως, ὁ	parent	20
έκατονάρχης, -ου, ὁ	centurion, captain	20
ἐπίγνωσις, -εως, ἡ	knowledge	20
ἡγεμών, -όνος, ὁ	governor, leader	20
Ἰσαάκ, ὁ	hegemony	
ἰχθύς, -ύος, ὁ	Isaac	20
νηστεύω	fish	20
νυνί	I fast	20
ξύλον, -ου, τό	now	20
προάγω	wood, tree	20
	I lead forth, go before	20

Set 66

σκηνή, -ῆς, ἡ	tent, tabernacle	20
σοφός, -ή, -όν	wise	20

τοσοῦτος, -αύτη, -οῦτον	soph-more (wise fool)	
τρέχω	so great, so much	20
ὑπηρέτης, -ου, ὁ	I run	20
ὑψόω	servant, assistant	20
ἀπέχω	I lift up, exalt	20
βάπτισμα,-ατος, τό	I have received, am distant	19
γεωργός, -οῦ, ὁ	baptism	19
διακρίνω	farmer	19
	I judge, discriminate	19

Set 67

δῶρον, -ου, τό	gift	19
ἐπαίρω	Doro-thy (gift of God)	
ἐπάνω	I lift up	19
ἐπάνω (Gen.)	above (adv.)	19
ἐπιλαμβάνομαι	over (prep.; Gen.)	19
ἐπουράνοις, -ον	I take hold of, catch, arrest	19
κοινωνία, -ας, ἡ	heavenly	19
κρείσσων / κρείττων, ον	fellowship	19
κριτής, -οῦ, ὁ	better	19
	judge	19
	critic	
κτίσις, -εως, ἡ	creation, creature	19

Set 68

μαρτύριον, -ου, τό	testimony, witness, proof	19
μεριμνάω	I am anxious, distracted	19
παλαιός, -ά, -όν	old	19
	Paleo-lithic (old stone age)	
παράπτωμα, -ατος, τό	trespass, sin	19
παρατίθημι	I set before	19
πότε	when? (adv.)	19
προφητεία, -ας, ἡ	prophecy	19
τέλειος, -α, -ον	complete, perfect	19
ἀληθῶς	truly	18
Ἀντιόχεια, -ας, ἡ	Antioch	18

Set 69

ἀποκάλυψις, -εως, ἡ	revelation	18
ἀπώλεια, -ας, ἡ	apocalypse	
ἀριθμός, -οῦ, ὁ	destruction	18
	number	18
	arithmetic	
Ἀσία, -ας, ἡ	Asia (province in west Turkey)	18
βλασφημία, -ας, ἡ	blasphemy, slander	18
δέησις, -εως, ἡ	entreaty, petition	18

δεσμός, -οῦ, ὁ	fetter, bond	18
εἰσπορεύομαι	I enter, go in	18
ἐπιβάλλω	I lay on, put on	18
ἐπιτρέπω	I permit	18

Set 70

θυμός, -οῦ, ὁ	wrath, anger	18
καταγγέλλω	I proclaim	18
κατακρίνω	I condemn	18
κενός, -ή, -όν	empty, vain	18
κληρονομέω	I inherit	18
κοιμάομαι	I sleep	18
κόπος, -ου, ὁ	labor, trouble	18
κρύπτω	I conceal, hide	18
	cryptic	
μήν, μηνός, ὁ	month	18
οἰκοδομή, -ῆς, ἡ	building, edification	18

Set 71

παραχρῆμα	immediately	18
ποιμήν, -ενος, ὁ	shepherd	18
πόλεμος, -ου, ὁ	war, conflict	18
	polemics	
πολλάκις	often, frequently	18
προστίθημι	I add to, add	18
πυλών, -ῶνος, ὁ	gateway, entrance, vestibule	18
στέφανος, -ου, ὁ	crown, wreath	18
	Stephen	
ταχύ	quickly, at once, soon	18
τίκτω	I give birth to, bear	18
φανερός, -ά, -όν	manifest, visible	18

Set 72

χρύσεος, -α, -ον	golden	18
ἀνάγκη, -ης, ἡ	necessity	17
ἀρέσκω	I please	17
ἄφεσις, -εως, ἡ	pardon, remission	17
βρῶμα, -ατος, τό	food,	17
έκατόν	one hundred	17
ἐλέγχω	I convict, reprove, expose	17
ἐξίστημι	I amaze, am amazed, confuse	17
ἔπαυριον	tomorrow	17
ἔτοιμος, -η, -όν	ready, prepared	17

Set 73

θησαυρός, -οῦ, ὁ	treasure, storehouse	17
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ἵππος, -ου, ὁ	thesaurus	
Καισάρεια, -ας, ἡ	horse	17
κἄν	hippo-potamus (river horse)	
καταλύω	Caesarea	17
κατέχω	and if	17
κερδαίνω	I destroy, I lodge	17
κρυπτός, -ή, -όν	I hold back, suppress, hold fast	17
μέχρι / μέχρις	I gain, profit	17
μέχρι / μέχρις (Gen.)	hidden	17
	cryptic	
	until (conj.)	17
	as far as (prep.; Gen.)	17

Set 74

μήτι	(used for questions expecting negative answer)	17
νίπτω	I wash	17
περιτέμνω	I circumcise	17
πλήρωμα, -ατος, τό	fullness	17
πλησίον	neighbor (noun); near (adv.)	17
ποταμός, -οῦ, ὁ	river	17
ῥίζα, -ης, ἡ	hippo-potamus	
ῥύομαι	root, source	17
ταράσσω	I rescue, deliver	17
ὑποκριτής, -οῦ, ὁ	I trouble, disturb	17
	hypocrite	17

Set 75

ύπομένω	I remain, endure	17
χάρισμα, -ατος, τό	gift, favor	17
ὦ	O!	17
ώσαύτως	likewise, similarly	17
ἀθετέω	I reject, nullify	16
ἀνακρίνω	I examine, question, judge	16
γάμιος, -ου, ὁ	marriage, wedding	16
	mono-gamy	
δεῖπνον, -ου, τό	supper	16
δέσμιος, -ου, ὁ	prisoner	16
δηνάριον, -ου, τό	denarius (silver coin)	16

Set 76

διαλογίζομαι	I debate, reason	16
	dialogue	
διατάσσω	I command, order	16
διψάω	I thirst	16
ἐκτείνω	I stretch out	16

	extend	
ἐμβαίνω	I embark, go in	16
ἔπειτα	then	16
ἐπιθυμέω	I desire	16
ἐπιμένω	I continue, persist	16
ἔργάτης, -ου, ὁ	workman	16
εὐλογία, -ας, ἡ	blessing, praise	16
	eulogy	

Set 77

"Ἐφεσος, -ου, ἡ	Ephesus	16
ζῆλος, -ου, ὁ	zeal, jealousy	16
κακῶς	badly	16
κατέρχομαι	I come down, go down	16
Καραρναούμ, ἡ	Capernaum	16
κλείω	I shut, lock	16
κλέπτης, -ου, ὁ	thief	16
λύπη, -ης, ἡ	grief, pain	16
νυμφίος, -ου, ὁ	bridegroom	16
οὐδέποτε	never	16

Set 78

πάθημα, -ατος, τό	suffering	16
παρέχω	pathological, apathy	
πλήρης, -ες	I offer, afford	16
προσδοκάω	full	16
σκοτία, -ας, ἡ	I wait for, expect	16
συκῆ, -ῆς, ἡ	darkness	16
συλλαμβάνω	fig tree	16
συνίστημι	I seize, conceive, arrest	16
σφραγίς, -ῖδος, ἡ	I commend (Trans.); stand with	16
τέρας, ἄτος, τό	(Intrans.)	
	seal	16
	wonder, omen	16

Set 79

τολμάω	I dare	16
τροφή, -ῆς, ἡ	food	16
ύστερέω	I lack, miss	16
χορτάζω	I eat to the full, am satisfied	16
ἀνέχομαι	I endure	15
ἀνομία, -ας, ἡ	lawlessness	15
ἀπάγω	I lead away	15
γεύομαι	I taste, eat	15
γνωστός, -ή, -όν	known	15

γυμνός, -ή, -όν	naked	15
	gymnasium	

Set 80

Δαμασκός, -οῦ, ἡ	Damascus	15
δέρω	I beat	15
διαμαρτύρομαι	I warn, testify solemnly	15
εἶτα	then, next	15
έλαια, -ας, ἡ	olive tree	15
ἐντέλλομαι	I command	15
ἐπαγγέλλομαι	I promise, announce	15
εὐσέβεια, -ας, ἡ	piety, godliness	15
εὐχαριστία, -ας, ἡ	thanksgiving	15
θρίξ, τριχός, ἡ	Eucharist	
	hair	15

Set 81

Ἰορδάνης, -ου, ὁ	Jordan	15
καταλαμβάνω	I overtake, catch, seize	15
κληρονόμος, -ου, ὁ	heir	15
κτίζω	I create, make	15
Λάζαρος, -ου, ὁ	Lazarus	15
λῃστής, -οῦ, ὁ	robber	15
μοιχεύω	I commit adultery	15
νήπιος, -α, -ον	infant, child	15
νομίζω	I suppose, think	15
ξηραίνω	I dry up, wither	15

Set 82

ὅθεν	whence, from where	15
οἰκουμένη, -ης, ἡ	world (inhabited), people	15
	ecumenical	
όμοιόω	I make like, liken, compare	15
ὄψιος, -α, -ον	late, evening	15
παρθένος, -ου, ἡ	virgin	15
παύω	I cease, stop	15
πέτρα, -ας, ἡ	rock	15
ποτίζω	I give to drink, water	15
πώς	at all, somehow	15
ῥαββί, ὁ	master, rabbi	15

Set 83

σαλεύω	I shake	15
Σαῦλος, -ου, ὁ	Saul	15
σκάνδαλον, -ου, τό	cause of stumbling, trap, temptation	15
συμφέρω	I bring together	15

σφραγίζω	I seal, mark	15
τράρπεζα, -ης, ḥ	table	15
τύπος, -ου, ὁ	mark, image, example	15
	type	
ὑπακοή, -ῆς, ḥ	obedience	15
χόρτος, -ου, ὁ	grass, hay	15
ώφελέω	I profit, benefit	15

Set 84

ἄκανθα, -ης, ḥ	thorn	14
ἀλλότριος, -α, -ον	another's, strange	14
ἀμφότεροι, -αι, -α	both	14
ἀναγγέλλω	I announce, report	14
ἀνάκειμαι	I recline (at table)	14
ἀναχωρέω	I depart	14
ἀνθίστημι	I resist, oppose	14
ἄπαξ	once, once for all	14
	hapax legomena (word used only once)	
ἀπειθέω	I disbelieve, disobey	14
ἀρπάζω	I seize	14
	harpoon	

Set 85

ἀτενίζω	I look intently, gaze upon	14
αὔριον	tomorrow	14
ἀφίστημι	I withdraw, depart	14
γράμμα, -ατος, τό	letter (of the alphabet), writings	14
διαλογισμός, -οῦ, ὁ	reasoning, questioning	14
	dialogue	
ἐλάχιστος, -η, -ον	least, smallest	14
ἐνιαυτός, -οῦ, ὁ	year	14
ἐπίσταμαι	I understand	14
	epistemology	
εὐφραίνω	I rejoice	14
θύω	I sacrifice, kill	14

Set 86

κατανοέω	I observe, notice, consider	14
κατεσθίω	I eat up, devour	14
κλάω	I break	14
	icono-clast (breaks icons)	
κληρονομία, -ας, ḥ	inheritance	14
κοινός, -ή, -όν	common, unclean	14
κοινόω	I make common, defile	14
κωφός, -ή, -όν	deaf, dumb	14
λύχνος, -ου, ὁ	lamp	14

μακρόθεν	from afar, afar	14
μακροθυμία, -ας, ἡ	patience, steadfastness	14

Set 87

μερίζω	I divide, separate	14
μέτρον, -ου, τό	measure, quantity meter	14
μύρον, -ου, τό	ointment, perfume	14
νοέω	I understand	14
ξένος, -η, -ον	noetic strange, foreign, alien	14
οἷος, -α, -ον	xeno-phobia	
ὄφις, -εως ὁ	such as, as	14
πετεινόν, -οῦ, τό	snake	14
προσδέχομαι	bird	14
Σαδδουκαῖος, -ου, ὁ	I receive, wait for	14
	Sadducee	14

Set 88

σεισμός, -οῦ, ὁ	earthquake	14
σῖτος, -ου, ὁ	seismograph	
τάλαντον, -ου, τό	wheat, grain	14
ταπεινώω	talent (Greek large monetary unit)	14
φρόνιμος, -ον	I humble	14
φύσις, -εως, ἡ	prudent, wise	14
χωλός, -ή, -όν	nature	14
ἀνά	physics	
ἀναλαμβάνω	lame, crippled	14
ἀναστροφή, -ῆς, ἡ	upward, up; each (with numerals)	13
	I take up	13
	conduct, behavior	13

Set 89

Ἀνδρέας, -ου, ὁ	Andrew	13
ἄνωθεν	from above, again	13
δαιμονίζομαι	I am possessed by a demon	13
διαλέγομαι	demonize	
διαφέρω	I dispute	13
δράκων, -οντος, ὁ	dialectics	
ἐκπλήσσομαι	I differ, carry through	13
ἐλεημοσύνη, -ης, ἡ	dragon, serpent	13
ἐμπαίζω	I am astonished, amazed	13
ἕξ	alms, kind deed	13
	I mock	13
	six	13

hexa-gon

Set 90

ἐξαποστέλλω	I send forth	13
ἔξωθεν	from without	13
ἐπιζητέω	I search for	13
ζύμη, -ης, ἡ	yeast, leaven	13
θερισμός, -οῦ, ὁ	harvest	13
θερισμός, -οῦ, ὁ		
καθάπερ	even as, as	13
καπνός, -οῦ, ὁ	smoke	13
καταισχύνω	I put to shame	13
καταντάω	I come to, arrive	13
καταρτίζω	I mend, fit, perfect	13

Set 91

κλέπτω	I steal	13
Μάρθα, -ας, ἡ	clepto-mania	
Ναζωραῖος, -ου, ὁ	Martha	13
παιδεύω	Nazarene, from Nazareth	13
παιδίσκη, -ης, ἡ	I teach, train, educate	13
παράδοσις, -εως, ἡ	pedagogue	
πρίν	maidservant	13
στηρίζω	tradition	13
συνεργός, -όν	before	13
τίμιος, -α, -ον	I establish, support	13
	fellow worker, helper	13
	precious, costly	13

Set 92

Τίτος, -ου, ὁ	Titus	13
τρόπος, -ου, ὁ	manner, way	13
τύπτω	trope in rhetoric	
ὕψιστος, -η, -ον	I smite, hit	13
Φῆστος, -ου, ὁ	highest	13
χωρίζω	Festus	13
ἄδικος, -ον	I separate, depart	13
ἀλέκτωρ, -ορος, ὁ	unjust, dishonest	12
ἀναπαύω	rooster, cock	12
ἀναπίπτω	I refresh; take rest (Mid.)	12
	I recline	12

Set 93

ἀσκός, -οῦ, ὁ	wineskin, leather bottle	12
αὐλή, -ῆς, ἡ	courtyard, palace	12
Βαβυλών, -ῶνος, ἡ	Babylon	12

βαπτιστής, -οῦ, ὁ	baptist	12
βασανίζω	I torment	12
Βηθανία, -ας, ἡ	Bethany	12
βῆμα, -ατος, τό	judgment seat	12
βοάω	I cry aloud	12
βουλή, -ῆς, ἡ	counsel, purpose	12
βροντή, -ῆς, ἡ	thunder	12

Set 94

γέεννα, -ης, ἡ	Gehenna, hell, Hinnom valley	12
γόνυ, -ατος, τό	knee	12
δεύτε	come!	12
διάνοια, -ας, ἡ	the mind, understanding	12
δίκτυον, -ου, τό	fish net	12
ἔθος, -ους, τό	custom	12
ἔμβλέπω	ethos	12
ἐξάγω	I look at, consider	12
ἔσωθεν	I lead out, bring out	12
Ζεβεδαῖος, -ου, ὁ	from within, within	12
	Zebedee	12

Set 95

θεμέλιος, -ου, ὁ	foundation	12
καίω	I burn	12
	caustic	
κάλαμος, -ου, ὁ	reed, measuring rod	12
κατακαίω	I burn down, consume	12
κατάκειμαι	I lie down, dine	12
κολλάομαι	I unite, join	12
κράτος, -ους, τό	power, might, rule	12
	demo-cracy	
λίαν	greatly, exceedingly, very	12
λιμός, -οῦ, ὁ / ἡ	hunger, famine	12
λυχνία, -ας, ἡ	lampstand	12

Set 96

Μαγδαληνή, -ῆς, ἡ	Magdalene	12
μάλιστα	especially, above all	12
μεταβαίνω	I depart, pass over	12
μωρός, -ά, -όν	foolish, fool	12
	moron	
Ναζαρέθ, Ναζαρέτ	Nazareth	12
όδούς, ὁδόντος, ὁ	tooth	12
οἰκοδεσπότης, -ου, ὁ	householder, house master	12
ὄραμα, -ατος, τό	vision	12
ὅριον, -ου, τό	boundary, region	12

παραιτέομαι	horizon I make excuse, refuse, reject	12
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Set 97

περισσοτέρως	more abundantly	12
πιάζω	I take, seize	12
πληθύνω	I multiply, increase	12
πλουτέω	I am rich, generous	12
πόρνη, -ης, ἡ	pluto-crat prostitute	12
προεῖπον	pornography	
πρόθεσις, -εως, ἡ	I foretell	12
προσλαμβάνω	setting forth, plan, purpose	12
πρωΐ	I receive, accept	12
πυνθάνομαι	early, in the morning	12
	I inquire, ask	12

Set 98

πῶλος, -ου, ὁ	colt	12
ῥάβδος, -ου, ἡ	rod, scepter	12
Ῥωμαῖος, -α, -ον	Roman	12
σαλπίζω	I sound the trumpet	12
Σιλᾶς, -ᾶς, ὁ	Silas	12
Σολομών, -ῶνος, ὁ	Solomon	12
σπλαγχνίζομαι	I have compassion, pity	12
σπουδή, -ῆς, ἡ	haste, diligence	12
συνέχω	I torment, oppress	12
τρίς	three times	12
	thrice	

Set 99

τυγχάνω	I obtain, happen	12
ύγιαίνω	I am healthy	12
ὕστερος, -α, -ον	hygiene	
φιάλη, -ης, ἡ	later, finally	12
φονεύω	cup, bowl	12
χοῖρος, -ου, ὁ	I kill, murder	12
χρυσίον, -ου, τό	pig	12
ψεύδομαι	gold	12
ἀγαλλιάω	I lie	12
ἀγορά, -ᾶς, ἡ	I exult, am glad	11
	marketplace	11

Set 100

Ἀγρίππας, -α, ὁ	Agrippa	11
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ἄλθσις, -εως, ἡ	chain	11
Ἀνανίας, -ου, ὁ	Ananias	11
ἀνατολή, -ῆς, ἡ	east, dawn	11
ἀντιλέγω	I speak against, oppose	11
ἀπαρνέομαι	I deny	11
ἀπιστία, -ας, ἡ	unbelief	11
ἀρχαῖος, -α, -ον	old, ancient	11
	archaic	
ἄφρων, -ον	foolish, ignorant	11
Βαραβᾶς, -ᾶς, ὁ	Barabbas	11

Set 101

βρῶσις, -εως, ἡ	eating, food, rust	11
Γαλιλαῖος, -α, -ον	Galilean	11
γέμω	I fill	11
διαμερίζω	I divide, distribute	11
δόλος, -ου, ὁ	guile, deceit	11
δωρεά, -ᾶς, ἡ	gift	11
ἐάω	I permit, let go	11
εἴδωλον, -ου, τό	image, idol	11
εἴκοσι	twenty	11
εἰάγω	I lead in	11

Set 102

ἔλαιον, -ου, τό	olive oil	11
ἔλευθερία, -ας, ἡ	liberty, freedom	11
ἐνδείκνυμι	I show forth, demonstrate	11
ἐξουθενέω	I despise	11
ἔπαινος, -ου, ὁ	praise	11
ἔπαισχύνομαι	I am ashamed	11
ἐπιπίτω	I fall upon, come upon	11
ἐπισκέπτομαι	I visit, care for	11
Ζαχαρίας, -ου, ὁ	Zechariah	11
ζηλόω	I am zealous	11

Set 103

ζωοποιέω	I make alive	11
θανατώω	I put to death, kill	11
	thanatology	
θάπτω	I bury	11
Θωμᾶς, -ᾶς, ὁ	Thomas	11
Ἰσκαριώθ, Ἰσκαριώτης, ὁ	Iscariot	11
κακία, -ας, ἡ	malice, evil	11
καταβολή, -ῆς, ἡ	foundation	11
κατασκευάζω	I prepare	11
καύχημα, -ατος, τό	boasting, pride	11

καύχησις, -εως, ἡ

boasting, pride

11

Set 104

κέρας,-ατος, τό
κλάδος, -ου, ό
κλῆρος, -ου, ό
κλῆσις, -εως, ἡ
κράβαττος, -ου, ό
λίμνη, -ης, ἡ
μετρέω
νεανίσκος, -ου, ό
νόσος, -ου, ἡ
όμοιθυμαδόν

horn
branch
lot, portion
call, calling
mattress, bed
lake
I measure, apportion
youth, young person
disease
with one mind, together

Set 105

πηγή, -ῆς, ἡ
ποιμαίνω
πρᾶγμα, -ατος, τό¹

πραΰτης, -ητος, ἡ
πρότερος, -α, -ον
σάλπιγξ,-ιγγος, ἡ
Σαμάρεια, -ας, ἡ
σπλάγχνον,-ου, τό
σπουδάζω
συγγενής, -ές

spring, fountain
I shepherd, protect, rule
deed, matter
pragmatic
gentleness, humility
former, before
trumpet
Samaria
bowels, heart, compassion
I hasten, am eager
kindred (adj.); a relative (noun)

Set 106

σφόδρα
σχίζω

τελευτάω
τριάκοντα
Τύρος, -ου, ἡ
ύγιής, -ές
ύμετερος, -α, -ον
ύποκάτω
ύψηλός, -ή, -όν
φυτεύω

exceedingly, greatly
I split, divide, tear
schism
I die
thirty
Tyre
healthy, whole
your
under, below
high, exalted, proud
I plant

Set 107

φωτίζω
χείρων, -ον
χίλιοι, -αι, -α

χιτών, -ῶνος, ό

I give light, enlighten
worse, more severe
thousand
chiliasm (millenarianism)
tunic, shirt

χράομαι	I use, employ	11
ψευδορποφήτης, -ου, ὁ	false prophet	11
ἀγιασμός, -οῦ, ὁ	sanctification, holiness	10
ἄδης, -ου, ὁ	Hades (hell)	10
ἀδύνατος, -ον	powerless, incapable, impossible	10
ἀκαθαρσία, -ας, ἡ	uncleanness, impurity	10

Set 108

ἄμα	at the same time, together	10
ἀναφέρω	I bring up, offer	10
ἀπολαμβάνω	I take aside, receive	10
Ἀπολλῶς, -ῶ, ὁ	Apollos	10
ἀπολογέομαι	I defend myself	10
ἀπολύτρωσις, -εως, ἡ	apology	
ἀσέλγεια, -ας, ἡ	redemption, release	10
ἀσπασμός, -οῦ, ὁ	sensuality, licentiousness	10
ἀφαιρέω	greeting	10
ἀφορίζω	I take away, cut off	10
	I separate	10
	aphorism (proverb)	

Set 109

Ἀχαΐα, -ας, ἡ	Achaia	10
βίβλος, -ου, ἡ	book	10
βίος, -ου, ὁ	Bible	
δάλρυνον, -ου, τό	life	10
δεσπότης, -ου, ὁ	bio-logy	
δικαιώματος, -οῦ, τό	tear, weeping	10
διωγμός, -οῦ, ὁ	master, lord	10
ἐγκαταλείπω	despot	
ἐκκόπτω	regulation, righteous deed	10
ἐκπίπτω	persecution	10
	I leave behind, forsake	10
	I cut out, cut off	10
	I fall away, fail	10

Set 110

ἐμφανίζω	I manifest, reveal	10
ἔνατος, -η, -ον	ninth	10
ἔνοχος, -ον	involved in, liable, guilty	10
ἐντεῦθεν	from here, from this	10
ἕξ	six	10
ἕξιμολογεω	hexagon	
ἐπειδή	I confess, promise, admit	10
ἐπιτάσσω	since, because, when	10
	I order, command	10

ἐπιτελέω	I complete, finish, perform	10
θλίβω	I press, oppress	10

Set 111

Ἰόππη, -ης, ἡ	Joppa	10
ἰσχύς, -ύος, ἡ	strength, power	10
κάκεῖ	and there	10
κάκεῖθεν	and from there, and then	10
κλητός, -ή, -όν	called	10
κοινωνός, -οῦ, ὁ	partner, sharer	10
κομίζω	I receive	10
κοσμέω	I adorn, put in order	10
μακροθυμέω	I am patient	10
μέλει	it is a care	10

Set 112

ξενίζω	I entertain, startle	10
ὅδε, ἥδε, τόδε	this (here)	10
οἰκονόμος, -ον, ὁ	steward, manager	10
ὄνομάζω	I name	10
όντως	onomasticon (list of names)	
ὅρκος, -ου, ὁ	really	10
παντοκράτωρ, -ορος, ὁ	oath	10
παράγω	ruler of all, Almighty	10
παραλυτικός, -ή, -όν	I pass by	10
παρεμβολή, -ῆς, ἡ	lame, paralytic	10
	camp, army, fortress	10

Set 113

πατάσσω	I strike, hit	10
πενθέω	I grieve	10
περιστερά, -ᾶς, ἡ	pigeon, dove	10
πλάνη, -ῆς, ἡ	wandering, error	10
	planet	
πλατεῖα, -ας, ἡ	street	10
πλεονεξία, -ας, ἡ	greediness, covetousness	10
ποικίλος, -η, -ον	varied, diverse	10
πόρνος, -ου, ὁ	fornicator, immoral person	10
προσκαρτερέω	I continue in/with	10
πύλη, -ῆς, ἡ	gate, door	10

Set 114

σέβω	I worship	10
σιγάω	I am silent	10
σιωπάω	I am silent	10
στήκω	I stand, stand fast	10

στρατηγός, -οῦ, ὁ	commander, captain	10
συζητέω	I discuss, dispute	10
σύνδουλος, -ου, ὁ	fellow slave	10
σφάζω	I slay, murder	10
ταχέως	quickly	10
τέταρτος, -η, -ον	fourth	10

Set 115

ύπαντάω	I meet, go to meet	10
ύπόδημα, -ατος, τό	sandal	10
φείδομαι	I spare, refrain	10
χρηστότης, -ητος, ἡ	goodness, kindness	10
χρυσός, -οῦ, ὁ	gold	10
χωρέω	I make room, give way	10
χωρίον, -ου, τό	place, field	10
ψεῦδος, -ους, τό	lie, falsehood	10
	pseudo-	
ψεύστης, -ου, ὁ	liar	10
ἄβυσσος, -ου, ἡ	abyss, underworld	10

Set 116

ἀγαθοποιέω	I do good	10
Ἄδαμ, ὁ	Adam	9
ἄζυμος, -ον	unleavened	9
αἵρεσις, -εως, ἡ	sect, faction	9
ἀκριβῶς	accurately, carefully	9
ἀλείφω	I anoint	9
ἄμπελος, -ου, ἡ	vine	9
ἀναγκάζω	I compel, urge	9
ἀναστρέφω	I overturn, behave	9
ἀνατέλλω	I rise, spring up	9

Set 117

ἄνομος, -ον	lawless	9
ἀντιλέγω	I oppose, contradict	9
ἄνω	above, upward	9
ἀπαρχή, -ῆς, ἡ	firstfruits, first	9
ἀποδοκιμάζω	I reject	9
ἀποστρέφω	I turn away	9
ἀποτίθημι	I take off, lay aside	9
ἄρσην, -εν	male	9
ἀρχισυνάγωγος, -ου, ὁ	synagogue leader	9
ἀσεβής, -ές	godless, impious	9

Set 118

ἀστραπή, -ῆς, ἡ	lightning	9
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βόσκω	I feed, graze	9
γαστήρ, -τρός, ἡ	belly, womb	9
	gastric ulcer	
γνώμη, -ης, ἡ	purpose, opinion	9
γωνία,-ας, ἡ	corner	9
διασκορπίζω	I scatter	9
διατρίβω	I stay, remain	9
δωρέαν	as a gift, undeservedly	9
ἔβδομος, -η, -ον	seventh	9
εἰδωλόθυτος, -ον	idol meat	9

Set 119

ἐκδίκησις, -εως, ἡ	vengeance, punishment	9
Ἐλισάβετ, ἡ	Elizabeth	9
ἐντρέπω	I make ashamed	9
έξήκοντα	sixty	9
ἐπέρχομαι	I come upon, appear, attack	9
ἐπιδίδωμι	I hand over, deliver, surrender	9
ἐπιποθέω	I desire	9
ἔρις, -ιδος, ἡ	strife	9
ἔσω	in, inside	9
εὐάρεστος, -ον	pleasing	9

Set 120

εὐδοκία, -ας, ἡ	favor, good will	9
εὐώνυμος, -ον	left (as opposed to right)	9
θνήσκω	I die	9
Ἰσραηλίτης, -ου, ὁ	Israelite	9
Ἰωνᾶς, -ᾶ, ὁ	Jonah	9
καθαιρέω	I tear down, conquer, destroy	9
Καϊάφας, -α, ὁ	Caiaphas	9
κατάγω	I bring down	9
κατάπαυσις, -εως, ἡ	rest	9
καταφρονέω	I despise, look down on	9

Set 121

κάτω	below, down	9
κήρυγμα, -ατος, τό	proclamation, preaching	9
	kerygma	
Κηφᾶς, -ᾶ, ὁ	Cephas	9
κίνδυνος, -ου, ὁ	danger, risk	9
κλάσμα, -ατος, τό	crumb	9
κλαυθμός, -οῦ, ὁ	crying	9
κλίνη, -ης, ἡ	bed, couch	9
κρούω	I knock	9
λαμπάς, -άδος, ἡ	lamp	9

λαμπρός, -ά, -όν	bright, shining	9
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Set 122

λεπρός, -ά, -όν	leprous	9
λέων, -οντος, ό	lion	9
λιθάζω	I stone	9
μακράν	far away from	9
μαγαρίτης, -ου, ό	pearl	9
μεστός, -ή, -όν	full	9
μεταξύ	between	9
μεταπέμπω	I send for	9
μνᾶ, μνᾶς, ἡ	mina (Greek monetary unit)	9
μονογενῆς, -ές	only, unique	9

Set 123

νῆσος, -ου, ἡ	island	9
νομικός, -ή, -όν	legal, lawyer	9
οἰκέω	I live	9
οἰκονομία, -ας, ἡ	management, office, plan	9
όνειδίζω	I reproach, insult	9
οὐράνιοις, -ον	heavenly	9
παρρησιάζομαι	I speak freely	9
περίχωρος, -ον	neighboring	9
πιπράσκω	I sell	9
πλεονάζω	I grow, increase	9

Set 124

προέρχομαι	I proceed	9
προπέμπω	I accompany	9
προσφορά, -ᾶς, ἡ	act of offering	9
Σαμαρίτης, -ου, ό	Samaritan	9
Σαούλ, ό	Saul	9
σελήνη, -ης, ἡ	moon	9
Σιδών, -ῶνος, ἡ	Sidon	9
Σόδομα, -ων, τά	Sodom	9
στάσις, -εως, ἡ	strife, rebellion	9
στολή, -ῆς, ἡ	robe	9

Set 125

τάξις,-εως, ἡ	order, position	9
τεῖχος, -ους, τό	wall	9
τρέφω	I feed, nourish, train	9
ύστερημα, -ατος, τό	need	9
Φῆλιξ, -ικος, ό	Felix	9
φρείρω	I ruin, corrupt, destroy	9
φθόνος, -ου, ό	envy, jealousy	9

φόνος, -ου, ὁ	murder	9
χάριν	for the sake of, because of	9
χρηματίζω	I warn	9

Set 126

ἀγνός, -ή, -όν	pure, holy	8
ἀγωνίζομαι	I fight, struggle	8
ἀδόκιμος, -ον	unqualified, worthless	8
αἰνέω	I praise	8
ἄλας, -ατος, τό	salt	8
ἄμωμος, -ον	blameless	8
ἀναγκαῖος, -α, -ον	necessary	8
ἀντίκειμαι	I am opposed	8
ἀπεκδέχομαι	I await eagerly	8
ἀπιστεώ	I disbelieve	8